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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

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No Sacrifice Of India's Sovereignty

NEHRU SILENCES SOCIALIST CRITICS

New Delhi Will Abide By Jaipur Decision

RELATIONSHIP WITH COMMONWEALTH COUNTRIES ON BASIS OF COMPLETE EQUALITY

NEW DELHI, January 26. (A.P.I.): The Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said here today that India's relationship with any other country of the world would not in any way impair her sovereignty.

The Prime Minister was addressing a public meeting here held in connection with "Remembrance' Day.

REPLY TO SOCIALIST CRITICS

Pandit Nehru denied the criticism of certain members of the Socialist Party that during the Commonwealth Premiers' Conference in London, he had committed India to join one or the other 'bloc' of countries in the event of a world war, and said, "India has consistently followed an independent foreign policy and has never permitted fear or favour of a powerful country to influence it."

JAIPUR DECISION STANDS

With regard to India's relations with the British Commonwealth, Pandit Nehru explained that the Government would abide by the decision taken at the Jaipur Session of the Congress.

The Prime Minister criticised the tendency these days to indulge in destructive activities and appealed for a joint and concerted effort on the part of all sections of the people to solve the economic problem facing the country.

Some people felt, Pandit Nehru added, that the independence achieved by India was not complete and that the country was still tied to the British Commonwealth.

"In my personal opinion, India's freedom is in no way circumscribed or limited even at present. In any case, in the near future, when our constitution is adopted, India will be declared a Republic and then there will be no question at all of her not being completely free.

COMPLETE EQUALITY

"The question of India's future relationship with the countries of the Commonwealth had been discussed in the Assembly, at the Congress Session in Jaipur and at various other places. Everywhere, it had been admitted that no alliance with any other country should be allowed to impair India's independence, and that relationship, if any, should be on the basis of complete equality.'

This stand, Pandit Nehru said, had been criticised by the Socialist Party of India. He however, did not feel that an alliance or relationship with another country in future was likely to detract India from her status as a sovereign country.

NO SACRIFICE OF INDEPENDENCE

In the international sphere, all along, India had followed an independent line and independence of action had not been sacrificed at any stage.

Explaining India's foreign policy, the Prime Minister said that they had kept aloof from the different groups or Power Blocs. They had always aimed at maintaining friendly relations with other countries of the world and as far as possible co-operate with them. India had, all the time, used her influence and power to lessen the possibility of conflict in the world.

"Obviously, India did not have sufficient power as to be able to mould the world after her own ideals, but at the same time, her influence could not be ignored or underestimated." India had therefore to be strong in order to be able to exercise any influence in International politics.

"Our strength at home will be reflected in our policies abroad" Pandit Nehru said.

Even though she had followed an independent line, it would not be possible for India, Pandit Nehru said to remain in complete isolation of other countries. In her actions, India had necessarily to take into account, the policy adopted by the rest of the world. Pandit Nehru cited the recent Indonesian Conference in Delhi as an example to show that India did not do anything for fear or favour of any nation.

"Our foreign policy is in no way dominated by any other nation at present and there is no reason why our freedom should not gain in strength when India becomes a Republic, said the Prime Minister.

TRIBUTE TO ARMED FORCES.

Pandit Nehru said that he visualised a bright future for India. The country had tremendous potential and human material which, if put to proper use, would get for India an enviable position. He paid tribute to the officers and men of the Indian Armed Forces, a majority of whom were "first rate men". He had seen them in action and they had acquitted themselves remarkably well.

LABOUR V. CAPITAL.

Referring to the strained relations between Labour and Capital, Pandit Nehru said that while he did not deny the labourers' right to strike, he thought that an exercise of that right during the present economic crisis would be detrimental to their own interests. It might be that the Capital had not played its part in a fairly and honourable manner, but one improper thing could not be rectified by doing another improper thing.

At a juncture like this, any attempt to limit the country's production by resorting to strikes was not only improper but also dangerous. He failed to understand how Labour could gain relief by striking work which diminished the country's wealth and capacity to afford that relief.

R.S.S. POLICY LEADS TO DISASTER.

Pandit Nehru criticised the policy of the R.S.S and said that he considered it wrong and misleading not only from the political but also from the moral standpoint. The narrow outlook preached by the R.S.S. would lead the country to disaster.

"The India of to-morrow will be great provided its people possess sound minds', he concluded.

NEHRU'S GIFT FOR HYDERABAD RELIEF

HYDERABAD (Dn.) Jan. 26 (API)—Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, heads the list of donors with the largest contribution so far of Rs. 50,000 to the Hyderabad Military Governor's Refugee Relief and Rehabilitation Funds.

Donations to the fund so far amount to Rs. 99,597-14-0.

TWO PRIME MINISTERS

The Premier of Bombay, Mr. B. G. Kher was host to Sheikh Abdullah, the Prime Minister of Kashmir and Jammu, at tea at the Secretariat, on Wednesday afternoon. The other guests present included Mr. Morarji Desai, Minister for Home and Revenue, Chief Justice Mr. M. C. Chagla of the Bombay High Court, Major-General Brar, Mr. P. V. Kane, the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay, Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. Joachim Alva, the Sheriff of Bombay, Mr. P. V. Gadgil, Editor, "Lokamanya" and Mr. S. Natarajan, Editor of the "Bombay Chronicle".

BRITAIN & U. S. SEE EYE TO EYE ON MID-EAST POLICY

Bevin Welcomes Truman's Declaration

CHURCHILL DENOUNCES "MISHANDLING" OF PALESTINE PROBLEM

LONDON, JAN. 26, (UPA)— FOREIGN SECRETARY ERNEST BEVIN ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES SEE EYE TO EYE ON THEIR BASIC MIDDLE EASTERN ECONOMIC AND SECURITY POLICY AND THAT THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN ARE DETERMINED TO PREVENT THE MIDDLE EAST FROM BECOMING A "SECOND BALKAN AREA".

He repeated his acceptance of President Truman's programme of development for backward areas, thereby linking the proposal to the Middle East.

PAKISTAN'S ROLE IN MIDDLE EAST

LONDON, Jan. 26, (Reuter):—Mr. Bevin said in the House of Commons today it would be "very unwise to ignore" the position which Pakistan will occupy in future in the politics and development of the Middle East.

That area, he said, includes Afghanistan and now stretches to Pakistan, which has emerged to full independence as a great Muslim power. Pakistan takes a vital interest in what is happening in the Middle East".

ASIAN CONFERENCE

Mr. Bevin added: "It would be very unwise also for this country to ignore the phenomenon of the recent Asian Conference in Delhi.

We believe we can maintain friendly association with the peoples of Asia, but we must recognise that Asia, as represented in the Delhi Conference, ranges from Burma to Turkey and Egypt, and that this was a calling together of countries for the first time which I believe will play a very big part as a cohesive power in the years to come, both in the United Nations and elsewhere".

Calling on Members of Parliament to "pause and reflect on the significance of these new developments" the Foreign Secretary declared: "our vital interests run through the whole of that area.

"There is also keen interest about

(Continued on Page 7)

Alleged Plan For Anglo-American Domination In Middle East

MOSCOW, Jan. 26 (UPA): 'Pravda's' international observer, M. Marinin, charged the State Department and British Foreign Office with secretly preparing a plan for Anglo-American domination both of Israel and the Arab countries.

The Anglo-American scheme supposedly provides, firstly, additional attention to and care for Turkey's position in the Middle East.

Secondly, American recognition of the importance of the system of Arab states.

Thirdly, with the latter view to draw up an agreement on Israel's borders.

'Pravda' said these secret negotiations are going on in London and Washington "behind the back of the United Nation." in spite of the fact that Israel and Egypt themselves are trying to settle their conflict in Rhodes. It added that the Anglo-Americans are doing their utmost to maintain Palestine in a chronic state of disquiet "so that England and the United States may have a formal pretext to use the Middle East as a barracks for their own troops as an instrument of their aggressive policy."

SUNSPOTS BLACK OUT WORLD RADIO COMMUNICATION

LONDON, Jan. 26 (Reuter): Sunspots and Aurora Borealis (Northern Lights) today blacked out short wave world radio communications and slowed down cable routes in one of the worst clampdowns in communications history.

News agencies and cable companies were trying desperately to keep their services functioning under these conditions, which were expected to last for two or three days.

Radio was still blacked out at noon today. Celestial conditions were so intense that even cable routes were affected by induced earth currents producing an electric static effect on the cables.

East to west communications were the most seriously affected. Transatlantic wireless circuits broke down completely last night.

NATION PAYS HOMAGE TO UNKNOWN MARTYRS

No Communal Politics In Secular State, Says Abdullah

COUNTRYWIDE CELEBRATIONS OF REMEMBRANCE DAY

BOMBAY, WEDNESDAY.

MAMMOTH GATHERING OF OVER 80,000 PEOPLE ASSEMBLED AT CHAUPATY SANDS THIS EVENING HEARD SHEIKH MOHAMED ABDULLAH, PRIME MINISTER OF KASHMIR AND JAMMU, DECLARE AMIDST THUNDERING CHEERS THAT "KASHMEREES, WHO LOVE AND ADORE JAWAHARLAL AS THE NOBLEST SON OF KASHMIR, WILL ALWAYS REMAIN ONF WITH INDIA LED BY ITS GREAT LEADER PANDIT NEHRU".

B.P.C.C. RECEPTION TO ABDULLAH

Sheikh Abdullah was addressing the mass meeting convened by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee to observe today as "Remembrance Day" The occasion was utilised for according to a public reception on behalf of the B.P.C.C. to the Prime Minister of Kashmir and Jammu, who was given a tumultuous ovation by the cheering crowds.

Welcoming Sher-e-Kashmir, Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, who presided over the meeting, said that Bombay's thirty lakhs citizens were besrind Sheikh Abdullah who had led the gallant people of Kashmir in their worst trials and tribulations. "Sher-e-Kashmir was not merely a politician but the symbol of resurgent spirit of Kashmir, a leader who has inspired courage and indomitable will among his people to fight for their liberty against the armed might of evil forces," he added.

Sheikh Abdullah in the course of his sixty-minutes Hindustani speech traced the history of freedom's struggle in Kashmir for last eighteen years launched against the autocracy and said that a brave people like Kashmirees would never bow down before the armed forces of the enemy even if their booming guns might pound at their homes and hearths and raze them to the ground.

NO COMMUNAL POLITICS

"Kashmirees are a humble people settled down in hilly tracts and they are a poor people," said Sheikh Abdullah. "But, Kashmirees have long since done away with communal fanaticism and communal politics. Kashmirees have always stood for a secular state that was the dream of Mahatma Gandhi and for which the nation's great leader, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, had pledged himself against those elements in the country, which are still trying to raise their ugly head. Kashmirees will never forget the supreme martyrdom of Mahatma Gandhi, who died so that India may live united and free forever.".

Sheikh Abdullah recalled how the common people of Kashmir had withstood with iron will and fortitude the dark days in their war of Liberation. A wave of murderous war and fiendish carnage had spread across the fair province of the Punjab before the partition of the country was affected. Both Muslims and Non-Muslims were slaughtered like goats on either side of the frontier. This blood-bath was not quenched in the Punjab, but attempts were made to see that it should spread out even to the tranquil regions of Kashmir. "Yet-a small band of he-

(Continued on Page 7)

NO ANIMAL SACRIFICE IN HINDU TEMPLES

MADRAS, Jan. 26, (A.P.I.): The Madras Legislative Council passed into law this afternoon a non-official bill to abolish animal sacrifices in Hindu temples throughout the Province.

The measure which was sponsered by Mr. S. B. Adityan (Congress) provides for a punishment of three months imprisonment or a fine upto Rs. 300 or both for the violation of the law.

An amendment to include sacrifice of birds also within the scope of the bill moved by Mr. K. Madhava Menon, Minister for Agriculture, was incorporated in the Bill.

DUTCH CHARGE AGAINST INDIA AND PAKISTAN

THE HAGUE, Jan. 26, (Reuter)—Netherlands Minister for Transport M.D.G.W. Spitzen, told the Dutch Second Chamber today that his Government was considering whether India and Pakistan should be held responsible for any losses caused by their ban on Netherlands' aircraft landing in their territories.

Both India and Pakistan had acted against the International Air Agreement in banning the flight of Dutch aircraft across their territories, he said.

India, Pakistan and Ceylon banned their airfields to Netherlands aircraft last December in protest against Netherlands "Police Action" in Indonesia.

K.L.M. Airlines announced yesterday that it would resume its flights from Holland to Batavia, Indonesia, along two new routes from today.

The first aircraft which will leave on an experimental flight at 6 p. m. GMT (11-30 p.m. IST) today by way of Khartoum, Reunion Island, and Padang is expected to take about four and a half days to reach Batavia. If the pilot's report is satisfactory, it is possible that a regular thrice weekly service between Amsterdam and Batavia will run on this route.

Another aircraft will leave on Friday on a special flight with accumulated mails on the second route through Sharjah (Arabia) inn the Persian Gulf, and Bangkok.

This route has already been explored and has been found satisfactory for postal freight flights. The return flight from Bangkok will be made through Cairo.

THREE E. BENGAL REFUGEES ON HUNGER-STRIKE

CALCUTTA, Jan. 26 (API): Three East Bengal refugees are on hunger-strike for the last 12 days at Sealdah station, the Calcutta terminus of the East Bengal Railway system.

The demands of the hunger-strikers include free registration and full citizenship rights for any Hindu migrating from Pakistan and desiring to settle in the Indian Union, grant of free land to refugees for resettlement and interest-free loan to build houses, and food and shelter free of cost so long as they are not rehabilitated.

A deputation of the East Bengal Minority Welfare Central Committee, headed by its Secretary, Mrs. Leela Roy, met the Premier, Dr. B. C. Roy, at the Secretariat today and discussed the hunger-strike as well as other problems affecting refugees from East Bengal.

INDONESIAN INVASION OF WEST JAVA?

BATAVIA, Jan. 26 (UPA)—The Republican spokesman said today that 35,000 Indonesian troops had invaded Dutch-occupied West Java a week ago and began guerilla warfare.

KANPUR PENTANGULAR

CAWNPORE, Jan. 25 (API): Commercials reached the final of the Kanpur Pentangular Cricket tournament defeating the Industrials on the first Innings score.

V. P. MENON ON HIS TALKS WITH NAWAB OF BHOPAL

Says, He Has Every Reason To Believe That "Amicable Solution Will Be Found"

BHOPAL, Jan. 26 (API): Mr. V. P. Menon, Adviser to the States' Ministry, Government of India, who has been holding talks with the Nawab and the Premier of Bhopal here, said in an interview today that the present situation in Bhopal would be amicably resolved soon.

"My talks with His Highness have been marked with complete cordiality and mutual understanding, and I have every reason to believe that an amicable solution of Bhopal problem will be found", Mr. Menon said.

Mr. Menon smilingly declined to disclose the precise pattern which the present series of talks have been following or the exact nature of the conclusions so far reached. He said that both the Nawab and the Premier of Bhopal had placed the interests of the country above their own interests and as such his task in Bhopal had been "one of the easiest".

Asked whether an early official announcement on the subject could be expected, Mr. Menon replied that he was not in a position to say anything at present as he would naturally have to place everything before Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the States' Minister.

In reply to another question, Mr. Menon further said that as he was fully confident about reaching an amicable solution, he considered the local civil disobedience movement meaningless and unnecessary.

Mr. Menon, who will leave for Delhi this afternoon, met during his stay here deputations of both the suspended District Congress Committee and of the Congress 'Ad Hoc' Committee and Mr. Ram Sahai, President of the Madhyabharat Constituent Assembly.

BRITISH RECOGNITION OF ISRAEL

Bevin Awaiting Replies From Commonwealth Countries

LONDON, Jan. 26, (Reuter): Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin stated tonight he was not announcing "De facto" recognition of Israel until he had replies from Commonwealth countries and Brussels Treaty countries. He was assuming these replies would be received in next few days when final action could be taken.

ORDINANCE TO AMEND E. PUNJAB EVACUEES ACT

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26 (API): An Ordinance further to amend the East Punjab Evacuees (Administration of Property) Act, 1947, in its application to the Province of Delhi and Ajmer-Merwara has been promulgated by the Governor-General. The Ordinance lays down certain alterations in the procedure for the transfer of management of tenancy rights of evacuees to non-evacuee landlords after creation of new tenancies.

Gandhi Fund Stands At Over 214 Lakhs

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26 (UPI): According to a statement issued by Mr. Brijlal Nehru, Financial Adviser to the Gandhi National Memorial Fund, the total collections received for the Fund from all over the country stood at Rs. 2,14,21,422-8-6 on the 31st December 1948.

getting worse instead of better but today, I can say it has improved considerably and that we are making steady progress".

Sir Hugh came to Colombo to meet Sir Leslie Hollinghurst who is making a tour of inspection of R.A.F. Stations in Ceylon.

The Air Marshal stated that all signs today were propitious for complete overthrown of Communists and terrorists in Malaya and that it was merely a matter of time.

A.I. WOMEN'S CONFERENCE

GWALIOR, Jan. 26 (API): Over a thousand delegates from all parts of India and a large gathering of women attending the 21st session of the All-India Women's Conference in a specially erected pandal at Saraswati Bhavan listened this afternoon to the President Mrs. Urmila Mehta as she urged upon the women of India to bring up their children in an atmosphere free from "the evils rampant in our society today".

(SEE PAGE 10)

MALAY TROOPS RUN AMOK

Four Indian Houses In Singapore Burnt

SINGAPORE, Jan. 26 (Reuter): About 100 Malay troops rioted tonight in the Alexandra Barracks Area, Singapore, and burned down four Indian houses.

Several firemen, including one European, were taken to hospital. The trouble began after a quarrel between Malays and Indians over a Malay woman, reports said. No further details immediately available.

TERRORIST POSITION IN MALAYA

COLOMBO, Jan. 26 (Reuter): Air Marshal Sir Hugh Lloyd, Air Commander-in-Chief, Far East, in an interview during his visit to Colombo said: "three months ago, I would have said the terrorist position in Malaya was

BOMBAY'S STREET VENDORS

The Chips And Toffee Man

From the theatres to the streets, the chips-and-toffee vendor has stepped out. Here he is in all his glory on Apollo Bunder, just before the crowds come along. He is a newcomer and, like all newcomers, deffident and doubtful of the welcome he will get. But hospitable Bombay has room for any number of innovators. If you have anything to sell, you are bound to find buyers. And so he eks out a living, carrying his tray with him wherever he goes. Who will go into a restaurant when he can assuage his hunger on the roadside? And yet, the restaurants too do a busy trade, unaffected by this competition.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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MATRIMONIAL

Wanted educated Indian Bride groom, age about 40 with sufficient income for an educated Indian Lady with fair means. No religious restrictions Apply Box No. 222, "Bombay Chronicle."

A Muslim Doctor aged 35 years, Practising in Bombay monthly income is Rs. 600/- Kadri Sayed by caste wants to marry with a respectable, healthy and handsome Muslim girl. Write stating age, education native place caste, reference of the parents to Box No. 210, 'Bombay Chronicle."

Match for Rajput girl 21, Gujrathi speaking. C o. Post Box 4014 Bombay—7. (184)

SOCIAL

"Social Circle" arranges friendly contacts. Particulars 0-5-0 stamps. Write Lady Secretary. Post Box 4014 Bombay 7 (183)

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted fully qualified B.P.N.A Nurses for the L.W. Ashaktashram Sheth Narandas Manordas Jonawalla Hospital Surat. Apply stating terms, age, etc. to the President, L.W. Ashaktashram, Rampura Surat, before 10-2-1949. 3034)

Wanted reliable and influential gentleman in all Districts, Talukas and important villages of Gujarat, Kathiawar and Maharashtra to secure Life Insurance Business. Good income could be built up in spare time also. Experience not essential. Apply to the Vishwabharati Insurance Co. Ltd., Noble Chambers, Parsee Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. Fire, Marine and Accident Business also transacted. (204)

SITUATION WANTED

Available Ex-Police-Officer Shorthand Typist with G.D.A.'s knowledge. Write Box No. 41, Amalner. (Dist. E.K.) 198

ACCOMMODATION AVAILABLE

Gentlemen requiring decent house accommodation at Borivli may consult occasionally. The Jwala Palace, Borivli. Phone No. 84019. (3074)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

A New Batch for New Year — Davar's College of Commerce — Enrol immediately for new classes just commenced for Professional Diploma Courses for Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants, General Commerce, etc. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay. (224)

Homoeopathy—Best Correspondence Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission Mavelikara Travancore.

Become Accountant, Secretary, Stenographer, Auditor Insurance Officer by post D. Com. courses. American correspondence College. (B.C.) Delhi. (133)

MEDICAL ADLET

Chitrakot Hills Herbs — A most powerful and highly effective world renowned remedy which cures asthma in a single dose. To be taken on 13-2-49 full moon night. Apply in English or Hindi to Swami Darshnarand, Ayurvedashram, P.O Karwi (Banda) U P. (217)

FINANCE AND PARTNERSHIP

Wanted:— Working partner investing Rs 10,000. Safe investment and guaranteed goods profit from beginning Apply Box No 223, "Bombay Chronicle."

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted for the Province of Bombay, a Capable Chief Agent for Motor Insurance and another for Life Insurance. Only those who have previous experience and can guarantee Premium Income need apply. Attractive Terms and competitive Premium Rates. Apply to: Midland Insurance Co. Ltd. Post Box No. 1502, Madras—1. (3104)

BUSINESS FOR SALE

For Sale A Big Departmental Store, Centrally Situated On The Mall Lahore. Muslim Owner. Apply Box No. 219 "Bombay Chronicle."

IMPORTS FROM JAPAN

Our Mr. Sharma has just returned from Japan. He has brought with him full particulars of almost all articles. Those who need any commodity or who have any Import Licence may contact—Ram Kishore Sharma & Co., 119-Kucha Ghasi Ram, Chandni Chowk Delhi. 226

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted Writers, Columnists to submit articles on Education, Careers, Vocations. Handsome Payment. "Careers Today." Schangunj, Delhi. (216)

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

Persons interested in exchanges or sale of Urban property in Pakistan or India as a result of the partition of the Punjab may correspond with No. 3085, "Bombay Chronicle" Purely a labour of love and service to afflicted persons. No charges and no commitments For reply an addressed postal envelop may be sent. (3085)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
NOTICE

WARD ELECTION OF A COUNCILLOR TO FILL UP A CASUAL VACANCY.

IN CONSEQUENCE of the death of Mr. Khemji Mulji Rathod, an elected Councillor from Ward No. 19 (Mazgaon), a casual vacancy of a Councillor has occurred under Section 9 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888 as amended upto-date, I, pursuant to the provisions of Sections 22 (3) and 25 of the said Act, hereby fix TUESDAY, the 15th February, 1949 for a Ward Election to fill up the aforesaid vacancy.

Nomination papers will be issued on working days during Office hours from TUESDAY, the 8th February, 1949 to MONDAY, the 14th February, 1949 and on TUESDAY, the 15th February, 1949, upto 4 P.M. (B.T.) at the Election and Town Duty Department, City Improvement Trust Building (Top floor), Napier Road, Fort. In the event of the election being contested the poll will be held on Tuesday the 8th March 1949.

B. K. PATEL
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Commissioner's
Office, Bombay,
8th January, 1949. (3097)

G.I.P. RLY — TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 p.m. on 9-2-1949 for the supply of Groundnut oil at the Railway Grainshops at Bhusaval, Jalgon, Pachora, Chalisgaon and Dhulia in the Bhusaval Division, Sholapur and Shahabad in Poona Division and Grainshops in Bombay and Kalyan Division. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Asstt. Controller Grainshops, Poona and Bhusaval for these divisions respectively. (3095)

TENDER NOTICE NO. PM-1/32661

THE TEXTILE COMMISSIONER, BOMBAY, invites tenders to reach his Office at Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay on or before 25-2-49 on Tender Forms (not transferable) obtainable from his Office (Section A.D. V—cash) at Rs. 8/- (not refundable per set to be paid in cash or by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting Tender Number, full name and address of the remitter) for BANIANS COTTON WHITE "V" NECK HEAVY QUALITY WITH HALF SLEEVES.

2. Applicants not already on approved list of the Office of the Textile Commissioner, must give their Banker's reference with the application for a Tender Form.

3. Tenders are required to be open for acceptance upto 31.3.1949. Tenders will be opened at 11 A.M on 26.2.1949. (3096)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
K.E.M. HOSPITAL, PAREL, BOMBAY
NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are reinvited for the supply of various X'ray apparatus, Anaesthesia apparatus, Refrigerator, High pressure dressing sterlizers etc., equipment to the K.E.M. Hospital. Specifications etc., can be obtained from the Dean's Office, K.E.M. Hospital, Parel, Bombay, free of charge.

The tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, and delivered into the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 P.m. (B.T.) on Friday the 4th March, 1949, with the earnest money of Rs. 3,000/-. They should be superscribed as Tenders for the supply of X'ray etc., equipment to the K.E.M. Hospital"

Sales tax, if any, should be stated separately.

Any other information, if necessary, would be furnished by the Dean's Office on personal application.

By order of the
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay,
R. P. KOPPIKAR,
M.S., F.C.P.S. (Bom.)
Ag. DEAN.

Parel, Bombay.
Dated 24th Jany, 1949. (3098)

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY

Tender No. 330,202S,1 (P2),
Dated, 22nd Jan. '49.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for supply of one Motor Trolley N. G. 2'-6" gauge complete with Horn, Lamp (acetylene), Brakes, Seat, all other fittings and tools, if any, as spares. Full particulars of the Trolley and motor offered and relevant literature should accompany the tenders.

2. Quotations in sealed envelopes superscribed with above tender No. and words "Motor Trolley N. G." should be submitted in tenderers' own forms to reach the undersigned by 7-2-1949.

3. Delivery earliest possible, F.O.R. Station of despatch.

4. Inspection at destination.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE
OFFICER
(Stores)),
DELHI.

3055

PUBLIC NOTICES

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS in ENGLISH are invited for "DISMANTLING 6 x 20' ARCH BRIDGE NO. 672 AT MILE 673 23 and PROVIDING 2 x 60' GIRDER SPAN BRIDGE AT ERINPURA ROAD (METRE GAUGE)".

(2) Tenders should reach the Office of the Dy. Chief Engineer (Bridges), B.B. & C.I. Railway, GLO. Churchgate, not later than 11 hours (I.S.T.) on 15th February, 1949 and they will be opened on the same day at 12-30 hours in the same office.

(3) Tender documents together with Schedule of Approximate Quantities can be obtained from the office of the Dy. Chief Engineer (Bridges) during office hours on payment of Rs. 5/- only which will not be refunded.

(4) Plans can be seen in the Office of Dy. Chief Engineer (Bridges) during Office hours and can be supplied if required on payment of Rs. 5/-.

(5) Tenders on specified forms only will be accepted and must be accompanied with complete contract documents.

M. R. VENKATARAM
Dy. Chief Engineer (Bridges).
(3094)

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS superscribed "Tender for condemned typewriters" on tenderer's own forms for each typewriter separately are invited for the sale of twenty-three Nos. condemned typewriters lying at Stores Depot, E.P. Railway, Shakurbasti, so as to reach the undersigned not later than 28th February, 1949.

The typewriters can be seen in the Stores Depot at Shakurbasti on any working day between 10 A.M. to 4 P.M. except on Saturdays.

Tenderers should deposit with the Chief Cashier and Pay Master E.P. Railway, Delhi, earnest money equal to 10 per cent of the amount offered and attach the receipt with their quotation, otherwise the tender will not be considered.

The successful tenderers will be required to deposit the balance amount within 14 days and remove the typewriters within one month of the acceptance of the offer, failing which, the earnest money already deposited by the tenderer is liable to be forfeited.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE
OFFICER (Stores),
Delhi.
(3100)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER for the supply of Lamps 250 V x 75 watts and 230 V x 300 watts will be received by the Chief Storekeeper up to noon on Monday the 7th February 1949.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, on personal application but will not be forwarded by post. 3102

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, U.P.
CORRIGENDUM TO
ADVERTISEMENT No. 35.

IN PARTIAL MODIFICATION of this Office advertisement No. 35 inviting applications for the post of Lecturer in Embroyology at Medical College, Agra, it is hereby announced that Govt. have revised the qualifications required for the post as under:—

"M.S. or M.B.B.S. with three years experience of teaching the subject and laboratory experience of working with embryos of various ages with section cutting, staining and projection in dark room."

Dated Allahabad,
January 24, 1949. (3103)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS are invited for the work of "Construction of a Timber Shed in the Central Stores at Delisle Road" and will be received by the Chief Accountant in his Office at the Municipal Head Office Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay on 9th February, 1949, not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.)

Tender forms containing the directions to tenderers can be had at Rs. 5/- per copy from the Office of the Special Engineer, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

By order of the
MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER.
(3105)

NOTICE

ALL BURMESE NATIONALS are now "FOREIGNERS" within the meaning of the Registration of Foreigners Act, 1939, and are, therefore, required to register under the Registration of Foreigners Rules, 1939.

Burmese nationals, residing in the Greater Bombay limits, will report themselves at the office of the Registration of Foreigners Branch, New C.I.D. Buildings, 3rd floor, Gymnasium Road, near Crawford Market, Bombay, for the purposes of registration, before the 28th February 1949. Failure to do so will render them liable to legal action.

V. D. MORAY.
Deputy Commissioner of Police.
Special Branch II, C.I.D. and
Provincial Registration Officer
Bombay.
(3071)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KAMLA R.C. PAL, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inneritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 70, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of redeemed Foras land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being on the Tulsi Pipe Road, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 298 Sq. Yds. or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of land revenue under Old Nos. 64, 65, 66 and 67 and New No. 12874, New Survey No. 1-1873, Cadastral Survey No. 4/1389 of Lower Parel Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "G" Ward No. 3255 (I.C.) and Street No. 718C and bounded as follows:— that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Yusuf Moosa, on or towards the West by the Tulsi Pipe Road, on or towards the North by the property of Ebrahim Haji Abba and on or towards the South by the property of Dr. S. S. Furtado.

Bombay dated this 20th day of January, 1949.

DESAI & CO.
Purchasers' Attorneys.
(3101)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF 2 Bales English Knitting Wool Super Botany 3 Ply. Diff. colour, each of 200 Lbs. on Monday, 31st Inst. at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at our Auction Rooms, at 72, Medows St. Fort, under instructions from the Concerned. Goods on view from Saturday.
Terms: 25 p.c. Cash deposit.
GANDHI & CO

AUCTION SALE of 96 Drums Caustic Soda American make 97/98 p.c. MENESSE & CO., will sell by public auction on MONDAY, the 31st January, 1949, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at Dana Bunder Baroda Street, Sardar Singh Palansingh, garage open land by order of M/s. TODI & CO. and on behalf of all concerned the aforesaid damaged goods.

MENESSE & CO.

DISPOSALS AUCTIONS
Under instructions from Regional Disposal Commissioner, Bombay BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on 31/1/49 at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at General Stores and Inspection Depot, gate No. 8, near Fire Stone Co., Sewree Wooden Crates, R.A.G. harness, antigas covers on 3/2/49 at 10-30 A.M. at No. 2 B.P.T. (Balmer Lawrie) godown, Wadi Bunder: 6" and 9" Lathes, wheels, milling and pipe screwing machines, 1 Austin Car, wooden scrap, etc. Terms: 25 p.c. Cash deposit Balance in Govt. Treasury by 7-2-49 and 8-2-49 and delivery by 24-2-49 and 22-2-49 respectively.

BENNETT & CO

PHOTOGRAPHS OUT OF BOMBAY
ENQUIRIES INVITED

HAMILTON STUDIOS
(COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT)
DOUGALL ROAD
BALLARD ESTATE.
Telephone 22939

Germex
is the
Antiseptic Healing Ointment
which millions of people have found to be most effective for the home treatment of minor injuries and skin disorders, such as
BRUISES, CUTS, SORES, PIMPLES, INSECT BITES, ECZEMA and RINGWORM.
It kills the GERM
It heals the WOUND
Manufactured by
LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM & PHARMACEUTICALS, LTD.

PROHIBITION GUARDS AMALGAMATED WITH HOME GUARDS

Separate Section For Pdohibition Wok In Combined Organisation

The Provincial organisation of the Prohibition Guards has been amalgamated with the existing organisation of the Home Guards. The Commandant General of the Home Guards is now the highest officer in charge of the whole organisation, which wil have a section called the Prohibition Section of the Home Guards. Mr. V. S. Dongre, General Officer Commanding, Prohibition Guards, who has been appointed as a Staff Officer directly under the Commandant General of Home Guards, will be in charge of this section of the Home Guards.

In Greater Bombay as well as in the districts, the officer in charge of the Prohibition Section of the Home Guards wil. work under the orders and control of the local commandant of the Home Guards.

No member of the Prohibition Guards will be placed in charge of the Prohibition Section of the Home Guards unless he has been enrolled in the Home Guards. If found necessary, the Government of Bombay would amend the Home Guards Act, in order to enable all the Prohibition Guards to join the Home Guards Organisation.

Congress Corporators' Silent Services For Public Good

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

After the short December vacation, the Corporation activities are in full swing again and their importance has been enhanced by the Budget Discussions which are now under way. Several party members, headed by the Leader, have already spoken and made many constructive suggestions.

Congress Councillors are in the habit of doing their work silently and the amount of it they do in their respective areas by way of addressing meetings, listening to complaints mentioned above do not get any publicity, and hence their services are often not correctly estimated.

Complaints relating to Gutter chokes, indifference of Landlords, Street Cleansings and Water Supply have been met with and acted upon by the Municipal Authorities through the initiative of the members of the Municipal Congress Party. Some Congress Councillors have also undertaken to do propaganda in sanitation and cleanliness in their wards.

CONGRESS COUNCILLOR ENJOYS FULL FREEDOM

The Congress members have every liberty both of speech and movement in the expression of their opinion on various matters which come up in the Committees and before the Corporation.

They send any resolution, Notice of Motion without restriction; these notices of motion are inspected by the Council which is a kind of Working Committee of the party. At a later stage, they are put up to the party itself at which every member has complete freedom in expressing his views and it is only on a decision usually unanimous of the entire party that any matter is acted upon.

The whip naturally helps to maintain discipline among the members and if the Congress Party has succeeded in doing the amount of work it has to its credit today it has been because of this ideal of discipline which they have maintained during all the history of the party.

New Admissions To Gurukula

The selection of new candidates for admission to the Gurukula University Kangri, Hardwar, this year, will be held in Easter Holidays in April on the occasion of the anniversary. The degrees of the Gurukula have been recognized by Provincial Governments and Universities. Gentlemen desirous to admit their wards should send their applications and obtain sanction at once. Rules and application forms can be had from Principal P.O. Gurukul Kangri Dist. Saharanpur.

KURLA'S CIVIC AFFAIRS
Administrator's Appeal For Public Co-operation

(From Our Correspondent)
KURLA, Tuesday.

Mr. Chimanlal G. Shah, the Government Administrator of Kurla, who took charge of his office on December 15, following the suppression of the Kurla Municipality, convened a meeting of prominent citizens of Kurla on Sunday last to discuss proposals for remedying peoples' grievances, attending to their wants and requirements and to consider plans for the improvement in their civic amenities during the current year.

Mr. Shah explained to them in detail the working of the various departments under his charge and pleaded for their co-operation and help, in his efforts to improve the sanitary condition of the town. Those present expressed their views freely and without reserve. It was ultimately decided to appoint an Advisory Committee of 20 members with Mr Indravadan Oza as Chairman and Mr. Kale as Vice-Chairman to assist Mr. Shah.

Hindustani Shorthand

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26. (U.P.I.): The following Press Communique has been issued on behalf of the Constituent Shorthand and Hindi Typewriter Standardisation Committee appointed by the Hon'ble the President of the Constituent Assembly of India have finalised their report on Hindustani shorthand, Hindi typewriters and telegraphic code, and have submitted the same for consideration of the Hon'ble the President".

Mr. D. B. Patel, of Avidha, has been appointed as District Honorary Organiser of Co-operative Societies for all the talukas of Rajpipla State, which has been integrated with the Bombay Province.

ASSAGAO UNION

Petition Dismissed

The petition preferred by Mr. M. J. F. de Andrade and Mr. Chisty Fonseca, president and member of the Board of Directors respectively of the Assagao Union, a charitable institution registered under the Societies Registration Act praying on behalf of the Union for an order vesting the funds of the Union in the Official Trustee of Bombay and authorising the latter to accept the said funds in the terms embodied in the alleged trust said to have been approved by him was heard before the Hon. Mr. Justice Bhagwati on Thursday the 20th instant.

The petition was opposed by the respondents Mr. Pascol Carvalho, Mr. F. X. de Souza Ficlo and Mr. Delphino Fernandes, three members of the said Union, who were supported by 45 other members.

After hearing counsel for the petitioners, his lordship held that the petition was not maintainable, as it did not comply with the requirements of Section 10 of the Official Trustee's Act, under which it purported to have been made.

His lordship accordingly dismissed the petition. The question of the gesture of the respondents in consenting not to claim costs from the Union was appreciated by the court. The respondents urged that the petitioners should do likewise. His lordship gave specific direction as to costs.

The pttioners were represented by Mr. H. R. Pardiwalla, instructed by Messrs: B. G. Pandit and Co.

The petitioners were represented by by Mr K. A. Somjee and Mr. S. D. Vimadalal instructed by Messrs. Pereira Fazalghoy and Co.

Profiteering Conviction Upheld

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar)

Kantilal Chandulal—Appellant (Accused)

Vs

Imperator—Respondent.

The appellant, the proprietors of Messrs. K. Chandulal and Co., carrying on business at C. P. Tank, had been convicted and sentenced to 4 months' r.i. and a fine of Rs. 10,000 under section 3 of Ordinance 3 of 1947 read with the Iron & Steel Control Order 1941 by a Presidency Magistrate. On appeal to the High Court his conviction and sentence were confirmed by their lordship.

The prosecution case was that on 18th October 1947 the accused sold 1|4" bars to a bogus customer sent by the police at Rs. 45 per cwt. when the controlled price was Rs. 17 per cwt.

The defence of the accused was that the bars sold being polished bars which entailed expenditure in polishing, did not come within the control order.

Their lordship disbelieved the defence of the accused and upheld the conviction and sentence passed on the accused by the trial Magistrate.

Mr. Purshottam Tribumdas appeared for the appellant. The Government Pleader Mr. H. M. Choksi appeared for the Crown.

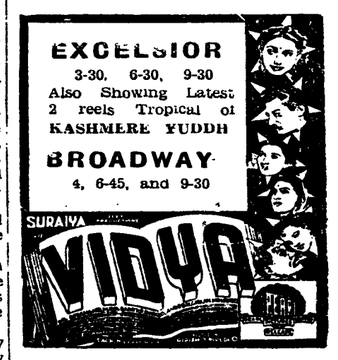
Free And Compulsory Elementary Education In Ahmedabad

The Government of Bombay has given its sanction to the introduction by the Ahmedabad Municipality of free and compulsory elementary education in the whole of the municipal area, both for boys and girls. The opening of seven more schools and the entertainment of an additional staff, including 312 teachers and 10 Attendance Officers, have also been sanctioned. The Government will bear half the recurring and non-recurring expenditure on the scheme.

Free and compulsory education will be given to the following age groups:

YEAR	AGE-GROUP
1948-49	 7-9
1949-50	 7-10
1950-51	 7-11
1951-52	 6-11

Bombay Premier
Mr. B. G. KHER,
Our Home Minister
Mr. MORARJI DESAI
and other leading persons, are witnessing 'VIDYA' today at the 6-30 p.m. show at EXCELSIOR.
5th Crowded WEEK



ZENANA SHOW TODAY at 12-30 p.m.

FILMISTAN'S
Spectacular Screenplay
Nadiya KE Par
Produced & Directed by
KISHORE SAHU
Music: C. RAMCHANDRA
Starring
KAMINI KAUSHAL,
DILIP KUMAR
ROXY
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30

BEYOND COMPARE
IS ITS
MUSIC! in
MELA
23 RD GREAT WEEK AT
NARGIS, DILIP, JIWAN,
MINERVA
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Sun. at 12-30

BEG, SHE WON'T TOIL, SHE DID
HER PRIDE WAS HIGH
HER LOVE THE HIGHEST
MAHARASHTRA CHITRAVANI'S CLASSIC
MERE LAL
(in NATIONAL LANGUAGE only)
Starring: HANSA, PRATIMADEVI, CHANDRAKANT.
2 ND WEEK AT NEW WEST END
Daily 4, 6-45, 9-30 Sun. 1 p.m.
Plans Open 10 to 12, 4 to 6

OVER ONE HUNDRED CAMERAMEN
MADE THIS FILM OVER 40 YEARS!
MAHATMA GANDHI
PRODUCED BY: DOCUMENTARY FILMS LTD MADRAS
COMING ON SAT. JAN. 29th TO CENTRAL
Plans Open 10 to 12 & 4 to 8
A Western India Theatres Ltd. Release.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Posh Vad 14, 2005.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Awal 27, 1368.
Parsi: Amardad 27, 1318.
Sunrise: 7-14 a.m. Sunset 6-29 p.m.
Hightide: 11-00. Lowtide 05-56 17-40
MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: 2 p.m. (B.T.).

Today's Engagements

WORLI JANATA SAHAYAK SANGhatan. Public meeting near Chawl No. 58, at 6 p.m., when Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Health Minister to Government of Bombay, will address.

BOMBAY SPIRITUAL CENTRE Discourse in Marathi on "Who is the Doer" by Pandit Ananta Shastri Pnadke of Benares at 7 a.m., today, at 2, Laburnum Road, Wassoodev Bhuvan, Gamdevi.

PROGRESSIVE GROUP Today, 6-30 p.m., at Green's Hotel, Mr. S. P. Gidwani, on "The Urgency of the Refugee Problem."

PROGRESSIVE GROUP Mr Bayard Rustin will speak on "the Negro Non-Violent movement in America" at Green's, at 6-15 p.m.

MAHARASHTRA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE: Mr. B. V. Gharpure, Curator, Lord Reay Maharashtra Industrial Museum, Poona, will give a talk on Industrial museums in foreign countries" at the office of the Chamber (Industrial Assurance Building, Churchgate, Fort, Bombay), today, at 5-15 p.m.

FEDERATION OF INDIAN CHAMBERS: A meeting of Committee of the Federation today at 11 a.m. in the Committee Hall of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay. Later on, a meeting of the Resolution Sub-Committee of the Federation will meet to finalise resolutions for the 22nd annual session of the Federation, which will be inaugurated by Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, in New Delhi, on 3rd March, 1949.

COMMISSIONER'S ROUND. The Municipal Commissioner and the councillors of Ward No. 7 will meet near Bound Temple, Khara Talao, tomorrow (Friday) at 9-30 a.m. (S. T.), to go round the Ward. The residents of the Ward who have any difficulties to bring to light are invited to be present at the appointed place and time.

R. I. N. OFFICERS' CONFERENCE. A three-day conference of senior officers of the Royal Indian Navy will be held in New Delhi from January 31, under the chairmanship of Vice-Admiral W. E. Parry, Commander-in-Chief of R. I. N.

LEVER BROTHERS EMPLOYEES' UNION: At the general meeting of the Lever Brothers (India) Ltd., and Associated Companies Employees' Union held on Saturday last in connection with the Union's demands put forward to the management about four months ago, it was resolved that the same be forwarded to the Government requesting them to refer the dispute to the Industrial Tribunal, after giving a fortnight notice to the management.

ASSURANCE TO NASIK PRIMARY TEACHERS

BOMBAY, Jan. 26 (UPI): An assurance that the 200 primary teachers of Nasik will not lose the balance of their pay and dearness allowance due from the Nasik City Municipal School Board, was given by Miss Indumati Seth, Parliamentary Secretary to Mr. B. G. Kher, the Premier of Bombay, who also holds the portfolio of Education, to a deputation of the Nasik City Primary Teachers' Union, which waited on her at the Secretariat to-day.

COLLIERIES DONATION TO GANDHI FUND

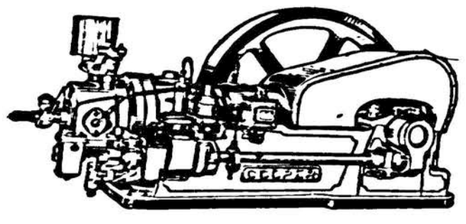
HYDERABAD (Dn.), Jan. 25 (UPI): The Singareni Collieries Company Ltd., has decided to contribute to the Mahatma Gandhi National Memorial Fund, two annas per every ton of coal produced in 1947, which amounts to about Rs. 28,000.

An extraordinary meeting of the shareholders of the company has been called on February 8 to endorse the resolution.

Sir PURSHOTAMDAS and LADY THAKURDAS

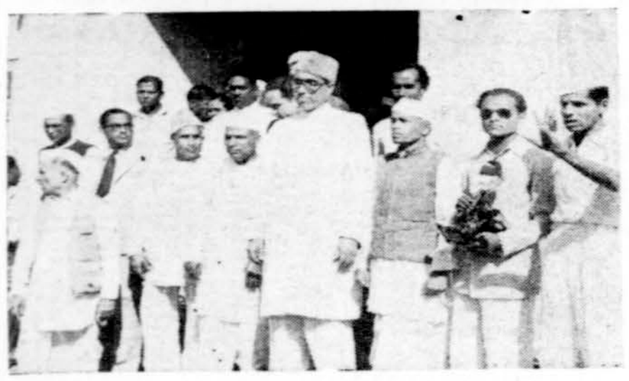
regret to have to announce that under Medical Advice, it has been necessary to cancel the Reception at "SUNEETA", Ridge Road to meet Their Highnesses of Kutch on Friday, the 28th January at 5-30 p.m., owing to Sir Purshotamdas's indisposition. Both Sir Purshotamdas and Lady Thakurdas hope that this will not put their kind guests, who accepted for the 28th, to any inconvenience, and look forward to the pleasure of their Company in the near future at a similar function.

COOPER OIL ENGINES
INDIA'S OWN TRIUMPH



Apply to the nearest Agent or
COOPER ENGINEERING LIMITED
Satara Road, Bombay Presidency.

SHEIKH ABDULLA AT THANA



THE PREMIER OF KASHMIR SPOKE ON THE LIFE OF MAHATMA ON WEDNESDAY WHEN GANDHIJI'S FIRST 'SHRADH DIN' WAS INAUGURATED UNDER THE AUSPICES OF SHRI SAMARTH SEVA MANDAL.

GUJARAT FAMINE RELIEF

BOMBAY, Jan. 26 (API).—A public meeting of the citizens of Bombay for starting a Gujarat famine relief fund and taking measures connected with relief operations has been called on January 28 at 4 p.m. in the hall of the Indian Merchants Chamber. Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Bombay, will preside over the meeting.

Radio

BOMBAY, Thursday, Jan. 27.
244 m. (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 A. P. Narayangaonkar 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Master Ibrahim 8-45 Sheikh Mahmood 9-0 M. A. Golwalkar 12-0 p.m. "Vanita Mandal" 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Goda Gani 1-25 News (H) 1-40 News (E) 1-40 Dancing Time Again 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 Sheikh Mahmood 5-15 Children's Half-Hour 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 A. P. Narayangaonkar 6-30 Kausalya Manjeshwar 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 Violin Trio 7-30 Nav Yusni Kavita 7-45 Film Music 7-55 'Teer Nahin to Tukko' 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 9-30 Master Ibrahim 8-45 Sheikh Mahmood 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News Relay 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Sport Folio 10-0 Florinda San or De Lucena—Piano 10-30 "El Amor Brujo"

VARIATIONS.
41.44 m (7,240 kc/s)
7-40 a.m. Abhang. Bhajan Aur Gauian 5-45 p.m. M. A. Golwalkar 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.
61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)
7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-0 Sushama Divetia 8-15 A. P. Narayangaonkar 9-0 M. A. Golwalkar 9-25 Sushama Divetia 10-0 Master Ibrahim 10-15 Kaushalya Manjeshwar.

BARODA, Jan. 27.
250 m. (1,200 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. Morning Variety 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Film Music 6-0 p.m. News (E) 6-10 Local Announcements 6-15 For Rural Areas 6-35 Popular Songs 7-0 Harj Bala Dave (Gujarati songs) 7-15 Harihar Prasad Bhatt (Kirtan in Gujarati) 7-45 Topical Talk 8-0 Instrumental Duet B. O. Sant (Kanchtarang) J. O. Sinde (Sitar) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Ustad Anwar Hussain (Vocal) 8-45 Gujarat ma Arthik Prashno (Talk in Gujarati by Manilal Parikh) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Ustad Anwar Hussain.

JODHPUR CALLING
(From A Correspondent)
JODHPUR, Jan. 26.

The Jodhpur Broadcasting Station went on the air at 2-15 on Jan. 25, when it was inaugurated by Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister, Mines, Works and Power, Government of India.

The first programme was broadcast from 6-30 p.m. to 8 p.m. when the recorded speech of Sardar Patel made during the day at the public meeting at Jodhpur was broadcast.

Jodhpur Broadcasting Station hence forward will be on the air from 6-30 every evening.

The BBC is broadcasting a memorial programme on January 30 in honour of Mahatma Gandhi, in the Hindustani programme from London. The programme can be heard in India from 8 p.m. to 10-30 p.m. (IST) on 24.92 and 16.85 metres. The first ten minutes will be devoted to messages from Lord Pethick-Lawrence, H.S.L. Polak and Carl Heath. The remaining twenty minutes will consist of a reading of extracts from wel-known books by English authors about Mahatma Gandhi—one of these books being a new work written by Lord Pethick-Lawrence, H. M. Brailsford and H.S.L. Polak which will be appearing shortly.

In addition some of the messages included in the first ten minutes of the Memorial Programme will be broadcast in a Hindustani translation on the same day during the Hindustani News which can be heard here at 7.30 p.m. (IST) on 16.95 and 13.86 metres.

MODERN METHOD FOR CITY CLEANING

Standing Committee Sanctions Grant

BOMBAY, Wednesday

A scheme for the re-organisation of the "Public Cleansing Service" according to "modern sanitary and aesthetic principles" was approved by the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation today.

The Committee sanctioned a sum of Rs. 44,19,000 asked by the Commissioner to try the scheme for a period of three years.

The Commissioner, in making the demand for the amount, stressed that public cleansing — which is mainly concerned with the collection and disposal of house and street refuse and the cleansing of streets—must be carried out according to the latest sanitary and aesthetic principles. The present municipal service, he pointed out, was out-dated in equipment and lacked efficiency. He added that the quantity of refuse collected in the City had increased to about 2,000 tons per day from 1,000 tons before the war.

According to the new proposals, the present method of collecting and transporting refuse both by bullock carts and motor vehicles will be stopped and light motor vehicles suitable for use in narrow streets will take the place of the former. While there are only 80 motor vehicles now operating in the City, under the new scheme, there will be 265.

Dust-bin sheds and dust-bin cart stands will be replaced by covered containers of ten cubic yards capacity and attendants will be kept at each container to receive the refuse brought by householders and to prevent it from being thrown around. About 400 containers will be required for this purpose and they will be hauled with "Dempster-Dumpster" mechanical hoisting equipment which will be mounted on diesel-driven chasis.

In addition, incinerators for drying and burning the refuse will be used as the present "dumps" are expected to be filled in within some time.

Madras Bus Strike Declared Illegal

MADRAS, Jan. 26, (API):— The Transport Workers' strike in the city, which entered its third day today, has been declared illegal by the Labour Commissioner. Meanwhile transport authorities today put more buses on service today, which plied under police guards.

There were two cases of stone-throwing on running buses today, in connection with which two persons were arrested.

One hundred and ten strikers, mostly drivers and conductors, who had been arrested yesterday, were produced before the Commissioner of Police. They were remanded into custody till February 4. One person was sentenced to a month's R.I. for pelting stones at a running bus.

UNITED NATIONS' APPEAL FOR CHILDERN

The Child of today will be the man or woman of tomorrow, face to face with life and responsibility. It is essential that the child be so equipped that he will feel he is a self-respecting, self-reliant citizen, happy when at work, content when that is accomplished.

The wealth of a country lies in its natural resources. In the child of today lies dorment the man-power of tomorrow.

For us, who are at the helm of affairs today, this is an opportunity to do all that can be done before Time and Tide indicate our day is over

U.N.O. sponsored an appeal for children, and the Government of India supported it. Now the Government of India has asked Bombay to help, and "the First City of India" has gladly responded to tehe U.N.A.C. A Committee has been formed with Rani Maharaj Singh as Chairman.

Prince Axel Of Denmark

H. R. H. Prince Axel of Denmark, a grand-uncle of King Federick IX of Denmark, will arrive on an unofficial visit at Bombay on the 5th of February.

The Prince is travelling in his capacity of Chairman and Managing Director of The East Asiatic Company, Ltd., a Danish firm engaged in worldwide shipping and commerce.

Among Prince Axel's many interests is a keen enthusiasm for aviation, and he was one of the pioneer Air pilots, acquiring his Pilot's licence as far back as 1912. His interest for flying brought His Royal Highness into close contact with Scandinavian aviation and led to his appointment to the Board of Directors of the Scandinavian Air Lines (S.A.S.), which group may shortly be adding a Far Eastern Service to its European and American net-work.

Together with Prince Axel will be Mr. Hakon Christiansen, also a Managing Director of The East Asiatic Company.

NIRA WORKERS CONFER

A conference of honorary workers of the Nira Scheme was held on Sunday last, at the Council Hall, under the chairmanship of Shri Appa Saheb Patwardhan.

The meeting was attended by Mr L. M. Patil, Minister for Excise, Government of Bombay, and Mr. Gajanan Naik, the Government of India's Adviser for Palm-gur.

The Provincial Honorary Administrator of the Nira Scheme gave account of the working of the 91 Nira centres in the Province. He expressed the hope that more such centres would be opened very soon.

Later in the day, the workers inspected the Nira centre at Goregaon, where they got an opportunity of seening all the processes connected with extraction, preservation and distribution of Nira. They were also shown how sweets, such as chocolate, halvas from 'badam' and chiku, could be prepared from Nira.

Mr. V. L. Mehta, Minister for Finance, also paid a visit to the centre.

It was decided to convene such conferences in future at different places in the Province. The next conference will be held in Karnatak.

42 ARRESTED FOR ALLEGED GAMBLING

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Anti-Gambling Squad of the Bombay Police, during the last one week, raided three gambling dens in various parts of the city and arrested 42 persons who were said to be engaged in gambling activities and recovered Rs 2,000 from the premises.

Of the arrested persons, 21 were taken into custody from Shankar Marwadi's Chawl at Falkland Road. S. I Deshpande of the Squad who raided the place seized Rs. 1,200 from the premises.

The same police officer with his party also raided a room in Jariwala Compound, Nagpada and another room in Jasmi Building, Agripada and arrested 8 and 13 persons respectively. The members of the gans it is said, were engaged in gambling when the police raided the place. A total sum of Rs. 800 was recovered from the places.

TRAGIC END OF EUROPEAN WOMAN

BOMBAY, Wednesday:

Fanny Gottfried, a 66-year-old Austrian-born Jewess, staying at York House, Barrow Road, Colaba, fell fatally from the fourth floor of a nearby building, Porbunder Castle, where she had gone to meet her niece.

She is believed to have committed suicide because she had been ailing from heart-trouble.

It is reported that while the woman was talking to her niece, the latter went into the kitchen to prepare tea. When she returned she did not find the old lady. She learnt later that she had fallen down and was removed to the Northcote Nursing Home, where she died.

BOMBAY PROBATION OF OFFENDERS ACT AMENDMENT

The 'Statement of Objects and Reasons' of the Bill says:—

It has been found by experience that the Bombay Probation of Offenders Act, 1938, requires some changes. The Bill is intended to carry out the necessary amendments to the Act.

NOTES ON CLAUSES

CLAUSE 2: This clause empowers the Court to require a Probation Officer to submit to it a report regarding the character and antecedents of the persons dealt with under this Act. This clause also provides for treating the report of the Probation Officer as "Confidential".

CLAUSE 3: The reports of the Probation Officers are generally based on the information gathered from the relatives of the offenders, their neighbours, friends, etc. At times, these reports contain adverse remarks about their character and thus the reporting Officer is exposed to the risk of prosecution for defamation. The new sections proposed to be inserted by this clause would give him immunity from any legal proceedings for anything done by him in good faith.

SARASWATI HIGH SCHOOL SOCIAL GATHERING

The tenth annual social gathering of the Saraswati High School, Lalbaug, was held in the place reserved for the school building under the presidentship of Mr. S. K. Patil, on Sunday last, the actual programmes were started at 4 p.m. and after entertainment items and the introduction of the president, the prizes were given by Mr. S. K. Patil. In his short speech Mr. Patil dealt with various problems concerning secondary education service erning secondary education and paid tributes to the service rendered in the province of education by Mr. Agarkar, Chiplunkar and others. Mr. Patil was greatly pleased with the working of the school. The work for the institution could be made easy, provided substantial help comes forth from the rich and industrialists. Such help can be speeded up as now the Government have made tax-free a portion of the amount given for approved charities. Mr. Patil also congratulated the school on its winning the Hind Trophy and its other triumphs in sports and assured that he would extend his helping hand for having a building for the school, on the reserved plot, by persuading a possible donor to give a liberal donation.

YET ANOTHER RECORD IN LIFE BUSINESS!

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Year	Introduced	Completed
1946	Rs. 63,22,000	Rs. 56,37,000
1947	Rs. 65,57,000	Rs. 57,30,000
1948	Rs. 75,85,000	Rs. 63,17,000

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WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, Jan. 26 (A. P. I.): Weather has been dry over the country, except for local showers in and near the hills of the East Punjab and the West United Provinces:

Night temperatures were above normal over the whole of Northern India, being markedly so in Rajputana, the East United Provinces, Vindhya Pardesh and the North Central Provinces.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 27TH: There will be a few thundershowers in the United Province and the adjoining districts of the East Punjab. A few falls of rain are also likely in the southern districts of South-East Madras.

Night temperatures will fall in the East Punjab and West Rajputana, and continue above normal over the rest of Northern India.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, Jan. 26, (A. P. I.): The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st December 1948, and the departure from normal recorded at 8 hours (I. S. T.), on Wednesday:—

Ahmedabad 87 61 0 0 minus 0.1, Allahabad 79 57 minus 1.1, Baroda 90 51 0 0 —, BOMBAY 87 55 66 0 0 minus 0.2, Calcutta 83 59 0 0 minus 0.5, Delhi 77 52 0 0.1 minus 1.0, Hyderabad (Dn.) 86 58 0 0 minus 0.6, Jubbulpore 88 59 0 0 minus 1.1, Karachi 77 nil, Lahore 75 49 0 1.8 plus 0.5, Lucknow 77 55 0 0 minus 0.9, Mysore 83 59 0 0 minus 0.5, Nagpur 88 59 0 0 minus 0.8, Patna 81 — 0 0 minus 0.6, Peshawar 68 46 0 3.5 plus 1.7, Poona 92 56 0 0 minus 0.2, Quetta — 27 0 — —, Rajkot 86 56 0 0 minus 0.1.

Mrs. Pandit To Arrive In City Today

BOMBAY, Jan. 26 (API).—Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, India's Ambassador in Russia, is expected to arrive in Bombay by air from New Delhi tomorrow evening on her way to Moscow, it was learnt here today.

Accompanied by her Secretary, Mr. S. L. Bhalla, Mrs. Pandit will fly to London on January 29, arriving there next day. After a brief half in London, Mrs. Pandit will continue her journey on January 31 to Prague where she will board a Russian plane for Moscow.

MISS LUDMILA PRIMAKOFF

Among the passengers on the Air-India International "Constellation" that left Santa Cruz Tuesday night was Miss Ludmila Primakoff, daughter of a well-known architect of Russian extraction, who has settled in Bombay. Tall, slim, blonde Miss Primakoff is 19 years old and is bound for New York, where she will study fashion designing. After a further year in Paris she will return to India, and open her own establishment. She considers that traditional Indian costumes such as the sari and the Punjabi salwar pyjama offer great scope for original design.

DR. K. M. CHAKRAVARTI

On board the same plane was Dr. K. M. Chakravarti, chief Chemist of the Sindri Fertiliser Factory. He is proceeding to U.K. on deputation. He expects to be away for about a year

MR. E. J. FIELDEN

This aircraft also carried Mr. E. J. Fielden, Managing Director of Messrs. J. Walter Thompson Company (Eastern) Limited, and his daughter.

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ARRESTED FOR BREACH OF ORDER

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

For addressing a meeting outside the compound of the Colaba Land Mill in contravention of the order of the Commissioner of Police Bombay, Jagtap Baburao, Vasant Gangadhar and Rajaram T. Kadam were arrested by the police on Thursday. They were later released on bail. Their bail period was extended by Mr. V. K. Muranjan Magistrate at the Esplanade, on Wednesday.

Use Of Opium In Indigenous Medicines

The Committee appointed by Government to investigate into the question of the use of opium, ganja and bhang in the preparation of Ayurvedic and Unani medicines held its second meeting today at the Secretariat. Dr. B. B. Yodh, Chairman, presided.

The Committee decided to visit by the end of February certain Ayurvedic and Unani pharmacies in the Province to take evidence from individual physicians and vaidyas. The meeting also considered replies received by them to their questionnaire issued to the physicians.

The Committee is expected to submit their report to Government in next March.

FATMA MANZIL EVICTIONS ECHO

BOMBAY, Wednesday,

A deputation, consisting of three members on behalf of the Ejected tenants of Fatma Manzil, Colaba, met today Mr. M. D. Bhat, Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay, to seek Government's help to provide alternate accommodation to the shelterless families. The deputationists pointed out that they have been occupying the building for the last several years and that the action of the military in ejecting them have virtually rendered many families shelterless.

The Chief Secretary, it is learnt, expressed Government's inability to help them in the matter as the building concerned was in the possession of the Defence Department.

The military authorities maintain that the building has been hired by the Defence Department for the past five years for the use of service personnel and their families and that the evicted tenants were illegally occupying the building as they were no longer in the military service.

NAGPUR, Jan. 26 (UPI): Shri D. L. Khadse, Parliamentary Secretary to the Food Minister, inaugurated today the fourth centre, of tractorscheme, at Dularia in Hoshangabad district.

KIDWAI'S ADVICE TO POST & TELEGRAPH WORKERS NOT TO RESORT TO STRIKE

BANGALORE, Jan. 26 (API)—An appeal to the Post and Telegraph workers not to resort to strike to get grievances redressed was made by Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, Communications Minister, addressing a meeting of Post and Telegraph staff at the Bangalore Head Post Office this evening.

Mr. Kidwai referred to the newspaper report about the decision of the Union of Post and Telegraph workers to call a general strike from March 9, 1949 and said he hoped that better sense would prevail and that there would be no strike.

TWO MEMORANDA

Earlier, two memoranda were presented to the Ministers and the Telegraph Engineering Staff Union.

The Memorandum submitted by the former referred to the request made to authorities for the grant of house building advance equivalent to four years pay as loan, to be recovered without interest in monthly instalments. It also asked for increase in house rent allowance based on the increase in population of Bangalore and urged that extra-departmental agents, such as stamp vendors, should be absorbed into the department.

The memorandum submitted by the Engineering Staff Union requested the Minister to remove the various discriminatory difficulties under which they were suffering.

Replying to the points raised in the Memorandum of the P. and T. Workers' Union, Mr. Kidwai said some of them were being attended to. He said when the Deputy Minister of Communications had visited Bangalore his attention was drawn to the fact that Bangalore's population now exceeded five lakhs, and that therefore the house rent allowances should be increased.

Census figures received from the provinces were taken into consideration and a list of towns those population had increased by a lakh or so had been prepared. He trusted Bangalore was also on that list. He hoped that sometime soon increment in house allwance would be granted as recommended by the Pay Commission.

KIDWAI VISITS TELEPHONE INDUSTRIES FACTORY

India's Communications Minister, Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai visited this morning the Indian Telephone Industries—the only factory of the kind in India—located on a five hundred-acre site at Duravani Nagpur, five miles from Bangalore. Mr. R. Natarajan, General Manager of the Factory, took him round the temporary factory building, the office already set up and the site for the pucca building which is to house the factory.

Mr. Kidwai, who spent an hour and half in the factory, was presented an address by the factory staff. Replying to the address, the Communications Minister said that he had come to Bangalore to see "this national industry" start functioning. 'You all know', he added, "we are backward in industries in this country and our friends outside are astounded about our inficiency and lack of means of tele-communications. I hope you will soon remove these defects. It rests with you to make a success of this industry. We have now attained our independence and success of that independence rests on the workers of the nation."

U. K. TECHNICIANS FOR BANGALORE

BANGALORE, Jan. 26 (A.P.I.): Mr. J. Glass and Mr. W. Dutch, the Works Manager and the training engineer respectively of the Indian Telephone Industry, have arrived here from the United Kingdom to train up technicians in Assembly work. Ten more technicians from the United Kingdom are expected shortly to arrive while a dozen Indian engineers who are getting their training in England will return by the end of the year.

The first two thousand telephones assembled from component parts imported from abroad will be ready by the end of February this year and from then it is proposed to assemble two-thousand telephones every month.

Machinery for both assembling telephones and manufacturing the component parts by stages are now on their way.

The factory has already started functioning and the occasion of the Communication Minister's visit to the factory was marked by the presentation of the first four telephones assembled by it to the Governor-General of India, the Prime Minister, the Communications Minister and the Government of Mysore.

"EXERCISE FORETHOUGHT"

How Indian Army Keeps Fit

JULLUNDUR, Jan. 26 (UPI): An intensive two-day "Exercise Forethought', part of the Indian Army's constant efforts to keep itself "fighting fit", concluded here today.

The Commander-in-Chief, General K. M. Cariappa, Lt.-Gen. S. M. Shrinages G.O.C.-in-Chief, Western Command, and high ranking senior officers from Army Headquarters and Western Command were among those who participated in or watched the proceedings.

After the exercise which was a purely administrative one, Indian Army officers of the Western Command assembled at the King George V's Royal Indian Military College and discussed the administrative problems that would arise in an emergency. Prompt despatch of supplies and ammunition, evacuation of casualties, air cover and repairs to damaged roads and railways were among the subjects discussed.

DEADLOCK IN VINDHYA PRADESH CABINET

Sequel To Bundelkhand Ministers' Resignation

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE (By Mail): A deadlock, both of political and administrative nature, is reported have been arisen in the neighbouring Vindhya Pradesh as a sequel to the developments which have, of late, taken place there with amazing rapidity.

Following the resignation of Lal Gopal Sharma, the Law Minister, which he had tendered in November last, Shri Kamta Prasad Saksena, the Deputy Premier of the Vindhya Pradesh has also followed suit but his resignation has not been accepted as yet by the Premier, Shri Avadhesh Pratap Singh.

The Vindhya Pradesh had come into being in April 1948 as a sequel to the integration of the states in Bundelkhand and Baghelkhand agencies. Although the Bundelkhand enjoyed an equality both in area, population and revenue with the Baghelkhand its interest was always neglected by the Premier and his colleagues from Baghelkhand who being in a majority of four against three supersede the voice and sentiments of their three colleagues from the Bundelkhand states. In addition to this, both the Bundelkhand and the Baghelkhand remained as heterogenous units in the Vindhya Pradesh instead of being homogenous units and this became a constant source of friction among the people of the Bundelkhand and the Baghelkhand units.

The political situation in the Vindhya Pradesh has also assumed a stormy and distressing turn since the last elections to the Provisional Vindhya Pradesh Provincial Congress Committee which were held in October last. This Provisional Provincial Congress Committee was dissolved in December last soon after the Jaipur Congress session, and it was replaced by another permanent body which was constituted on the basis of a decision given by Dr. Pattabhi Seetaramayya—the Congress President in the long standing Vindhya Congress dispute. This has left many erstwhile Congressmen seriously disgruntled, which further adds to the deteriorating situations. The deadlock stands unsolved.

RECENT HAPPENINGS IN BHOPAL

Latest reports received here from Bhopal state that all the prominent Congress workers, who had been conducting the pro-merger movement in the Bareli, Deory, Udaypura, Wadi, Bamhori and Shahpura tehsils of the state, have been arrested by the Bhopal police and the leaderless public is being terrorised by the hirelings of the interested parties. The arrested Congressmen were handcuffed and thrashed by the police in the lock-up. They were humiliated and abused publicly. The Bhopal police also enter into the fields and destroy the standing crops and beat the kisans with lathis and shoes if they stood to protect their crops against the unbriddled activities of these miscreants. Being unable to stand the atrocities of the Bhopal police and of the hirelings, the people of the state have started to migrate into the neighbouring Hoshangabad in the Central Provinces in large numbers and the number of these migrants is daily mounting up.

PLIGHT OF GUJARAT CATTLE

GRAZIERS' HERDS CONTAINING 8,000 PEDIGREE GIR AND KANKEJ ANIMALS ARE BEING REMOVED FROM THE COLLECTION-CAMPS AT GODHRA TO SUITABLY SITUATED PASTURE LANDS IN THE FORESTS BY THE BOMBAY HUMANITARIAN LEAGUE ENTRUSTED WITH CATTLE RELIEF WORK BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

Von Papen Wins Appeal

Hitler's First Vice-Chancellor Released

NUREMBERG, Jan. 26 (Reuter): Franz Von Papen, Hitler's first Vice-Chancellor and latest from war-time Ambassador to Turkey, was released from imprisonment by the Denazification Appeal Tribunal here today.

The tribunal released him as "an offender of the second degree" instead of a "a main offender".

Van Papen was appealing against an 8-year labour camp sentence passed on him by a German court after he had been acquitted by the Nuremberg International Tribunal.

The Appeal Tribunal formally confirmed the sentence but declared that he had served it effectively by the time he had already spent under arrest.

The Tribunal revoked the order confiscating his entire property. Instead, he will have to pay a fine of 30,000 German Marks (£2,250) and to bear one-third of the cost of both trials.

RESTRICTIONS

Lifting the warrant for Von Papen's detention with immediate effect, the Tribunal banned him for life from holding public office, exercising the vote or standing as a political candidate, as well as from working as a teacher, preacher or radio speaker.

He will not be allowed to engage in any of the liberal professions for five years.

Alleged Encroachment On Ladies Garden

BHAVNAGAR, Jan. 26:

Refugees in Bhavnagar have made a demand that some small piece of land round about Mabila Baug should be given to them so that they can erect shops and stalls for them. The municipality has decided to give some land round the square of Mabila Baug if the land is given the separate garden for ladies will be circled by shops of refugees, and thus it is feared there will be curtailment of freedom of the Ladies' Garden.

Dissatisfaction has prevailed among the public a protest meeting of ladies will be held on Saturday in which ladies of various institutions will take part. As the Central Government has declared 10-rupee increment to Bhavnagar post and telegraph and other servants, Bhavnagar Railway Office staff servants have put forward their demand before Saurashtra Government for 10-rupee Increment.

Munshi's Advice To Kanarese-Speaking People

MADRAS, Jan. 26 (API): "I have held the view that the best course for the Kanarese-speaking people in Bombay and Madras is to merge with Mysore, which has a ready-made capital, University and High Court", said Mr. K. M. Munshi, former Government of India's Agent-General in Hyderabad, in an interview today.

He added: "But I doubt whether the Kanarese-speaking people of Bombay and Madras would be willing to join Mysore, unless Mysore accepts the same closer relations with the Centre, which other Provinces have. I see no difficulty to the Maharaja and his line remaining constitutional heads of the new Karnatic unit. I understand negotiations are going on between leaders of Mysore and Bombay and Madras to achieve this result."

Belvedere For National Library

CALCUTTA, Jan. 26 (UPI): The magnificent Palace at Belvedere, hitherto set apart for the use of Viceroys during their annual visits to Calcutta, will, from the month of May next, be utilised for accommmodating the National Library which is the new name for the Imperial Library. Efforts are now being made to make the institution a copy-right library. It is understood that a legislation will be enacted entitling the library to receive copies of every matter published in India.

U. S. AIR TRAFFIC

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 26 (UPA): Pasenger traffic over the Philippine airlines Pacific route to the Orient rose 37½ per cent in December, 1948, over the previous month, it was announced today.

A total of 1,493,707 passenger miles were flown during December against 1,086,080 in November.

However, air cargo traffic dropped 14.6 per cent from 65,264 pounds in November to 55,698 in December.

SAURASHTRA CONSEMBLY VICE-PRESIDENT

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, Jan. 26.

Today in the open session of the Saurashtra Constituent Assembly Mr. Jethalal Joshi was elected unanimously as vice-president of Consembly.

REFUGEE LAWYERS FIND WORK

Special Employment Bureau's Efforts

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26.

Up to the end of December, 1948, the Special Employment Bureau registered 2,359 highly qualified refugees, such as lawyers, doctors, professors, school-masters, journalists, engineers, architects, accountants, statisticians, graduates of Commerce, Economics and Science, zoologists, microbiologists, factory managers and others with high technical or academic qualifications and administrative experience. Of this number, 435 persons, including 23 women, have been placed in employment upto the end of December, 1948.

The Ministry of Home Affairs was induced to take over a hundred young lawyers and graduates, registered with the Special Employment Bureau, as trainees with a view to appointing them as assistants in the various departments of the Government of India. They have completed their training and have already been absorbed.

The Special Employment Bureau has been forwarding from time to time graded lists of highly qualified registrants to all the Provincial and State Government, the Ministeries in the Central Government and to important private firms. The Director of the Bureau has been visiting the more important employment contres outside Delhi with a view to securing employment for highly qualified refugees.

It will be recalled that the Special Employment Bureau was set up in March, 1948, by the Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation for the purpose of providing a special employment agency for highly educated non-Government service displaced personnel from Pakistan. In July 1948, it was transferred to the administrative control of the Directorate-General of Resettlement and Employment, Ministry of Labour.

In order to secure the maximum benefit of the Special Employment Bureau, it has been decided by the Employment Co-ordination Committee, at the instance of this Directorate-General that all central appointing authorities should be directed to call for nominations simultaneously from the Transfer Bureau of the Ministry of Home Affairs, the Special Employment Bureau and the Employment Exchanges, although, other things being equal preference may continue to be given to the nominees of the Transfer Bureau. It was also decided to ask the appointing authorities to submit a periodical return showing the nature of vacancies and arrangements made to fill them, so as to ensure that all vacancies are duly notified to the three employment agencies mentioned.

Foundation Of Two Refugee Colonies Laid

(From Our Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, Jan. 25.

The Central Provinces Refugee Rehabilitation and Public Works Department Minister Mr. Rameshwar Agnibhoj laid to-day at Jubbulpore the foundation-stone of Dwarkanagar and Nayabazar, two colonies for refugees for accommodation and business purposes. Dwarkanagar will have nearly 200 houses in Kariapathar, while Nayabazar will have 72 shops, each measuring twelve by fourteen feet.

One Killed In Refugee Trouble

BADAUN, Jan. 26. (A.P.I.): One man was killed and several received injuries in a fight between refugees and shopkeepers at Ujhani, according to report received here. The District Magistrate and the Superintendent of Police reached the spot and brought the situation under control.

HALF CRORE IN LOANS FOR REFUGEE CONCERNS

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26 (API): Loans aggregating nearly half a crore of rupees have so far been sanctioned by the Rehabilitation Finance Administrations for helping refugees to resettle themselves in business or industries. The largest loan sanctioned so far is Rs. 1,000,000 to a co-operative transport society in East Punjab. Another firm of refugees has been given a loan of Rs. 50,000. The average sum sanctioned per successful application exceeds Rs. 13,000.

The administration has its headquarters at Delhi and has branches at Simla, Calcutta and Bombay. It has a sub-office at Lucknow. Offices are expected to be opened in the near future in the Central Provinces and the Rajasthan Union.

U. P. ASKS FOR SEVEN AND HALF CRORE LOAN

The U.P. Government have requested the Government of India for an advance of rupees seven and a half crores to facilitate the work of housing the refugees in the Province, it is learnt. The Provincial Government have also requested the Central Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation to approach the Defence Ministry for releasing certain military barracks for refugees of whom 5,300 families are expected to be accommodated in them.

Industrialising The World

U. S. Film Chief's Plea For American Corporation

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 27. (Reuter): Mr. Eric Johnston, President of the Motion Picture Association of America, proposed to-night a world-wide United States-sponsored industrialisation programme as a "positive and practical means" of impulementing President Truman's call for American aid to undeveloped areas.

Mr. Johnston, addressing the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce, suggested the formation of a "World Economic Development Corporation" to effect industrialisation by combining American capital and technique with foreign capital and manpower.

The proposed programme would provide sources of "healthy foreign trade" when Marshall Aid ended, he claimed.

He proposed a Government fund of 1,000 million dollars to guarantee investors against loss through nationalisation or confiscation, but not against "normal business risks".

South America, the Middle East, Africa and Asia needed industrialisation most, the film chief said.

In Western Europe, investments should be integrated by the Economic Co-operation Administration or some such body.

Industrial Policy Advisory Committee

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26. (U.P.I.): A Committee to advise Central Government on matters relating to legislation contemplated by the Centre in respect of 18 industries in which the Government of India, according to their industrial policy already declared, have taken powers for control and regulation, was appointed by the Central Advisory Council of Industries, which concluded its session yesterday.

This Committee, which consists of Messrs. G. D. Birla, Homi Modi, Sri Ram, Ashoka Mehta and Khandubhai Desai, will tender advice to the Government not only on matters affecting industrial relations but in matters affecting production in these 18 industries.

TRIBESMEN HIE HOME

But Need No Call-Up

RAWALPINDI, Jan. 26 (API)—Tribesmen from the North-West Frontier Province, who entered Kashmir during the recent fighting, have been persuaded to return to their homes, it was officially announced here today.

The first batch of several thousand tribesmen passed through Rawalpindi yesterday, according to a Press Note issued by the Pakistan Central Headquarters here.

The step had been taken to indicate Pakistan's "earnest desire" to implement the cease-fire the announcment said.

THEY NEED NO CALL-UP

Should things go wrong, a tribal commander told a Pakistan Army observer, they would return "and they will not need a call-up."

He said the tribesmen had agreed to go home on being assured by Pakistan that this would help speedily restore conditions for holding the plebiscite.

Education Indispensable For People

AURANGABAD, Jan. 26:

The Rt. Hon. Dr. Ambedkar, Law Minister Government of India was presented with an address of welcome by the Managing Committee of Marathi High School Aurangabad when he visited the same on 21st inst.

The Doctor, in reply to the address, said that the running of such educational institutons was not only praiseworthy but absolutely indispensable for the enlightenment of our masses. For in education lay the salvation of the people. Politics was important but education was still more so. For the true enjoyment of freedom, enlightenment of the people through education was necessary.

He highly praised the efforts of the managing committee for doing true service of the people, and concluded by saying that if a resolution was to be brought about, the necessary material had to be produced in schools.

FOUR-HOUR BATTLE WITH KARENS

RANGOON, Jan. 26. (Reuter): The Burmese Press to-day reported a four-hour battle between Government troops and 300 Karen insurgents in Pegu district, 40 miles north of Rangoon. Insurgents who attacked a police station were beaten off, the report said.

TRAM DERAILED.

A locomotive and some wagons were damaged when guerillas derailed a goods tram yesterday, but no loss of life had been reported, it was officially announced.

Insurgents cut the telegraph wires between Pegu and Rangoon.

Burma T.U. Federation Backs Government Employees' Strike

RANGOON, Jan. 26. (Reuter): The Burma Trade Union Federation, representing 30 000 Government employees, decided to-day to call a national strike on February 7 in protest against the Government's decision to cut the cost of living allowances.

The Federation gave the Government time until February 4 to rescind the allowances decision.

The Trade Union Congress pledged full support to the Federations decision, and called on workers to "resist attempts by employers to reduce income".

The Federation urged the Government to set up a Coalition Cabinet including Communists and White Band insurgent followers of the People's Volunteer Organisation, to "tide over the economic difficulties".

INDIA & TURKEY

Prof. Mahalnobis On Basic Similarities In Peoples' Habits And Customs

CALCUTTA, Jan. 26. (U.P.I.): The view that there was basic similarity in administration and even social and economic patterns and habits between India and Turkey, was expressed by Prof. P. C. Mahalnobis F.R.S. in the course of an interview to the United Press of India to-day.

Prof. Mahalnobis was invited by the Government of Turkey to advise them on matters relating to statistics. He pointed out that in matters of food, dress and musical tune, there was much similarity between India and Turkey.

There were village panchayats in Turkey consisting of five members and the head of the Panchayat was called Muktear and these Panchayats corresponded with those of India, he said.

"We found everywhere great deal of interest about India and the friendliness appeared to us to be genuine for close cultural and economic relations", he added. I met some of the Ministers who were very cordial and I was much impressed by their genuine interest in the future of India."

Prof. Mahalnobis revealed that a number of students were eager to come to India for better study of statistics. A number of Government officials and members of the University Faculty enquired whether facilities for advanced study of Turkish students could be afforded in India.

Concluding Prof. Mahalnobis appreciated the work of Indian Embassy at Istanbul.

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Jan. 25, (A.P.I.)— Owing to deterioration in the supply position of petrol it has been decided to issue only fifty per cent of supplementary ration from February 1, 1949, says a press note. The note warns that motorists must use their vehicles most sparingly, as further cuts are likely to be made again.

COMMONWEALTH TIES STRENGTHENED

Evatt On Delhi Conference

CANBERRA, Jan. 26. (Reuter): Dr. Herbert Evatt, Australian Minister for External Affairs, said to-day the New Delhi 19-Nations, Asian Conference had undoubtedly strengthened practical co-operation among the five British Commonwealth nations who attended-India, Pakistan, Ceylon, New Zealand and Australia.

"I believe that the security and the welfare of all the peoples of South East Asia will be advanced as a result of this Conference", he added.

Dr. Evatt said: "In principle, the decisions of the conference are in line with the United Nations Security Council's discussions, though some additional recommendations have been made.

"Australia's attitude has been strictly in accordance with its general policy of unwavering support for United Nations principles, which include the settlement of all international dispute's by conciliation and not by the use of force".

Scindia State Rly. Workers Vote For Strike

(From Our Correspondent)

GWALIOR (By Mail): An overwhelming majority of the workers of the Scindia State Railways in the Madhya Bharat Uunion have voted for strike at the ballot conducted by the Sc. S. Railwaymen's Union—Agar Branch of the railway.

The Working Committee of the Union met on the 18th instant to take stock of the ballot results. It was declared that out of 88 per cent of the total number of workers of the railway whose membership is claimed by the Union, 96 per cent of them entered for the strike ballot. Of these entrants, the result arrived at is 99.1 per cent in favour of the strike.

KANPUR ELECTRIC COMPANY STRIKE

KANPUR, Jan. 26 (UPI): About 1,800 employees of the Kanpur Electric Supply Company went on strike this morning as a protest against non-payment of bonus for the last two years.

If the electric workers do not return to work at once, and the electric supply fails, more than forty factories, workshops and mills would stop working rendering idle about 2 lakhs workers. City water supply would also be vitally affected after 36 hours.

Hunger Strike Sequel

CALCUTTA, Jan. 26. (A.P.I.): Some dislocation in the work in the Head Office of the B. N. Railway was caused to-day, due to a demonstration staged by some of the office staff as a protest against the removal by the police of some railway staff who had staged a hunger strike in the main entrance of the Head Office Building, says the Public Relations Officer, Calcutta Railway.

He adds: the discharge by the administration of some railway employees for indiscipline and the serving of charge-sheets on some other railway staff in connection with another incident was given as a reason for the Hunger Strike.

NEW DELHI, Jan 26 (API): The National Research Council of Canada is awarding about 40 post-doctorate fellowships to foreign students tenable in the National Research Council Laboratories, Ottawa, and the laboratories of the Canadian Atomic Energy project at Chalk River, Ontario, says a Press Note issued by the Ministry of Education.

Minute's Stoppage Of Work On Anniversary Of Mahatma's Death

JAMSHEDPUR, Jan. 26 (API).—Cessation of all works, including the running of train services, for one minute about the time of the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi on January 30, is suggested by Mr. M. John, M.L.A., Vice-President, the Indian National Trade Union Congress, in a telegram to India's Prime Minister, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru.

In his telegram Mr. John also suggested total prohibition and closing of all places of amusement for the day, to be ordered all over the country.

OVERSEAS INFORMATION BUREAU FOR STUDENTS

The Government of India have set up an Overseas Information Bureau in the Ministry of Education to impart information and guidance to students wishing to proceed abroad. Besides this Bureau there are at present a number of University or Provincial Students' Advisory Bureaus in the Provinces and States.

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 24, (UPI): The sixth annual conference of Indian Peoples' Theatre Association will be held at Allahabad from February 4 to 9. About 400 delegates from all over India are expected to attend the conference.

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Bombay, 24-1-1949.

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MUSCLE SPRAIN FORCES SAJJAD TO GIVE UP AFTER 5-ALL WITH NARENDRA NATH

Jain's Plucky Play Against Afsar Hussain In C. C. I. Tennis

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Most disappointed man in the Cricket Club of India Tennis Tournament this evening was Hyderabad's ace player, S. M. Sajjad. Pitted against the redoubtable Narendra Nath, he confounded all critics, and surprised the Indian Davis Cup player by running him level in the first and only set played until five games all. It was then that the Hyderabad champion sprained his thigh muscle, and had to withdraw from the court, conceding a walk-over to Narendra Nath.

Playing with great determination, Sajjad exploited his excellent ground strokes fully by hitting hard on both the flanks. Assisted by an exceedingly good service, Sajjad never let his better-known opponent take the lead, and taking his service games, led four games to three, but then he dropped his service game. Sajjad embarked upon challenging Narendra Nath on ground strokes, and had the latter cornered on many an occasion.

The tennis that the small crowd saw in this short period, has not been seen at all this season.

Narendra Nath's strokes and placements had no terrors for Sajjad. He matched stroke for stroke with Narendra Nath, and invariably got the better of him in the end.

When Sajjad pulled his muscle the score was five-all in the first set, and he wisely gave up the match.

Quite a mild surprise was created, when the College Champion Rajkumar Jain, nearly upset the calculations of Afsar Hussain. Leading throughout the first set, Jain played at the top of his form.

Playing an extremely steady game, Jain forced Afsar Hussain into making mistakes, and the collegiate champion very nearly won the first set, which Afsar Hussain got at 8-6. In the next set, however Afsar Hussain took no chances, and playing faster game won the match at 8-6, 6-3. Mrs. Leela Dayal found it a tough job of breaking Miss Vivien Alexy in the first set. The later returned everything that Mrs. Dayal sent over, and in fact lost the set at 7-5. The second one however, was a one-sided set and resulted in victory for Mrs. Dayal.

The following were the results:—

MEN'S SINGLES

G. J. Cooper beat J. Charanjiva, 6-1, 3-6, 6-3; Ghouse beat M. E. Ghaswalla 7-5 7-5; J. M. Kantawalla beat B. P. Baliga 6-3 6-3; K. B. Madan beat G. N. Pawar 6-1 6-2; Narendra Nath beat S. M. Sajjad 5-6 (retired); G. Vasant beat B. S. Rama Rao 6-2 6-0; Naresh Kumar beat C. J. Cooper 6-2 6-3; Afsar Hussain beat Rajkumar Jain 8-6 6-3; P. Bekkevold beat N. D. Vyas 6-1 6-2; K. Mahindar Singh beat Ghouse, 6-0 6-3.

MEN'S DOUBLES

Jameson and Alexander beat U. S. Bungera and M. M. Shinde 6-3 7-5; Narendra Nath and G. Vasant beat R. N. Bhagwat and R. K. Sanghani 8-6 6-3; K. Watumull and D. N. Lady beat B. R. Rama Rao and R. R. Rua 6-3 6-4; J. Charanjiva and Prince Pateshsinghji beat B. K. Garudachar and D. V. Viswanath 6-3 6-1; C. J. Cooper and K. H. Kapadia beat Delaney and Timberlake 6-0 6-2; Naresh Kumar and Mahinder Singh beat P. J. Roy and Bhojwani 6-0 6-1; A. Owen and I. H. Shivdasani beat J. V. Kamath and R. J. Doshi 6-4 9-7; Narendra Nath and G. Vasant beat A. R. N. Peermohamed and L. M. Khatau 6-3 6-1.

LADIES SINGLES

Mrs. Khanna Singh beat Mrs. Betty Stewart 6-1 6-1; Mrs. Leela Dayal beat Miss Vivien Alexy 7-5 6-0.

MIXED DOUBLES

Afsar Hussain and Mrs. K. Singh vs. C. Ramaswamy and Miss L. Woodbridge 6-3 2-6 2-1 (unfinished); J. M. Mehta and Mrs. Pollard beat Pateshsinghji and Mrs. Limry 6-3 6-3; J. M. Kantawalla and Mrs. S. R. Mody beat P. K. Chaubal and Mrs. S. Patwardhan 6-3 6-1; Narendra Nath and Mrs. Betty Stewart beat O. P. Sharma and Miss R. Bhandari 6-0 6-0.

JUNIOR'S SINGLES

K. J. Pilani beat A. J. Charanjiva 7-5 8-6; Y. H. Varawalla beat Y. J. Dhroo 4-6 6-1 6-2; S. C. Mashruvala beat K. J. Pilani 6-0 6-1; Mohan Butani beat Manek Rammikal 6-2 6-1.

PROFESSIONAL'S SINGLES

Sher Ali beat Kasam 6-3 6-4; Vithal beat Abdul Bari 6-2 6-2; Gulam Sawar beat Zargund Sha 6-3 6-3.

THURSDAY'S PROGRAMME

Morning

Miss V. Alexy and Mrs. Patwardhan vs. Mrs. Kantawalla and Partner.

Evening

COURT NO. 1: 3-45 p.m. J. M. Kantawalla and Jimmy Mehta vs. K. Watumull and D. N. Dady, 4-30 p.m. Miss Joan Ingram and Mrs. L. Dayal vs. Mrs. Pollard and Mrs. Mindie, 5-0 p.m. Mrs. S. R. Mody and J. M. Kantawalla vs. Miss L. M. Merchant and K. B. Madan.

COURT NO. 2: 3-45 p.m. A. E. Owen vs. Bekkevold 4-30 p.m. Miss V. Alexy and Mrs. Patwardhan or Mrs. Kantawalla and Partner vs. Mrs. Betty Stewart and Mrs. Limr 5-0 p.m. Miss V. Alexy and Naresh Kumar vs. Mrs. Betty Stewart and Narendra Nath.

COURT NO. 3: 3-45 p.m. Miss L. Woodbridge and Miss Merchant vs. Miss Ghaswalla and Miss Bilimoria 5-0 p.m. Miss Joan Ingram and P. Bekkevold vs. Mrs. Pollard and J. M. Mehta.

COURT NO. 4: 3-45 p.m. C. J. Cooper and K. H. Kapadia vs. K. B. Madan and Afsar Hussain 4-30 p.m. Miss Alloo Pavri and Mrs. Mani S. Bharucha vs. Mrs. K. Singh and Mrs. S. R. Mody and P. Bekkevold vs. Mrs. Pollard and J. M. Mehta.

COURT NO. 4: 3-45 p.m. C. J. Cooper and K. H. Kapadia vs. K. B. Madan and Afsar Hussain 4-30 p.m. Miss Alloo Pavri and Mrs. Mani S. Bharucha vs. Mrs. K. Singh and Mrs. S. R. Mody and P. Bekkevold vs. Mrs. Pollard and J. M. Mehta.

COURT NO. 5: 3-45 p.m. Naresh Kumar and K. Mahinder Singh vs. Owen and I. H. Shivdasani 4-30 p.m. Noormahomed vs. Khan Din 5-0 p.m. Jamal Din vs. Vithal.

FIRST AVAILABLE COURT: Pratap Singh or M. H. Varawalla vs. S. C. Mashruwalla Y. H. Varawalla vs. Mohan Buttani Narendra Nath and Vasant vs. Charanjiva and Pateh-singhji.

ST. XAVIER'S ENTER SEMI-FINALS

Inter-College Tournament

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

St. Xavier's College trounced Siddarth College to the tune of five goals to nil in the Inter College Hockey Tournament. St. Xavier's now meet Sydenham in the semi-finals on Friday. A. Castellino, the Xavierites, left inner had the honour of scoring three goals in succession.

St. Xavier's College had the game all to themselves and netted twice in the first half through Pereira Cyril and then through A. Castellino, on resumption Castellino added two more goals to complete the hat-trick and Ralph Mathias completed his sides tally by scoring the fifth goal of a fine pass from the left inner Castellino.

Bombay Wins Ninth Inter-Varsity Meet

LUCKNOW, Jan. 26 (API)—The ninth Inter-University Olympic Meet concluded today when Bombay athletes scored the highest points of 66 and retained the championship won in the eighth Inter-Varsity meet.

East Punjab secured first position in five event and were second with 49 points. Both 4x100 metres relay and 4x400 metres relay were won by East Punjab.

Mysore secured 17 points and were third. Benares 9, Allahabad 8 and both Agra and Lucknow secured equal points—two each.

SEDGMAN DEFEATS QUIST

ADELAIDE, Jan. 26 (Reuter)—Frank Sedgman, regarded as the most promising young player in Australia, caused a major upset in the Australian Lawn Tennis Championships today, when he defeated Adrian Quist, the holder, 6-2, 4-6, 6-4, 6-4 in the quarter finals.

Results of other quarter finals were:

Geoff Brown bea George Worthington 6-1, 6-3, 4-6, 6-1; Bill Sidwell beat H. T. Warhurst, 6-3, 6-1, 4-6, 6-4, and John Bromwich beat Colin Long, 6-4, 6-4, 1-6, 6-2.

Late Mr. Habib Chotani's "Chehlam Ceremony"

Friends and the well-wishers of the late Mr. Habib M. Chotani, a well-known sportsman, are invited for the Chehlam Ceremony which will be held on Sunday the 30th instant in Minara Mosque (Mohamed Ali Road) at 9-30 p.m.

VIZIANAGARAM WILL NOT BE A COMMENTATOR

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26 (API): The Maharaja of Vizianagaram, who was selected as one of the Commentators of the fourth Test match to be held at Madras from January 27, will not be able to proceed to Madras due to sudden demise of his grandmother.

G. I. P. RAILWAY FINISH LAST

Senior Division Hockey

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

G.I.P. Railway "A" were forced to stay in the lowest berth of the Senior Division when "Times of India" "A" beat them this evening by the odd goal in five. "Times" who had scored three goals in the initial half had to confine themselves to that score for the Railwaymen nearly came wTithin equalizing scoring twice in the second half.

The first quarter of the initial half was without any incident of note except that both sides had a fair amount of the exchanges and in the sixteenth minute Elli, the "Times" outside left made a run down the line and beat Bocarro, who rushed to clear but miss timed, Elli passed to goal-mouth and off a melee J. Rodrigues scored, the ball just rolling over the line, Donnelly tried repeatedly to save on his hands and knees. "Times of India" scored their second goal a minute later of a penalty corner taken by Correa. Five minutes later Correa scored the third goal for "Times" of a clever pass from John Vaz. Half time saw "Times" up by three goals and their goal quite intact. It was quite good to see Tony Vas return to his old berth as centre half where he is more at home.

On resumption the Railwaymen would have opened their account through A. Fernandes who hesitated and then was robbed off the ball by Hubert D'Souza, but a few minutes later off a penalty corner the railway scored their first goal through Rahmat Ali, who scooped over and above the heads of the defenders. "Times" soon transferred play to the other end and the Railway goal was having one of the worst barrages in the game practically all the forwards having tried to score but Bocarro an Donnelly staved off the attack J. Vas missed many scoring chances and passes from L. Braganza, the right outer went abegging. The Railway obtained their second goal towards the end of the closing stages when Brown, the Pressmen's custodian left his charge and was surprised by Munir, who neatly put the ball into an untenanted goal. The Railwaymen pressed and Munir had a fine scoring chance, he took a good pot at goal but P. Fernandes made sticks in front of goal, a penalty corner was awarded but without result. G.I.P. Railway forced some short corners but they proved of no avail. Towards the last few minutes Munir was provided another scoring opportunity from a pass from right outer Pereira but a defender intervened and cleared. In the last minute of play A. Fernandes who was injured had to leave the field for medical attention.

The teams:—

"Times of India" "A":—Brown; T. Vaz, Roberts, P. Fernandes; H. D'Souza, T. Vaz, L. D'Souza; L. Braganza, J. Vaz, Rodrigues, Correa, T. Elli.

G.I.P. Rly. "A":—Donnelly; Rahmat Ali, Bocarro; Mulla, Pavey, Mascarenhas; Pereira, A. Fernandes, G. Fernandes, Munir, Swami.

Later in the evening a Women's Trial match was held to select a team to represent Bombay in the Inter Provincial Hockey Tournament at Delhi. Two teams, Reds and Blues were lined up and the Blues got the better of the Reds by two goals scored by Evelyn D'Souza in each half of play. Good performances were put in by Esmie D'Souza, E. Edwards, Pansy Thomas, E. Arklie, P. Badal, Evelyn D'Souza, Gwen Surythe.

The teams:—

Blues: L. Cooki, Pansy Thomas, Edwards; Gaithy, Mrs. Lymn, Miss Brenda Inythe; Mrs. P. Hickson, Eisa D'Souza Evelyn D'Souza, Joy Hibbert, Ray Salway.

Reds:—Bomber; Esmie D'Souza, Freeman; Pam D'Souza, Hajioff, Carmen D'Souza; Cecilia D'Souza, Andrey Rodrigues, Gwen Smythe, P. Badal, E. Arklie.

BRITISH BOXERS IN FOR BAD TIME

Most Titles Expected To Change Hands

LONDON, Jan. 26 (Reuter)—British boxing champions may find the old saying "uneasy lies the head that wears the crown", applying to them within the next six months, for there is developing a frontal attack in almost every division.

Only three of the reigning champions, cruiserweight Freddie Mills, flyweight Rinty McNaghan and middleweight Dick Turpin appear on the face of things to be strong enough to beat off their challengers.

Elsewhere, titles can be expected to change hands. Jackie Paterson will not be a favourite to keep his bantamweight championship against Liverpool's Stan Rowan, while Ronnie Clayton also of Liverpool, will upset form if he holds his featherweight crown against young Jimmy Molly of Saint Helens.

A change will, probably, come in the lightweight division where the form of the holder Billy Thompson, or Hickleton Main, in the past twelve months suggests that Cllg Curvis of Swansea will dethrone him assuming Curvis beats the Scot Harry B. Hughes in the final eliminator.

Eddie Thomas, an up and coming welterweight, or Stan Hawthorne, will seriously challenge the Sheffield holder of the welterweight title, Henry Hall, whil. Mills who holds undisputed sway in the cruiserweight section is fancied to bring his total of tities to seven by beating Bruce Woodcock for the Doncaster British Empire and European heavyweight championships.

On the occasion of the Silver Jubilee of the Lucknow University, Sir Padampat Singhania of Kanpur has donated Rs. 150,000 for the founding of the J. K. Institute of Sociology and Human Relations under the University. He has also agreed to meet the salary of lecturers and research assistants for a period of five years.

Fourth Test Commences On India's Lucky Ground

MADRAS WICKET EXPECTED TO LAST FIVE DAYS: CAPACITY CROWD EXPECTED

MADRAS, Jan. 26 (A.P.I.): The fourth Test match between India and the West Indies begins here tomorrow and so keen is the interest being taken by the cricket-loving public of Madras that according to officials of the local association the available accommodation of 25,000 at the Chepauk Ground will fall far short of requirements and thousands will have to go away disappointed.

Under existing conditions, it was not possible to erect a wider amphitheatre to accommodate more persons, it was stated. The Chepauk ground, where the match will be played, has happy memories for India so far as representative cricket is concerned. In four official and unofficial Tests played here during the last fifteen years, India has won three and lost one. The defeat was inflicted by Jardine's team in 1933, when India lost by 202 runs in four days. India's victories were: against Jack Ryder's Australian team by 33 runs in 1936, against Lord Tennyson's team in 1938 when India won by an innings and six runs and in 1945 when India beat the Australian Services XI under Hassett by six wickets.

The West Indies team, who had been earlier suffering from casualties to some of their key-men are again fighting fit.

The three earlier tests have been drawn. The general expectation here is that there is greater chance of a definite decision being reached on this ground that on any previous occasion. The fact that Ghulam Ahmed, India's bes off-break bowler, has had some of his greatest achievements on the Chepauk ground, is considered a factor in India's favour.

The pitch this evening appeared to be in perfect condition and authoritative opinion was that it could be expected to last at least upto the fifth day.

The Indian team practised at the nets this morning and Amarnath said that the following would be his batting order:—

Mushtaq Ali, M. R. Rege, R. S. Modi, V. S. Hazare, L. Amarnath, H. R. Adhikari, D. G. Phadkar, V. Mankad, P. Sen, Ghulam Ahmed and N. Choudhury.

The Indian captain was today seen practising assiduously with a rupee coin intent on "tails" every time he tossed up. He said, "I must win the toss this time".

As the captain of the home team, Amarnath has to toss the coin and not only has Goddard said "heads" on every occasion in the previous matches but Amarnath, too, fully expects Goddard to say "heads" this time. Amarnath humorously said that he hoped to have found a way of spinning the coin which brought it to rest tails up "nine times out of ten". At least, he said, that was the percentage he had achieved with his attempts today.

Goddard, the West Indies captain, and other star members such as Walcott and Weekes spent the day resting. Goddard has slightly sprained his left-arm while Ferguson reported a similar sprain in his bowling arm. Both are, however, expected to be fit to play tomorrow.

The inclusion of George Headley, who has not played in a single match since Lahore, is still doubtful. Goddard said that he would not be able to make up his mind regarding Headley until shortly before the start of the match tomorrow morning. Meanwhile there was an unmistakable air of earnestness in the tourists' camp in order to make the best of their chances here and to force a win in five days.

The umpires for the match will be Messrs. A. R. Joshi and B. J. Mohoni and the hours of play will be 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.; 1-45 p.m. to 3-45 p.m. and 4 p.m. to 5 p.m.

BELCHER SHOCKED BY TRIBUNAL REPORT

Lawyers Think No Prosecutions Likely To Follow

LONDON, Jan. 26 (Reuter): Britain was asking today, "What Happens Next?" as the re port of the Lynsky Tribunal appeared in the newspapers.

The findings do not prevent the institution of criminal proceedings should sufficiently evidence come to light. But lawyers believe no prosecutions are likely to follow. One reason is that the publicity given the inquiry evidence, and the findings themselves, would prejudice any case so that it would be unfair to the defendant.

The Government's law officers—the Lord Chancellor and the Attorney-General—will decide to turn over any matters in the report to the Public Prosecutor.

The Parliament is expected to debate the report next week. Parliamentary privilege will enable members to speak freely.

BELCHER SHOCKED

Only one former Minister—Mr. John Belcher, Parliamentary Secretary to the Board of Trade—is criticised in the tribunal's findings and he resigned during the inquiry.

After the release of the report Mr Belcher summed up his impressions in the words "I am shocked".

"I can only say I am terribly disappointed", he added. "I did not hold anything back at all, but went out of my way to admit I might have been indiscreet in accepting presents.

"But never on any occasion did I allow my judgment to be influenced by any gifts or anything of that kind.

"I will reserve my detailed comments till later, and if there is any debate in the House I shall be happy to take part and state my case.

"I have every intention of continuing as an M.P.

I have no other ambition".

Mr. Sidney Stanley, stateless alien who was a key witness before the tribunal, declined to comment on the In view of the findings his position

PRESS REACTIONS

The "Daily Mirror", widely circulated London daily, after suggesting that the Labour Party should withdraw recognition of Mr. Belcher, added: "The unsavoury Mr. George Gibson has resigned his unremunerative job as a Bank of England Governor, but keeps his £4,000 a year job as Chairman of the North-west Electricity Board.

Inn view of the findings position can now only be an embarrassment to his colleagues and himself. Let him take the decent action; resign, and lose no time about it".

The 'Recorder', internationally distributed London weekly, declared that Prime Minister Attlee was supremely responsible, and that the only honourable course for him and his colleagues was to resign.

The Opposition "Shadow Cabinet", composed of leaders of the Conservative Party headed by Mr. Winston Churchill, is to meet today to consider its attitude to the report.

The Conservative "Daily Telegram" said "neither among the donors nor among the receivers was there any Napoleon of corruption. It was almost schoolboy stuff, quite unworthy of grown-up men, least of all men esteemed fit to hold public positions.

"The methods of Mr. Stanley are not the methods of business either big or small, any more than the lapses of Mr. Belcher or Mr. Gibson are typical of our present rulers. From the Opposition point of view, the next election will be won by the many proofs that a socialist Government is incompetent and that socialism is unpractical, and not by alleging that either is corrupt".

The Liberal "Manchester Guardian" said "the tribunal has exposed the unhealthy atmosphere which a too powerful bureaucracy creates, the temptations put even before the most high-minded, and the morbid parasitism which excessive state interference attracts".

Gibson Resigns

LONDON, Jan. 26 (Reuter): Mr. George Gibson, criticised in the report of the Lunskey Tribunal, has resigned as chairman of the North-West Regional Electricity Board.

This was announced by the Ministry of Fuel and Power this morning.

The Treasury announced on December 23 that Mr. Gibson had resigned his directorship of the bank of England.

Belcher Mum On Tribunal Report

LONDON, Jan. 26 (Reuter)—Mr. John Belcher and Sydney Stanley, key figures in the "Lynskey Tribunal" report were silent today on its findings.

Mr. Belcher, former Parliamentary Secretary to the Board of Trade, told Reuter at his London suburban flat, "no, there is nothing more I wish to say about the report". He closed the door, went back to resume his study of the report and Press comment.

Mr. Stanley was "not in" to callers at his flat in Park Lane. He had locked himself with a copy of the Report and the morning papers.

POONA JOURNALISTS ASSOCIATION

POONA, Jan. 25 (API)—The annual general meeting of the Poona Journalist Association was held today under the presidentship of Mr. H. M. Joshi, Editor 'Lokshakti', Poona.

The following office-bearers were elected for the current year.

President: S. G. Gokhle Editor (Gynanprakash), Working President D. P. Ranade (Chitrayamay Jagat); Vice Presidents: N. V. Kankar (Progress of Education); V. V. Gokhale (Kesari) and G. Talwarkar (Manawantar) Joint Secretaries: P. D. Abhyankar (Manwantar); and, Sir Patankar (Kal); Treasurer: K .N. Soman (Kesari).

Cottage & Village Industries Exhibition

The All-India Women's Conference has decided to hold an All-India Exhibition of Cottage and Village Industries in Bombay from 12th to 27th March 1949. Hon. Shri Shyama Prasad Mukerji will perform the opening ceremony.

BRITISH NATIONALS IN INDIA

Need For Registration Explained

LONDON (By Cable).—In the House of Commons on January 20, Mr. Boyd Carpenter asked the Secretary of State for Commonwealth Relations why the U.K. High Commissioner for India had sent circulars to a number of British subjects of European origin asking them whether they wished to be included in a record of potential citizens of the United Kingdom and Colonies; and whether this action was taken on his instructions.

Mr. Philip Noel-Baker said: In view of the coming into force of the British Nationality Act on January 1, it is the duty of U.K. High Commissioners in India and Pakistan to register those persons whose acquisition of U.K. citizenship will depend on registration under Sections 6, 7 and 12 (vi) of the Act. It will, moreover, be desirable, for such reasons as the issue and renewal of U.K. passports, to have on record as full a list as possible of all U.K. citizens in these Dominions, even if their citizenship is not dependent upon registration. For these reasons I instructed the High Commissioners to take steps to bring the provisions of the Act to the notice of British subjects of European origin and to invite them to submit evidence of their qualifications for U.K. citizenship.

Mr. Boyd Carpenter: Is the Rt. Hon'ble Gentleman aware that whatever the reasons for this action, the intimation to people who have always regarded themselves as citizens of this country that they are now to apply to be regarded as potential citizens has come as something of a shock? Will the Rt. Hon'ble Gentleman instruct the High Commissioners to present the matter to these people in a somewhat more helpful and lucid manner?

Mr. Noel-Baker: I greatly regret the shock, if there has been one. The phrase is a technical one arising out of the Act. I hope that my answer will serve the purpose which the Hon'ble Gentleman has in view. I will also see if there is anything more that I can do.

RURAL DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

UDAIPUR—The first death anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi, the Government of the United State of Rajasthan have decided to open a new Centre for Rural Development. It is customary to start such works which were near to the heart of a great deceased on such occasions. It will be inaugurated by the Hon. Shri Mantikyalal Verma, Chief Minister of the United State of Rajasthan, at Vardholi, a village in Udaipur District.

ISRAELI PREMIER ASSURED OF RETURN

Arabs Vote For Terrorists

TEL AVIV, Jan. 26 (Reuter): Prime Minister David Gurion's Mapai Labour Party held a comfortable lead in the Israeli general elections when about 60 per cent of the total expected votes had been counted today.

The religious bloc had jumped to second place in the left-wing Socialist Party, Mapam third and Heruth, political party of the terrorist Irgun, close behind.

Percentage votes were: Mapai 34.4 Orthodox 13.6 Mapam 12.6 and Heruth 11.2.

Other parties remained in positions similar to those they held at the halfway count. This latest count in the young state's first elections included most civilian but not military votes. Final results were expected late on Friday according to Government officials who said that no more figures would be given until then.

Results were being given in percentages to veil the strength of the army whose final vote count was not expected to cause any great upset.

Terrorist front poll was swelled by votes from the city areas, particularly the poorer sections of Jerusalem and Tel Aviv, while the Mapam gained in the collecting settlements run by left-wing groups.

MINOR SURPRISE

A minor surprise was the smallness of the vote for the Revisionist Party which under the mandate had been the political front for the Irgun terrorists. At the halfway stage Revisionists had polled only 0.5 percent.

Another surprise was the strength of the Sephardic Jewish vote—4.3 per cent—which appeared likely to secure them at least four of the 120 Assembly seats.

In the Arab village of Abu Ghosh, on Jerusalem's western outskirts, the Arab Workers Party received 94 per cent of the votes. It had been reported yesterday that most of these Arabs were voting for the terrorists.

MANI IN ROME

India's Interim Envoy For Italy

ROME, Jan. 26 (Reuter): The Italian Foreign Ministry announced today that the Government of India had named as their Interim Chares D'affaires in Rome, Mr. R. S. Mani, who arrived here last night.

A Foreign Office spokesman said "the Indian Government, in order to strengthen the excellent relations at present existing between Italy and India, has decided to nominate an Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary in Italy.

"In the meantime, it has nominated an Interim Charge D'affaires in the person of Mr. Mani, who arrived yesterday in Rome.

"The Italian Government has already, some time ago, accredited a 'Charge D'affaires' in India".

INDIA TO OPEN CONSULATE IN IRAN

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26, (UPI): The Government of India have decided to open a consulate at Khorramshahr in Iran and to appoint Mr. K. D. Bhasin as the first Indian Consul there, says a Press communique.

Rajasthan Jagirdars Exharted To Move With Time

(From Our Correspondent)

JODHPUR, (By Mail).

Shree Jainarayan Vyas Prime Minister of Jodhpur proceeded on a tour of the districts of Marwar. He would also collect money for the Mahatma Gandhi National Memorial Fund.

In reply to a question regarding the future set-up of the Greater Rajasthan he said that the people and workers of Marwar should have patience until the details of Greater Rajasthan were settled.

On drawing his attention towards the Jahgiri problems and the growing lawlessness in several Jahgirs of Marwar Shree Vyas said that "We were trying to bring on the same level the Jahgiri administration of Marwar as of other units of Greater Rajasthan. He hoped the Jahgirdars of Marwar would move with the times and realise the changed circumstances." He exhorted the Jahgirdars to keep in mind the words of Sardar Patel, "They have everything to gain and nothing to loose by moving with the current of prevailing forces and tendencies. The moving finger writes and having writ moves on. Those who lag behind do so only at their risk, which a challenge to destiny inevitably involves."

SAIYIDAIN TO OPEN EXHIBITION: Sjt. K. G. Saiyidain, Educational Adviser to the Government of Bombay, will open the handicrafts and the manuscript class-annuals prepared by the pupils of the V. C. Gurukul High School, Ghatkopar tomorrow Friday, at 9 a.m. in the High School Assembly Hall, and will also address the pupils.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

Local Gymkhanas' Sporting Gesture To Nationalism

BY J. C. MAITRA.

The pressure put upon the local communal Gymkhanas by the Bombay Ministry has borne fruit at last. This was revealed at the Conference held at the Secretariat on Tuesday afternoon. At the invitation of Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Health and Public Works Department, representatives of the Gymkhanas and the various Provincial Associations were present.

At the end of nearly an hour's free and frank discussion between Sri Morarji Desai, Minister for Home and Revenue, and Dr. Gilder on the one hand and these representatives on the other, we found that the Gymkhanas are prepared to admit at least one-third of their members from other communities than their own. General meetings will be convened by all of them shortly to give effect to this decision. This will inevitably change the communal colour of these institutions into a cosmopolitan one.

NO COMPOSITE STADIUM

The Government was definitely against building any more stadia in the city at this stage. This was firmly expressed by Minister Desai. "The one that is already there is not being fully used. Then why should you have more," asked Morarji. "And the standard of sport is so poor," he emphasised "that they do not deserve another." So the plan for the Composite Stadium vanished into thin air!

The Conference was given to understand by Abu Jaadenwalla that the Cricket Club of India was willing to accommodate athletics and cycling at the Brabourne Stadium. In that case football and hockey will have to share the Cooperage ground. As a matter of fact this arrangement was brought about by me sometime ago. But it was given up at the special entreaties of the Schools and Colleges. Now, if the C.C.I. helps them on the W.I.F.A. has done all these years, they will have no cause for complaint.

SWIMMING POOLS FOR PUBLIC

Keen disappointment was felt by the representatives of other games, like badminton, boxing, lawn tennis, table tennis, etc. Sri Morarji said that these games should be assisted by the various Gymkhanas. When it was pointed out by the Gymkhana representatives that this was being done by them, he bluntly told the representatives of these Associations that he was far from willing to do anything more for them at this stage.

The Conference was told that the Government had done a lot to help the Golwalla Brothers in the matter of their Swimming Baths. But to help aquatics further, the Government intend to construct two open swimming pools—one near Marine Lines and the other at Dadar—for the use of the public in the near future. They had many other plans, Morarji added, for healthy recreation of the citizens and their children. Of course it will take some time for them to materialise. Let hope the first steps in the above directions will be taken soon.

In the Day's Sport

HOCKEY

ASSOCIATION GROUND

2 p.m. Khalsa College vs. Podar College (Inter College Semi-finals) 4 p.m. Bombay A. A. vs. R.I.N. (Division II) 5-30 p.m. Lusitanians 'A' vs. St. Xavier's College 'A' (Senior Division).

TENNIS

C. C. I. Courts

3-45 p.m. C.C.I. Open Tennis Tournament.

BOMBAY RACES

1st DAY

Saturday, 29th Jan. 1949.

DAY ENTRANCE

FIRST: Gents Rs. 5/8 Ladies Rs. 3/8 || SECOND: Rs. 3/8

RACING UNDER IDEAL CONDITIONS

The Bombay Chronicle

If a country is well governed, poverty is something to be ashamed of.

In a country badly governed, wealth is something to be ashamed of.

—CONFUCIUS

THE MESSAGE OF ASIA

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru dealt exhaustively with Asian problems in his interview with Mr. Stewart Hensley. Beginning with the past attitude of the West Pandit Jawaharlal ended appropriately with a reference to the action which Asian nations might have to take if the Security Council failed to apply effective measures to check Dutch aggression in Indonesia. He made pointed reference to the waning influence of Communism in South-East Asia owing to its obstructive policy towards Asian nationalism. This is evident not only from the policies pursued by local Communists but also from the attitude adopted by the Soviet bloc in the Security Council on a matter of urgent and vital interest to all Asia like the Indonesian Republic's ordeal. On the specious plea of seeking the best solution, Russia and her supporting nations have impeded all proposed measures by an unbending neutrality. The indifference which this attitude shows to the present sufferings of the Indonesian Republican leaders and people, has disillusioned many who had expected Russia to adopt a more practical policy of assisting colonial peoples to freedom. Nor is the Russian outright condemnation of the Asian Conference on the astonishing ground that it is aimed at Communism, an insignificant factor in Asian estimates of Russian policies. Pandit Jawaharlal presented the Communist success in China in its correct perspective when he neither belittled it nor magnified its effect on Asia. It was, he said, undoubtedly a factor which must be weighed in the future evaluation of Asian problems. With the responsibilities which have now fallen on their shoulders, Chinese Communists will naturally be absorbed for some years to come in setting their own house in order. Such being the case, Communist China will be more a facet of Asian nationalism than a force in Asian affairs. Whatever their relations with Soviet Russia in the past, Chinese Communist leaders will be forced both by their own internal problems and by their position as leaders of an Asian nation to make certain adjustments. Even if Communist China is unmindful of these considerations and seeks fresh adventures in other Asian fields—a most unlikely prospect—there is little cause for alarm in Asia whose problems are vastly different from those of post-war Europe.

Commenting on the past indifference of the West to Asian opinion, Pandit Jawaharlal denounced the attitude and pointed out that it was impossible to sustain it any longer in the resurgence of the Asian spirit. Asia, he observed, was no longer willing to be treated in an offhand manner. The Asian Conference was but one manifestation of Asia's determination that she will be heard. Coming as the admonition comes from one who has been universally recognized as the protagonist of East-West co-operation the warning might well be heeded by the West. Certainly the shifts and stratagems with which the Security Council is being foiled in Indonesia, are not calculated to promote the best feelings in Asian minds; and none of the Western nations has been free of this taint. Asia's first and basic protest is against the Western mood that another standard to that prevailing among Western nations should be applied to Asia and Asians. Twice, in three decades, this immoral attitude has led the world to terrible war. For attitudes tolerated towards peoples of another race come gradually to vitiate relations between neighbours. Without straying into this large subject, it may be said anyway that the world today is become sufficiently small to face the nations with the choice between closer understanding and fiercer conflict. And it is a choice that cannot be deferred for very long. The obstacles in the way of the West's understanding of Modern Asia are not only seen in the attitude of the Dutch and their sympathisers, open and secret. There is also the frame of mind which affects to wave aside portents like the Asian Conference as so much exuberance of spirits manifesting itself in talk. They are, in fact, the greater danger since it is their flippancy which breeds indifference in the countries to which they belong. Pandit Jawaharlal protested very strongly against Asia being regarded as a poor relation. It is even more irritating to be dismissed as one who is not quite in possession of one's senses. Asia has taken herself and her responsibilities very seriously, and Pandit Jawaharlal's warning is specific that she means to be taken seriously by the world.

There is another sense in which the Asian awakening is significant: Pandit Jawaharlal on a previous occasion has pointed out that not only Asia but the whole civilised world must execrate the revival of colonialism. The stand which Asia is making, will find support not only among the nineteen participating countries of the Asian Conference but from a far wider field. There has also been an awakening in South America which seeks expression in new democratic ways and experiments. The majority of those Republics would gladly lend their weight to the Asian nations in a co-operative effort to rid the United Nations of its eternal Big Power conflicts. Besides, there is yet another source of strength. The peoples of the Western Powers are not all lined up behind the Governments that send delegates to the United Nations. To the common man and woman, even in the Netherlands, there is no profit in colonial adventuring. They would gladly be rid of the necessity of providing an impressive background to their governments. The very restraint of the Asian conference must have influenced the peoples of these countries as a cautious attempt to feel the ground before moving forward. Pandit Jawaharlal hinted that, if the United Nations failed, the Asian Conference would have to consider the necessary action, not excluding economic action. It would not be a very pleasant experience and its repercussions will be tremendous. Hitherto, the Western Powers have been concerned with bolstering the Dutch Power and evading a showdown. After the Asian Conference, they would be wise to consider ways of tampering the foolhardiness of the Netherlands Government and of inducing it to abide by the directions of the U. N. Security Council.

Educational Aims

In his lecture delivered in Bombay last week Lieut-Col. J. Ford Thomson, Adviser to the Government of Madras in Child Psychology, raised a few points of educational interest. The whole emphasis in the current system of education in India, he declared, is placed on memory and not on thinking. Students, he added, generally turn out to be intellectual 'reflectors' and not 'lights'—they would be scholars at best but not thinkers. Education being overburdened with examinations has encouraged cramming and has not ended, in an appreciable measure to the development of the faculty of thinking. The average man is endowed, in varying degrees, with the faculties of self-expression and thinking, and the development of these faculties to their full extent in every individual case should be one of the chief aims of education. Educators in Free India will have to keep such aims constantly before them in order to rectify the defects of the existing system of education. The Government should also be alive to the necessity of taking stock of and organising the intellectual potential of the country. Instances will be found in which the development of the creative genius and thinking has taken place independently of regular education to any greater length or of academic qualifications. We would like to know from Col. Thomson the quality of quantum of education which he considers to be essential to the development of thinking. He advocates the re-orientation of the educational policy, but he does not seem to have suggested the lines on which education that would encourage thinking should be planned. Opposition to the system of examination is a negative aspect of the educational reorganisation. We appreciate the enthusiasm displayed by him in claiming priority for the educational endeavour to find out potentially brilliant pupils and to build up a corps of intellectuals, but we do not think that the training in reading and writing which is the educational minimum for the illiterate masses should be delayed on any account. When all is said and done, it should be the duty of the State to care for the so-called backward child and the undeveloped adult. No teacher needs to be prodded to encourage talent. But many of them need to be reminded of their responsibilities towards the apparently duller pupils.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

TOKYO, Jan. 25.

Political observers here unanimously agreed today that Japanese Communist success in Sunday's general elections to the Lower House overshadowed the overwhelming Conservative victory.

—Reuter

* * *

India's Communications Minister, Mr. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai, said at Madras that he "found no reason for postal employees to resort to a strike when almost all their demands were already under the consideration of the Government."

Then Mr. Kidwai has surprisingly failed to find that very good reason: the postal employees cannot remain outside the fashionable movement.

* * *

His major criticism of the West, says a report of Jawaharlal's press conference, was for not paying enough attention to Asia in the past.

We beg to differ. Our major criticism of the West is for having paid more than enough, too, too much more than enough, attention to Asia in the past.

* * *

The Prime Minister also emphasised that it was the desire of Asians to work within the United Nations.

The statement needed to be clarified in order to make it clear that by United Nations was meant United Nations not united or disunited Europe-America alias United Nations.

* * *

Apropos of the dissolution of the West Punjab Cabinet and Legislature, the popular reaction in Lahore is reported to be "one of satisfaction that the province has been rid of mutual mud slinging....".

To be resumed during the election campaign and continued after "the emergence of a stable representative administration in due course."

* * *

Pardon? No you are, we think, wrong. The Pak Governor-General didn't make a geographical mistake.

It is felt that the situation requires a little time longer to get ripe for directions to the Governor of N. W. F Province.

* * *

Meanwhile we are looking forward to election activities in West Punjab. And we don't mind proclaiming publicly that we are pleasurably excited in anticipation of forthcoming performances by Mr. Firoz Khan Noon.

* * *

Dr. Malan has announced that the Government's legal advisers believe Parliament may, by a bare majority vote, remove coloured votes from joint voters rolls and abolish native representation.

The time then is not far off when coloured votes and native representation will come into their full own by a bare majority.

* * *

Iraq has asked the United Nations to investigate fully the situation in Indonesia and to ensure that the responsibility for it "be clearly laid on those on whom that responsibility rests."

That would be most awkward, involving as it would-er-well, so many.

* * *

Britain, it is gathered is to grant de facto recognition to Israel today.

We understand. The compulsion of—er—just circumstances emanating from the United States could no longer be ignored.

AMERICAN NEGROES TAKE TO PASSIVE RESISTANCE

Bayard Rustin Throws Light On Battle For Racial Equality

By R. P. ACHARYA, Our Staff Reporter

As soon as he enters the United States of America — it may be in a month or two — American-born Bayard Rustin, 34-year-old Negro leader, now in Bombay, will be escorted by a couple of Federal policemen to his destination.

The destination is a prison cell in North Carolina.

The enormity of the offence committed by the young Negro consists in his defying the laws of North Carolina and refusing to get out of an "all-white" bus from which Negroes were excluded. Rustin, along with a white collaborator, was arrested, summarily tried and sentenced to 30 days hard labour. He filed an appeal and while it was pending came to this country. He has now heard that his appeal was lost.

Hence, when Bayard returns to his home country, his first visit will be to the penitentiary of North Carolina.

"What work will you be assigned in jail," I asked him in the course of an interview this morning.

"Building roads, I suppose," he replied non-chalantly.

INDIAN FASHION

Dressed in Khaddar Jodhpurs, Kurta and Jawhar jacket, tall crinky haired Rustin, greeted me with a hearty Namaste with hands clasped together in traditional style, before we settled down to a cordial chat.

The Satyagraha technique, initiated in this country and in South Africa, by Mahatma Gandhi, seems to have captured the imagination of the educated Negroes of America. According to Mr. Rustin, experiments in passive resistance of unjust laws—or Satyagraha as it is known in this country—has been tried in the U.S., by both Negroes and their white sympathisers, in order to rous the conscience of their oppressors. As the Coastal Secretary of an international organisation of passive resisters, whose objective is to solve all problems, social, economic and political through non-violence, Rustin had sent batches of Negro and white boys to defy the discriminatory laws of North Carolina and other States. Many of them were sent to State prison for varying terms of hard labour.

WHITE SUPREMACY

Mr. Rustin revealed that in twelve of the 48 States in America, discriminatory and invidious laws existed against the Negroes. In Maryland, Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas and Oklahoma, there were laws which prevented Negroes from entering "white" theatres, hotels, restaurants, libraries, colleges. In trams and buses there were separate sections for the Negroes and the whites. The greater proportion of the fourteen million Negroes of America lived in these States—mostly as farmhands and domestic labour. Their standard of living was poor, as they were found mostly in the poorest paid professions.

In all these twelve Southern States plus ten others, there were legislations which penalised severely the marriages of the white and the coloured peoples. The coloured people in this context, included the Negro, the Chinese, the Indians and all manner of non-European races bar Jews.

The organisation of which he was the Coastal Secretary, had on its programme, the resistance of such injustices by the method of non-violence.

"Did this organisation—the Fellowship for Reconciliation—get its passive resistance inspiration from Mahatma Gandhi?" I asked.

Mr. Rustin said that the original source of inspiration was the works of Thoreu. Ruskin and Tolstoy. Their appeal was mostly emotional and intellectual. But, Mahatma Gandhi had shown that it was practicable, and had shown all oppressed people that they may not acquiesce in wrongs and that even the weak could resist evil.

PROGRESS V. REACTION

Questioned about the average American reaction to the Negro's fight for social justice, Mr. Rustin said that it was by no means a fight between the white and the black. On the other hand, it was a fight between the progressives and the reactionaries. There were lots of white Americans who felt keenly about the racial laws and the discriminatory treatment given to the Negroes. As against this, there were Negroes, with vested interests who were hostile to any change in the status quo. These were mostly lawyers, doctors and businessmen, who felt that if racial laws were abolished, the Negroes themselves might take away the business which they were now getting and give it to white lawyers, doctors and businessmen. There would be no compensatory advantage for it was extremely unlikely that in such circumstances, the whites would bring their custom to the present professional negroes.

According to Mr Rustin, 70 per cent of the Negroes in America were too timid to strike out on a course of bold action while feeling keenly the humiliations and injustices which fell to their lot; another twenty per cent were actively opposed to this state of affairs and were prepared to work for a change, whatever be the difficulties in the way; a small minority of ten per cent were opposed to any change as they feared that their interests would suffer by such change.

ALL NEGROES

"What of the mixed populations?" was the next question.

Mr. Rustin said that there was nothing analogous to the Anglo-Indian question in the United States. Any person of mixed parentage, even if he had but one drop of Negro blood in him, was classed as a Negro and treated as such. Elaborating the point, he said that in those States where mixed marriages were taboo, there was a certain amount of clandestine promiscuity, which was inevitable. This resulted in illegitimate offspring who were all classed as Negroes. It was mostly Negro girls and their white bosses.

"Is it always so one-sided or is it also sometimes the other way round?"

"Yes, sometimes, but more rarely, it is that also."

Questioned about lynchings, Mr. Rustin said that, it was much less frequent nowadays. But, there were other ways of getting rid of an unwanted Negro. One fine day, a Negro might be seen shot dead and lying about on the road. Or a quarrel could be arranged between the victim, and a hired Negro tough, culminating in the desired results. There were many ways....

ON STUDY TOUR

Mr. Rustin mentioned that he himself had escaped lynching by a hair's breadth, when he defied the State laws of North Carolina and boarded a bus reserved for whites. He would have been lynched by the angry whites in the bus, but for the help he got from a white missionary, who was there and who smuggled him to safety and sent him home under the escort of some university boys.

Mr. Rustin who came to this country for a brief visit, had a three-fold objective: to meet our national leaders, explore on the spot the technique of non-violence as taught by Gandhiji, and enlist India's help for establishing an international organisation dedicated to combat racial problems and the bar sinister.

He has already met Pandit Nehru and other front-rank leaders, attended the Jaipur session of the Congress and Kasturba Memorial meeting and toured Mysore with Thakkar Bapa.

Mr. Rustin is a confirmed socialist, and a pacifist.

DEMAND FOR UNITED KARNATAK

Mysore Ruler To Be Constitutional Head

(From Our Correspondent)

HUBLI, (By Mail): The Karnatak Provincial Congress Commitee meeting yesterday at Harihar (Mysore State) ratified the resolution passed earlier by its Council accepting the Ruler of Mysore as the constitutional head of United Karnatak. Mr. S. Nijalingappa, President of the Committee and member of the All India Congress Working Committee presided.

The main resolution was moved by Mr. T. R. Neshwi, M.L.A. (Bombay) and Vice-President of the K.P.C.C. The resolution terms the report of the Dhar Commission as most retrograde and reactionary and appeals to the Central Government, the Constituent Assembly of India and the Congress not to accept it. The resolution feels that the Commission has failed to take note of the popular feeling with regard to the demand for formation of provinces on linguistic basis. The resolution hopes that the three-man commitee appointed by the Indian National Congress at its Jaipur session would after taking into consideration the growing bitterness and disappointment at the delay in meeting the demand, report in favour of formation of such provinces.

Emphasising the immediate formation of separate province for Karnatak, the resolution recalls that even the reactionary report of the Linguistic Commission had opined that Karnatak had suffered a lot as a result of being torn into different administrations. The resolution therefore requests both the Central Government and the Constituent Assembly of India to enumerate Karnatak as a separate State in the new Constitution.

Regarding the question of the union of Karnatak and Mysore the resolution says:—"The Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee has revised the recent political developments in Mysore State and is of the opinion that the establishment of Responsible Government in Mysore clears the way for the formation of United Karnatak State. It welcomes the resolution passed by the Working Committee of the Mysore Congress and ratified by the All Mysore Congress Committee at its recent session held at Birur and notes with pleasure the fact that the Mysore Congress stands for the formation of United Karnatak province and that the Maharaja of Mysore should be the constitutional head of Karnatak State."

Referring to the growing feeling among the people of Hyderabad to join respective linguistic areas in the Indian Union the resolution while welcoming the poposal for the integration of Kannada areas of the state with the unified Karnatak feels that the people of Hyderabad are the best judges of their own interests in regard to their future setup in India.

The resolution was put to vote and declared passed unanimously.

PATIALA, Jan. 26 (UPI): The news of arrest of Shri Brish Bhan, President of the Patiala and East Punjab States Union Congress, published in a section of the Press, has been officially contradicted by the Director of Publicity of the Union.

Our Readers' Views

Homoeopaths And Others

Sir,—With reference to "Onlooker's" article in your issue of January 24, 1949 under the heading "Homoeopathy and Homoeopaths" and your editorial on the subject I would point out that the Bombay Government was taken a lead in reducing homoeopathy to nonentity by the Medical Act of 1938. By sincerely encouraging converted 'allopathic' homoeopaths who seem to be seeking fresh fields under the refined garbs of so-called post-graduate homoeopaths. Evidently, even the Central Government may follow the example of Bombay Government. The Homoeopathic Enquiry Committee of the Government of India's Health Ministry is made up of allopaths who are to enquire into homoeopathy. The Homoeopathic Hospital that is proposed is to be manned by "allopathic homoeopaths."

The Government of India must realise that this step will kill homoeopathy by allowing the intrusion of allopaths in to the homoeopathic field. Under the patronage of Government, those allopaths have already killed Ayurvedic and Unani sciences and this is nothing but the result of Autocracy of the allopathic oligarchy encouraged by the Government of India. By not allowing the genuine homoeopaths even proportionate representation on the Homoeopathic Enquiry Committee and placing allopaths to decide the fate of homoeopaths a great injustice has been done.—Yours, etc.

RASIK R. THAKAR,
M. D. (Gmny),
President,
Western India Homoeopathic,
Medical Association.

Prohibition

Sir,—In attempting to implement the Prohibition Policy, the protagonists have woefully lost sight of the fact that the elaborate machinery required to deal with the plethora of offences involves a heavy drain on the exchequer. The colossal expenditure in this direction may with advantage be diverted to the amelioration of the condition of the masses, and furtherance of nation-building activities which clamour aloud for funds. It would be futile to expect no-drink campaign to succeed in our country when America with its clear-cut programme backed by vast resources failed because liquor laws were circumvented with impunity and bootlegging was galore. The same fate greets the dry campaign here as people have freely taken to illicit distillation and synthetic drinks which are more harmful than the licit liquor now available under restrictions. The authorities seem to have sadly ignored the pitiable condition to which hundreds of toddy tappers are reduced by reason of their being thrown out of employment and this unwelcome situation will be further intensified when total prohibition becomes a "fait accompli".

Government would, therefore, be well advised to evolve a realistic approach to this thorny problem bearing in mind that sanity and sobriety will in the long run prove more effective than the lash of the law.—Yours etc.

M. B. KARANJAWALA.

POPULATION OF MADRAS PROVINCE

MADRAS, Jan. 26, (API):— The present population of the Madras Province was 53,445,764, according to a rough official estimate, said Dr. T.S.S. Rajan, Food Minister during question time in Madras Council this afternoon. This represented an increase of about 36 lakhs over the population of 49,840,564 in 1941.

INTERNATIONAL BANK MEMBERS' TALKS WITH DELHI OFFICIALS

NEW DELHI, Jan. 25, (API—The members of the International Bank who are in Delhi have already begun preliminary discussions with the various ministries of the Government of India. One more member, Mr. F. Ryan, who is an expert on railways, joined those already in Delhi today.

The members of the Mission lunched today with the Finance Minister, Dr. John Mathai at his residence.

MOVE FOR GUJARAT FAMINE RELIEF FUND

A public meeting of the citizens of Bombay for starting a Gujarat famine relief fund and taking measures connected with relief operations has been called on January 28 at 4 p.m. in the hall of the Indian Merchants' Chamber. Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Bombay, will preside over the meeting. ....

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Food Situation

Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Bombay's Civil Supplies Minister, has hinted at a cut in the ration quantum as, against the requirement of about 10 lakhs tons of foodgrains, the Central Government has made an allocation of 8½ lakhs tons. Last year, India imported general food to the extent of 30 lakhs tons and our need for the current year is estimated at 60 lakhs tons. The import position is better but the difficulty was on account of the shortage of foreign currencies particularly dollars. If it is the only a question of dollars, this can be solved to some extent by stopping our imports from hard currency areas. If one looks to the import list of commodities from these areas, one will find imports of tin, batteries, white oil, typewriters, pipes, cloth, dyes and films. India can wait for some time for imports of such goods when the province of Bombay is facing famine conditions. There can be no justification for imports of motor cars from dollar areas when it is a question of life and death for thousands. It is a known fact that some parts of the country have had no rain at all and there is even scarcity of drinking water. In other parts there was scanty rainfall and production of foodgrains cannot be normal. Thus the pious hope of relying on compulsory procurement of foodgrains from rural areas will not be of any material help. Moreover, we have no reliable data of stocks in the rural area. There is no time left for any planning. The province must demand for sufficient foodgrains supplies from the Central Government which cannot refuse it when conditions are so grave.

Bevin On Commonwealth

Mr. Ernest Bevin has been speaking to the Foreign Press Association in London, about the achievement of independence by India, Pakistan and Ceylon, their relations with Great Britain and their international possibilities. This new development is undoubtedly very important and far-reaching in its effect. But his suggestion that "we in Great Britain are the Keystone, the cornerstone, of a great commonwealth" is rather one-sided. So far, at any rate, as India is concerned, there is no reason for Mr. Bevin to anticipate by implication that India will remain a member of the Commonwealth. It is, however, true enough that it can be a "great commonwealth" and an influential force in international affairs. The condition is that it should justify itself by both professed principles and actual practice. If, for instance, Britain persistently pursues her present policy, in respect of the struggle of Asian countries for freedom from the imperialist domination of European countries, she will not remain the corner-stone even of a Commonwealth without India. She will force Pakistan and Ceylon to revise their relationship with her.

Emergence Of Asia

Be that as it may, the centre of international gravity is steadily shifting to Asia with, it is more than likely, India as "the Keystone, the cornerstone" of an Asian group of nations. That group will not join the Western European bloc as against the Soviet bloc or vice versa; and its task on the other hand, it will be to constitute itself as a peace link between the two warring blocs of Europe, and not just link itself, as Mr. Bevin recommends, with Western Europe. In that task, Mr. Bevin's "great commonwealth" can help with great advantage to the peace and progress of the word and to its own prestige. But one thing must again be emphasised: the fundamental fact of relationship between Asia and the West now is that Asia has decided to come into its own and the West will be wise to accept this fact.

Relief To Refugees

The Government of India's action in placing funds at the disposal of the Provincial Government for the reconstruction and repair of refugees' quarters is timely. The difficulties of the Bombay Government in providing housing under the most adverse conditions for these newcomers were added to by the terrific ravage of the cyclone. There have been also complaints about the way these hutments and barracks have been kept. It is a fact which publicists have been breaking their heads against, that in India there is a great reliance on authority for effecting even the changes which people feel is most necessary. It is not unique to Indians although the constant protest against it is a result of our long contact with a Western power. Mr. G. C. Allen describes a similar attitude in Japan. "A galvanished tank which was being taken to a scrap merchant had fallen off a cart, unnoticed by the driver, and it remained in the narrow road where it impeded traffic and, indeed, was exceedingly dangerous. Shopkeepers came out to watch the traffic as it carefully skirted the obstacle, and passers-by stopped to gaze. None thought of removing it. Finally a policeman came along and did what was necessary. This gives the clue to the whole Japanese attitude. Authority comes from above. It is not for members of the public to take the initiative in remedying abuses or to adopt practice that will be mutually convenient. Let the police tell us what to do, is the ordinary point of view." We have progressed so far from this frame of mind as to feel a grievance when the Government fails to do what we want done. It is not exactly the discontent that has been called divine. But a proper understanding of the mood will help to save us from disillusionment and to adopt the right measures to meet the situation. If the necessary rules are framed, we are sure they will be scrupulously observed.

OPEN AIR

For many years, the walls of St. Peter's Church in Bandra have been used by the honey bees as a suitable place for their hives, and as we look up at the building we see their huge Honeycombs hanging from the ledges. The life of the honey bee is an example of community life at its most perfect. Each member of the community has its own job of work to do and its place to fill. In the bee-hive we find the queen, a few males or drones, and many thousands of workers. If another queen is born, either there is a fight to the death, or one queen departs, with a number of workers, and founds a new colony elsewhere. When the queen and her workers take possession of their new site, the workers, using wax secreted on their own bodies, proceed at once to build up the comb, making perfect hexagenal cells in two layers, back to back. The queen, watched over by certain of the workers, visits the new cells and deposits an egg in each. Now the efforts of the workers are redoubled, for some continue to build the new cells and others to look after the precious queen. Now others must collect pollen and honey from the flowers to feed the larvae that hatch out from the eggs and some must seal up the cells of those larvae which are ready to pupate. And all the time the hive must be guarded, so some workers act as sentinels and stand guard to challenge unwelcome visitors. So the life of the hive goes on, and when we see the bees visiting our flowers for honey, we know that they are just a few cogs in the vast machine of some beehive in the vicinity.

BEE

SUN FO CRUSHES OPPOSITION TO PEACE MOVES

Government Troops Retreat To Nanking Line For Defence Of Capital

NANKING, Jan. 26 (Reuter): Chinese Prime Minister Sun Fo crushed rightwing opposition to his peace moves at a dramatic Cabinet meeting today and ordered a plane to stand by on Nanking's inner airfield ready to fly Government delegates north to meet the Communists.

GOVERNMENT TO SHIFT TO CANTON

Government war-planes and river gunboats kept a nonstop patrol of highly crowded places along the broad Yangtse as retreating Government troops blew up bridges and railway tracks north of the river.

Government troops were said to be avoiding combat and concentrating on the defence of Nanking. The Government had already decided to move south to Canton.

Nanking officials were convinced that the advancing Communists intend to take the capital before opening peace talks, and at today's heated Cabinet session, Kuomintang (Government Party) conservatives urged Dr. Sun Fo to drop negotiation attempts. But the Cabinet backed the Premier and called on the Communists, who have already agreed to talk peace, to appoint delegates immediately and to fix a meeting place.

PUKOW BECOMES GHOST TOWN

While the Cabinet talked, tens of thousands of refugees continued the mass flight across the river from Pukow directly opposite Nanking.

Pukow became a ghost town occupied only by troops, reported under orders to hold on at all costs to prevent direct shelling of the capital.

Forty miles down river, at Chinkiang, key railway centre between the capital and Shanghai, Communists were massing near the north bank for a crossing.

No firing was yet reported in the Nanking perimeter and the Government's Twelfth Division crossed safely to reinforce the defenders.

The Nanking-Shanghai Railway was shocked by heavy troop movements and evacuation of Government officials.

The Cabinet reduced its peace delegation to four by taking out Mr. Peng Chao Hsien, who was rejected by the Communists.

Envoys were seeing Premier Sun Fo tonight for a final briefing and a plane was standing ready to fly them north with their staffs of secretaries and radio operators.

REDS STAGE VICTORY MARCH IN PEIPING

The Communists, who had agreed to open peace talks after "total liberation" of Peiping, now under joint Communist-Government control, are staging a victory march into the north China city tomorrow.

Students and civilians have organised a welcome.

Reports from Taiyun, long besieged capital of Shansi Province, said that an appeal had been sent to Gen. Fu Tso Yi, former Government Commander in the north, to fly there to arrange local peace. Suiyuan Province, northwest of Shansi, was also reported seeking peace terms.

U. S. CONSUL'S POSER FOR REDS

Mr John Cabot, United States Consul-General in Shanghai, denied today Communist statements that the Nanking regime had "betrayed the national rights of the Chinese people wholesale to the American Government".

"As traditional friends, we are giving aid without insisting on more in return", he said.

Mr. Cabot asked if the Chinese Communists would make known their attitude towards the actions of a foreign power in taking from Manchuria "everything which was not nailed down".

President Li Tsung Jen appealed for a demonstration of Government "sincerity for peace" so as to eliminate Communist suspicions, when he addressed the Control Yuan today.

He suggested the Government Peace Delegation be eventually enlarged to include representatives of peoples organisations outside the Government.

SEEKING SEPARATE PEACE FOR NANKING

The Peoples Political Council, Kuomintang advisory body, reported that they were considering appointing a delegation to go to Chumsien, 30 miles north of Nanking to contact Communists and ask for a separate peace for the capital.

4000 "WHITE RUSSIANS" TO BE EVACUATED FROM SHANGHAI

International Refugee Organisation's Decision Despite Chinese Delegate's Assurance

The Executive Committee of the International Refugees organisation voted today to evacuate 4000 "white Russians" from Shanghai immediately, despite a statement by the Chinese delegate that the Communists would not harm them.

Mr. William Hallam Tuck, United States Director of the Refugee Organisation, told the Executive Committee:

"Reports we have received prove only too well that these refugees are in danger".

Britain, and the United States, Australia, Belgium, Canada, France, Norway and Venezuela, voted down Mr. Wu Nanju, Chinese National Government Delegate who declared:

"From my knowledge of Chinese psychology and of that of the Communists, I can say, it is not a fact that the lives of the White Russians in Shanghai are in danger".

The resolution passed by the Committee provided that another 4,000 "White" Russians from Shanghai be evacuated to a temporary heaven in the Philippines, where 2,000 have already been sent.

The "White" Russians being evacuated are mainly former Russian Nationals and their children who fled to China from Russia after the revolution of 1917.

Many of them originally held League of Nations documents.

They were admitted to Shanghai as it was then an international settlement.

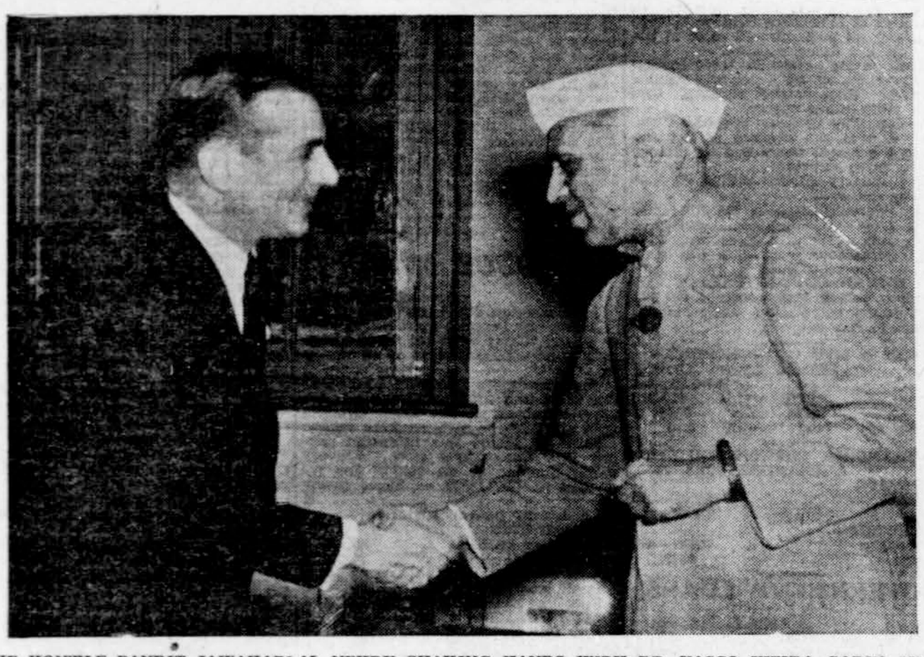
A number of the second generations of these families have applied for Soviet Nationality and returned to Russia.

CF'S STATUE REMOVED FROM COUNCIL CHAMBER HALL

TRIVANDRUM, Jan. 26, (UPA): A statue of Travancore's former dewan, Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer, placed in the Council Chamber Hall for the past ten years was removed last night under instructions from the Government.

The non-removal of the statue was listed as a charge of omission against the previous ministry headed by Thanu Pillai.

NEHRU RECEIVES PORTUGUESE MINISTER



THE HON'BLE PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU SHAKING HANDS WITH DR. VASCO VIEIRA GARIN, MINISTER-DESIGNATE OF PORTUGAL TO INDIA, WHEN THE LATTER CALLED ON THE PRIME MINISTER AT NEW DELHI, ON TUESDAY. PRIOR TO THIS APPOINTMENT IN NEW DELHI, DR. GARIN WAS PORTUGUESE CONSUL GENERAL AT MONTREAL.

Nation Pays Homage To Unknown Martyrs

(Continued from Page 1)

roic workers of the National Conference of Kashmir faced this fire of communal fanaticism and stemmed its tide once for all," declared the Kashmir leader amidst lusty cheers.

PATH OF TRUTH & FREEDOM

Sheikh Abdullah said that the path before Kashmirees was clear. There was no doubt about it. It was the path of Truth and Freedom as shown by Mahatma Gandhi and Kashmirees would never abandon that noble path even if it meant the sacrifice of their lives in attaining their high ideals.

Sheikh Abdullah paid homage to the sacred memory of the Father of the Nation, Mahatma Gandhi, and said that his spirit would guide Kashmirees in their valiant struggle for liberation and in the attainment of their aspirations of a glorious Kashmir.

BONE OF UNITY

Expressing his profound gratitude to Indians for their token of sympathy and solidarity for Kashmirees in their heroic struggle, Sher-e-Kashmir said that this war of Liberation in Kashmir for the last fifteen months fought by Kashmirees side by side with the mighty Indian Army had cemented the brotherly relation between Kashmir and India into an inseperable bond of unity. "No one — not even Satan — can snap that bond of unity now", he declared amidst cheers.

Sheikh Abdullah said that the attention of the whole world was today focussed on Kashmir and he assured those millions and millions of Indian compariots that Kashmirees would never forget the heroism and fortitude of the Indian Army in their War of Liberation. Kashmirees had full faith in God, and Kashmirees firmly believed that ultimately Truth and Justice would triumph over the dark forces of Evil and Falsehood.

"THOSE UNKNOWN MARTYRS"

Earlier, Mr. Patil explaining the significance of the 'Remembrance Day', which was observed all over the country under the direction of the Congress Working Committee, said that the Nation could not easily forget those unknown martyrs and sons and daughters of India, who had given their all for the freedom of the country. "Let us remember them in sacred memory and renew our pledge to make greater efforts to build free India on the foundation-stone of Mahatma Gandhi's mantra of Truth and Love", he added.

Mr. Shankarrao Deo, General Secretary of the Indian National Congress, addressing the meeting said that freedom of India meant liquidation of Imperialism all over the world. If Imperialism continued to sway its might over a brave people like Indonesians and kept them in slavery, freedom India had no meaning. That was the message of Mahatma Gandhi to Indians and India would fulfill his great mission.

Mr. Deo said that with the winning of political freedom by Indians, the Congress began its fight against hunger, disease and illiteracy. Unless economic and social equality was established and every citizen in India felt the glow of freedom, the concept of political democracy in which the Congress firmly believed had no meaning. He wanted every Congressman in the country to take the pledge today that he would strive ceaselessly to realise that dream of Mahatma Gandhi and would realise the aspirations of millions of poverty-stricken masses in the country.

INDIA'S PRESTIGE ENHANCED

Mr. K. M. Munshi speaking on the occasion said that India had emerged now as a great World Power and her voice could not easily be ignored by those power politicians who had turned the United Nations Organisation into a Debating Society. The Conference convened by India's Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, of Asiatic Nations to discuss the unprovoked Dutch aggression in Indonesia had enhanced the prestige and honour of India in the eyes of the world and all Asiatic Nations, who were represented at the Conference, praised the lead given by India's great Prime Minister.

Mr Munshi said that India had already won a moral victory in Hyderabad and had upheld the high principles of U.N.O. when she agreed to the Security Council's decision in Kashmir. "Let u sall renew our pledge to work with greater zeal to make India a great and glorious country" he added.

A number of meetings were organised by various Ward District Congress Committees in different localities in the city to observe the "Remembrance Day" today.

"Banish Illiteracy And Back Prohibition"

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, told a Remembrance Day meeting at Tardeo tonight that with the achievement of freedom a great responsibility lay on every Indian to contribute his share towards increasing the wealth of the country.

He said that the prime need today was to see that every citizen was provided with the necessities of life—food, clothing and shelter—and this could not be realised unless everyone understood his duty in the context of India's newly-won freedom.

While the task of providing the basic needs of the people was being tackled expeditiously, Mr. Kher said, another paramount question was that of making the masses educated so as to enable them to discharge their responsibilities as free men. Adult franchise carried with it certain inevitable adjuncts which alone could make the new concept a successful one in practice. One of them was education and the Premier urged the people to help in banishing illiteracy.

Mr. Kher said that the Prohibition programme was aimed at making the people happy and prosperous. Unless the evil of drink were abolished there was no hope of salvation for the masses. The State was prepared to lose the revenue from liquor even if it amounted to hundreds of crores.

The Premier emphasised that after the liberation of India Remembrance Day had become an occasion to remind the people of their individual and collective responsibility to help preserve the country's freedom.

Do Penance For Murder Of Mahatma

CALCUTTA, Jan. 26. (A.P.I.): Acharya Kripalani to-day asked the people to do penance for the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi by carrying out the constructive work which Gandhiji had outlined, but which "no one is following".

Addressing a meeting here in connection with "Remembrance Day", Acharya Kripalani deplored the attitude of people who, he said, "while swearing by Mahatma Gandhi's name", did not carry out any of his ideals into practice. "No one in the land should utter Mahatmaji's name without following his advice".

Criticising those who were now "after posts of Ministers and Ambassadors" Acharya Kripalani said that very few were thinking of the prosperity of their Motherland.

Mahatma Gandhi's assassination, he said, would ever remain a blot on the character of the people, that an Indian should have killed the Father of the Nation who had brought independence to them. The time had come for doing penance for the crime they had committed".

"Liquidate Communalism"

LUCKNOW, Jan. 26. (U.P.I.): Addressing the Remembrance Day public meeting this evening in the Aminuddala Park, the U.P. Premier, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, advised the people to broaden their vision and liquidate communalism and disintegrating forces, which were responsible for Mahatma Gandhi's murder and which, if nurtured, could do more harm to the country.

He deplored the activities of the Communists which were, he said, inimical to the best interests of the nation. In conclusion, Pandit Pant invoked workers' assistance for more production which alone, he added, could lead to economic and social prosperity.

Flag Salutation In New Delhi

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26. (U.P.I.): In observance of the Remembrance Day, fresh pledges to translate the constructive programme of the Congress into practice for the benefit of the common man, were taken in different parts of the captal to-day.

Lala Deshbandhu Gupta, M.C.A., performed the flag hoisting ceremony in Connaught Place, Shri Radha Raman, President, Delhi Provincial Congress Committee, at Naya Bazar, Dr. S. D. Kitchlew at Clock Tower in Chandni Chowk, Sri Mohanlal Saxena at Netaji Park, Lodi Road Market, and Mr. Krishna Nair at Bijwasan, a suburban village.

Similar flag hoisting ceremonies were held at Kashmere Gate, Karol Bagh, Daryaganj, Shahdara and the villages of Najafgarh and Badli.

Shri Kala Venkat Rao, General Secretary of the A.I.C.C. unfurled the flag at the A.I.C.C. office in New Delhi.

"Achieve Complete Independence"

MADRAS, Jan. 26. (U.P.I.): Addressing a public meeting held here this evening in observance of Remembrance Day, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Congress President, emphasised that the people should follow the path shown by Gandhiji for achieving complete independence. What had been achieved, he said, was only 'Raj' and not 'Swaraj'.

Earlier, the whole gathering stood up in silence for a minute as a mark of respect to the martyrs who had lost their lives during the country's struggle for freedom.

Pointing out that the way for the achievement of social and economic freedom lay in Gandhiji's constructive programme, the Congress President said that every aspect of it contributed to the happiness and well-being of the masses.

Referring to the present set up of administration, Dr. Pattabhi said that the whole system should be changed. He strongly advocated the formation of village panchayats wherein, he said, the elders in the village would settle dispute among the villagers on the spot without much loss of time.

The Congress President condemned corruption and black-marketing and asked the people not to be a party to such anti-social activities.

GANDHI MANDAP EXHIBITION

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26. (A.P.I.): The Exhibition, known as Gandhi Mandap, of paintings, photographs, manuscripts, etc., which is being arranged at Rajghat in commemoration of the first death anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi will be opened on Sunday, January 30, 1949 at 10-30 a.m. by the Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

Rajghat is, at the moment, humming with activity. A highly artistic pavilion has been constructed on the lines of the cottages of Santiniketan, and four archways add to the dignity and beauty of the surroundings.

Among the exhibits will be rare manuscripts including letters in original written by Gandhiji to leading personalities and friends. A special feature is a full-size replica of Gandhiji's Sevagram hut, which is faithful in every detail.

Admission to the pavilion including Bapu-Kuti will be subject to a one rupee ticket for adults and as. 8 for children below twelve years or age. The exhibition will remain open for 15 days and the surplus of the proceeds will go to the Gandhi National Memorial Fund.

The opening ceremony of the exhibition will be held outside the pavilion and will be open to the public.

Wreaths Placed On "Shaheed Bedis"

CALCUTTA, Jan. 26 (API)—Calcutta is observing the 'Remembrance Day' today in pursuance of the direction of the Congress Working Committee.

Flags were hoisted and wreaths were placed on 'Shaheed Bedis' in the morning in public places by prominent Congress workers.

Britain And U. S. See Eye To Eye On Mid-east Policy

(Continued from Page 1)

Palestine among the many millions of Arabs in North Africa. The problem closely affects France, our partner in the Western Union, who shares our own special concern for the future of Jerusalem and the Holy places".

DEBATE ON PALESTINE

Opening the debate on Palestine, Mr. Bevin said Britain had interests, obligations and responsibility in maintaining security and stability in the Middle East.

"It is the deliberate purpose of our policy to be faithful to those obligations and to that purpose," he said.

"We have steadily supported all the resolutions of the Security Council as regards both sides in the Palestine dispute", Mr. Bevin declared. "From that policy the British Government are not going to be deterred an inch.

"I am sure we shall have the support of all those with experience of these problems and with knowledge of what is at stake in the Middle East in carrying out this purpose.

NO BRITISH UNANIMITY ON MID-EAST PROBLEMS

"From 1919 to 1945 there has been within successive United Kingdom Governments a conflict of policy and as far as I can trace it there was never unanimity about how to deal with the problems of the Middle East and especially with Palestine," Mr. Bevin said.

"It seems to me that during all that period this country has been trying to ride two very difficult horses at once and we have always been balancing ourselves with very great difficulties.

"Speeches have been made in all parties pledging support to one or other solution of the Palestine problem, now to the Jews and now to the Arabs. Most of the proposals were incomparative with our obligations under the Mandate and were not realisable in practice.

"I have always been willing to take note and consider any constructive proposals put forward in this House or elsewhere in trying to grapple with this problem, but I have been confronted with attacks, untruths, half truths and abuse reflecting not only on me personally, but on the British people who have done so much for the Middle East and for Palestine.

"WE DID NOT CREATE PALESTINE PROBLEM!"

Mr. Bevin declared: "This Government did not create the Palestine problem".

He said the Balfour Declaration promised the same thing to two people, and added, "if the burden is difficult now, it is because the statesmen of those days did not face the problem fearlessly, resolutely and finally".

It was no service to posterity to take refuge in contradictory statements to Arabs and Jews, he said.

POSER FOR — CHURCHILL

Mr. Churchill was Colonial Secretary in 1922 and I admire his extraordinary ingenuity, but can he deny that he too was faced with a problem to which there was no real solution".

"The criticism of this Government is that we have been unable to settle in three and a half years what everybody has been trying to solve by a succession of commissions and white papers", Mr. Bevin declared.

Recalling that the Balfour Declaration promised the establishment of a National Home for the Jews, Mr. Bevin said: "When I came to deal with this problem we were faced not with the demand for a National Home but for a Jewish State.

"This development made a more intense conflict with the Arabs inevitable. It also meant that we had a thing not contemplated by the Balfour Declaration or under League of Nations.

CHURCHILL ATTACKS BEVIN

Opposition Leader Winston Churchill attacked Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin for his "astounding mishandling" of the Palestine problem.

Speaking after Mr. Bevin in the debate on Palestine and Middle East in the House of Commons today, Mr. Churchill said that in the spirit of the general policy which Mr. Bevin had pursued, the Opposition had supported him and they did not withdraw that support at the present time.

Reception At New Delhi Government House

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26 (API)—The Governor-General Mr. C. Rajagopalachari held a reception at Government House today on the occasion of the Remembrance Day. Eight hundred guests including Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Deputy Prime Minister, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and other Ministers, Members of the Diplomatic Corps, members of the Constituent Assembly and prominent officials and non-officials attended. The function was held in the Moghul's Gardens in the Government House Estate.

Stop Press

DEMAND FOR CHIANG'S ARREST

NANKING, Jan. 26, (Reuter):— A Communist, spokesman on North Shensi radio tonight demanded that the Government imprison Generalissimo Chiang Kai Shek and all others on the Communists "war criminals" list.

BEVIN HITS OUT AT LABOUR CRITICS

LONDON, Jan. 26, (Reuter): Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin hit out at Labour critics in vigorous exposition of his Palestine policy at a private meeting of the Parliamentary Labour Party today. The Anti-Bevin minority in the 390 strong parliamentary party retaliated vigorously.

The meeting was understood to have been stormy.

People IN THE NEWS

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Jan. 26 (API)—The Governor of Bombay received Mr. B. U. Master, Mr. F.S. Patel, Mrs. Sitabai Annigeri and Mr. D.V Kelkar.

Colonel Sir Buta Singh came to lunch.

The Governor visited the Khalsa College, Matunga and presided over the Prize Distribution.

Kunwar and Kunwarani Mahndar Singh have arrived.

DR. PATTABHI

MADRAS, Jan. 26 (API)—Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Congress President, arrived here today from Cocanada and leaves for Delhi tomorrow by air.

DR. KATJU

NAGPUR, Jan. 26 (UPI)—His Excellency Dr. K. N. Katju, Governor, West Bengal who is now in Nagpur saw this afternoon a collection of scientific terminology arranged by Dr. Raghuvir, Heal of the Scientific Terminology Department of the Nagpur University, in the old Assembly Rest House, The West Bengal Governor evinced keen interest. His Excellency Sri Mangaldas Pakvasa, Governor of the Central Provinces and Berar, accompanied Dr. Katju.

RAJAJI FOR MADRAS

MADRAS, Jan. 26 (UPI)—It is learnt that His Excellency C. Rajagopalachari, Governor-General, will be arriving in Madras by air from Delhi on February 8 and on the following day he will perform the function of launching the ship to be named "V. O. Chidambaram Pillai" at Tuticorin.

His Excellency will return to Madras on February 10 and leave for Delhi on February 11 by air.

KHWAJA SAHABUDDIN

CALCUTTA, Jan. 26 (UPI)—Khwaja Sahabuddin, Minister for Interior and Broadcasting, East Pakistan, arrived in Calcuta this morning on his way to Karachi from Dacca. He will leave for Karachi tomorrow.

MALAYA INDIAN LEADER MEETS NEHRU

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26 (API): Sardar Budh Singh, President of the Malayan Indian Congress, who is on a tour of the country, met the Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru today and appraised him of the condition of Indians in Malaya.

He also met Mr. Jai Prakash Narain and asked him to visit Malaya. Mr. Jai Prakash is stated to have agreed to visit Malaya in a couple of months, after his tour of Burma.

4,500 N. S. RAILWAY WORKERS STRIKE

Demand For Reinstatement Of Engine Cleaner

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Jan. 26. (A. P. I.): About 4,500 workmen of the Nizam's State Railway workshop at Lalaguda near Secunderabad and a section of the loco running staff have gone on strike this morning as a protest against "the refusal of the authorities to reinstate Kashinath Kulkarni, an engine cleaner, who was discharged from service for alleged prticipation in a strike" during the previous regime in the State. Kashinath Kulkarni himself is now on a hunger-strike since Sunday mid-night.

Passenger traffic between Secunderabad and Wadi on the Bezwada-Wadi section of the railway was brought to a standstill as a result of the strike. A number of Passengers travelling from Bezwada towards Wadi and in the opposite direction are now stranded at Secunderabad. Efforts are however being made by the authorities to restore normal running of trains on this route as early as possible.

Police patrols have been posted in the workshop area and the situation is said to be peaceful.

GRUESOME FIND IN ADILABAD TRENCH

Two Hyderabad Army Men And Captain Arrested

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Jan. 26. (U.P.I.): Two dead bodies, believed to be of Congress workers, have been exhumed by the police from a trench, within the compound of an iron and steel factory, according to a report from Mancherial, district Adilabad. The bodies riddled with bullets were found buried in a trench. They had ropes round their waists.

The police, who are said to attach considerable importance to these murders which occurred shortly before the police action, have arrested three members of the State army including a captain in connection with this find. Further investigations are in progress.

RAMANAND FOR DELHI

Sardar To Help Solve State Congress Deadlock

HYDERABAD, (Dn) Jan 26. (U.P.I.) Swami Ramanand Tirath, President of the Hyderabad State Congress accompanied by Mr. Govind Das Shroff and Dr. G. S. Melkote, Members of the State Congress Working Committee, is leaving for New Delhi tomorrow to hold consultations with Sardar Patel for a solution of the State Congress deadlock.

Some members of the dissident Congress group have already left for Delhi.

NANKING APPEAL TO COMMUNISTS

NANKING, Jan. 26, (Reuter)—The Chinese Government tonight appealed to the Communists to respectfully the wishes of the people that hostilities be brought to an end.

BARODA'S DEMANDS ON BOMBAY

State Premier Meets Civil Supplies Minister

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Dr. Jivaraj Mehta, Prime Minister of Baroda, met Bombay's Civil Supplies Minister, Mr. Dinkarrao N. Desai, this afternoon at the Secretariat when he sought Bombay Government's help in providing necessary transport to expedite the supply of foodgrains and fodder to relieve famine conditions in the State.

Mr. Desai, it is learnt, has assured him of all possible help in the matter.

The Baroda Prime Minister told pressmen that about one-fourth of the State was in the grip of famine and scarcity conditions had been declared in many parts. The Mehsana District in particular has been affected and there was an acute scarcity of grass with the resultant danger to thousands of heads of cattle.

Dr. Mehta said that Baroda Government have pressed the Central Government to supply 250,000 tons of foodgrains, which were the State's minimum requirements.

The State also immediately needed supplies of crude oil for pumping operations and also iron and steel for agricultural purposes, he said.

RAJAJI TO LAUNCH "V.O.C." SHIP

MADRAS, Jan. 26 (A.P.I.): His Excellency Sri C. Rajagopalachagi, Governor-General, is expected to arrive in Madras on Feb. 8 on his way to Tuticorin to launch the first ship of the "V.O.C.". Coastal shipping service between Tuticorin and Colombo on Feb 9. Mr. Rajagopalachari will return to Madras on Feb. 10 and leave for Delhi the next day according to information received here.

NIGHT AIRMAIL SERVICE

Inauguration On January 30

NEW DELHI, January 26.

For the first time in the history of the postal service an overnight airmail will be introduced with effect from January 30, 1949. These night flights are scheduled to leave daily Bombay, Delhi, Calcutta and Madras by 10 p.m. and after a midnight exchange of mails at Nagpur 'en route', will arrive at their destinations at each of these four cities early next morning so that postings up to a very late hour at each of these five places will be delivered by the first delivery the next day to the places intended.

These night air services will be utilised also for convenyance of air postal parcels. The special postage rates for these air parcels will be Rs. 2 for the first pound and Re. 1 for every additional pound or fraction thereof plus annas four for registered parcels. The size of an air parcel will be limited to a length of two feet, and length and girth combined four feet with maximum weight of twenty pounds.

India In Truman's Programme

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26. (Reuter): Secretary of State Dean Acheson today named India as one of the countries which could be developed under the world development programme announced by President Truman last week.

India was the only country individually named by Mr. Acheson in answer to questions from correspondents at his first press conference since his appointment as Secretary of State.

Mr. Acheson said the areas President Truman had in mind included the Far East, South-East Asia, Africa and Latin America.

BOMBAY Stock Exchange

Narrow Trading Market With Scattered Selling

BOMBAY, Jan. 26.—The Bombay Stock Exchange was quiet today with scattered selling. Neither Bulls nor Bears are anxious to operate and the market is left alone. There is more disposition to await fresh developments.

The average daily volume of business has dwindled down and even jobbers do not see anything worth doing in the market. In the meantime some dealers believe that the market outlook remains constructive while others hold the opposite view. But behind these views there is utter absence of any action. The general feeling is that the present state will continue upto the central budget.

Tata Steel Defd. Shares opened at Rs. 1642/8 and declined at Rs. 1637/8. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 295 and declined at Rs. 292. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 977 and quietened at Rs. 973-12. Kohinoors and Swadeshi Shares were quoted at Rs. 278 and Rs. 277 respectively. Scindia Shares which continue moderately active were done today at Rs. 20/14.

Later on Tata Steel Defds improved at Rs. 1645 but declined at Rs. 1638-12. Ordinary shares also after improving at Rs. 294 declined at Rs. 292-8. Bombay Dyeings were placed at Rs. 972-8. Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 277-8 while Nagpurs were done at Rs. 241. Simplex shares changed hands at Rs. 177. New Greats were done at Rs. 158 and Gokaks were placed at Rs. 268-8.

Associated Cements were steady at Rs. 156-4 and Bombay Burmas came in business at Rs. 308. Bellapurs were quoted at Rs. 227-8 and Premier Constructions were placed at Rs. 140. Scindia shares were quoted at Rs. 20-13-8.

The market closed barely steady with absence of buying support and scattered liquidation.

FORWARD SECTION

Bombay Dyeing (12-8)	280	0
Kohinoor Mills (6)	280	0
Swadeshi Mills (22)	278	8
Central India Mills (4)	241	8
Simplex Mills (8) X D	177	4
New Great Eastern (10)	158	0
Indore (9 plus 3)	173	12
Gokak Mills (20)	269	0
Century-Spinning (15)	230	0
Colaba (12)	150	0
India Bleaching (6)	153	0
Swan Mills (20)	309	8
Finlay Mills (15)	272	0
Morarji Goculdas XD	473	8
Edward Sassoon (20) XR	240	0
Meyer (12) XD	115	0
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2	15
India United Ord. (6-13-0)	11	5
India United Defd. (0-1-6)	1	10 0
Madhusudan Mills (15)	190	0
Podar (8)	145	0
Khatau Makanji (8)	207	8
Indore Coupon	24	0
STEEL SHARES		
Tata Steel Ord (14)	292	12
Tata Steel Defd (64-15)	1642	8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (7-8)	137	8
CEMENT		
Associated Cement (5)	156	4
INDUSTRIES		
Burma (12-8) X D	308	12
Belapur Sugar (9) X D	227	0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	28	8
Scindia Steam (1-4)	20	14 6
Premier Construction	140	8
Tata Chemical	12	8
Tata Oil (2)	62	4
Indian Iron (0-12) X D	22	14
Bengal Steel (0-8-0)	20	10 6
British India Corp (0-10)	8	1 6
1 Copper	2	4
Wimco XR	190	0
Alcock	280	0
Belapur Coupon	58	0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS

Elphinstone Mills (5)	68	0
Phoenix Mills (50) XR	220	0
Indian Manufacturing XD	630	0
Kooria Mills (8)	131	4
David Mills (6)	191	4
New City Mills (10)	181	4
Minerva Mills (12)	121	4
Bradbury Mills (12)	587	8 0
Bharucha Defd (0-4)	6	0
Bharat Mills (2)	32	0
Mysore Spg Mills (8)	172	8
Madhavji Dharamsi (6-12)	15	0
Model Mills (12-8) XD	178	12
Lakshmi Cotton (25) XD	600	0
Vishnu Cotton (8) XD	222	6
Western India (40) XD	4070	0
Standard Mills (15)	245	1
Sholapur Mills (200)	3500	0
Sasoon Cotton Mills (9-8)	9	8
Hindustan Mills (40)	4225	0
Tata Mills (3)	55	8
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	270	10
Ahmedabad Advance New	196	0
Sassoon Silk (3)	72	8
New Union Mills (0-8)	13	1
Madhusudan B (2-8)	35	0
Shahpur Mills (8)	175	2
Rajkot Jamnagar Power (4)	108	0
Bihar Mills	280	0
Victoria Mills	226	0
Colaba Land Coupon	43	0
New Great New	143	0
ELECTRIC SHARES		
Tata Hydro (4-4-0)	153	8
Andhra Valley (45)	1405	0
Tata Power (50)	1506	4
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	115	1
Ahmedabad New	12	6
Surat Electricity (3-8)	142	8
Karachi Electric (2)	127	8
Broach (0-8)	10	12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10	7
Amalgamated (0-12)	12	4
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26	8
Poona Electric Supply (8)	150	0
Bombay Suburban (3) XD	143	4
BANK SHARES		
Imperial Bank of India (35) XD	1775	0
Imperial Bank of India (8-12) XD	438	12
Central Bank Old (1-8)	90	4
Central Bank New (1-8)	89	0
Bank of India (4) XR	196	0
Union Bank of India (05)	7	12
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	139	0
Hamb Bank (4)	156	0
Devaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	52	0
United Commercial (1-8)	59	8
Hindustan Commercial	28	13
Jaipur Bank (1-8)	35	8
Mysore Bank (8)	265	0
Exchange Bank (1-8)	29	8
Eastern Bank (0-14-8)	106	0
INSURANCE		
Oriental (125) XD	4260	0
Empire (10)	670	0
New India (1-8)	56	0
Jupiter (1-4)	21	0
Vulcan (0-10)	11	12
Indian Mercantile (2)	39	8
Universal (0-4)	11	4
B.I.G. (1)	18	1
Industrial and Prudential	39	4
Neptune Assurance	9	0
New Great	28	0
All-India General	17	8
RAILWAY SHARES		
Central Provinces (1-14)	112	0
Pachora Jamner Rly (2-8)	120	0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES		
Bombay Steamer (10)	360	0
Bombay Burma New (5)	111	4
Burma Petrol	1 4	9
Mackenzie (6)	90	0
Port Canning (3)	67	0
Kemp and Co (20)	442	8
Kemp and Co. (New)	462	8
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	150	8
Industrial Invest Trust (4)	89	8
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	34	8
Mukund Iron	19	8
Dena Trust (0-12)	21	0
Alembic (15)	303	12
Associated Cement New (1-4)	146	12
Supreme India XR	123	12
Jam Wire (6)	67	8
Bombay Uganda	69	0
Bombay Motor Cycle	34	0
Indian Cement (1937)	25	0
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	145	0
United Motor	74	0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	1002	8
Hydary Construction	19	10
Mahmadi Steam	96	0
Gujarat Motor	20	0
Sardar Carbonic XD	750	0
Harvey Press	819	0
Estrela Batteries	61	0
Prince of Wales Press	610	0
Manmad Press	128	0
PREFERENCE SHARES		
Tata Steel 1st (6)	177	8
Andhra Valley (7)	1247	8
Tata Power (7-8)	1302	4
Hydro Electric (7)	121	14
Bombay Steamer (6)	308	12
Central India (5)	632	8
Swadeshi Mills	128	12
Vishnu Mills (7)	633	12
Lakshmi Mills	275	0
New Great Mills (5-8)	227	8
Podar Mills (4)	108	0
Shrinivas Mills	98	0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	117	8
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	310	0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	136	4
Premier Construction 1st (6 1/4)	120	0
Amalgamated (5-8)	123	2
Premier Construction 2nd (6-4)	116	4
Hatab	92	0
Tata Chemical (5)	133	2
Walchand Nagar Indus (7)	130	0
Jupiter General	19	14
Supreme	100	0
Meyer	121	4
Mackenzie 1st	85	0
Mackenzie 2nd	80	0
Ahmedabad Advance	152	8
Mysore Mills	50	0
Standard Mills	101	0
Madhusudan Mills	13	0
Khatau Mills	104	0
Morarji	104	0
DEBENTURES		
Andhra 1952 (4)	103	8
Bombay Steamer (1959) (4-8)	101	10
Indian Hume Pipe (6)	106	0
Tata Power 1951	103	8
Walchand Nagar (6)	112	0
OUTSIDE SHARES		
Burma Corporation	2	14
New Victoria Mill	2	8
New Victoria Pref .	5	0
Phalton Sugar (8)	122	0
Gold Mohur (20)	280	0
New Kaiser-Hind	360	0
Sajjan Mills (20)	150	0
Osmanshahi Mills (10)	300	0
Azam Jahi Mills (10)	340	0
Air Service XR	8	0
Amboca Air Lines	7	0
Air India (100)	100	0
Hind Motor	5	2
Indian Steam	8	12

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Jan. 26.

The local cotton market was quietly steady with very little business. As a matter of fact there is utter absence of any fresh business and most of the Brokers are doing nothing.

Thus as far as the Forward market is concerned, we have not any regular market. Spot market remains firm with mills active buyers.

To-day May delivery opened at Rs. 617-8 and in the absence of any important business there was no change in the price structure.

The market finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. February	Rs. 620	0 0
I.C.C. May	617	2 0
I.C.C. July	616	8 0
I.C.C. September	615	8 0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian cotton May contract is 870 cent points below New York May at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 4-50 p.m.
May	617½	616½	617-3/8
July	617½	616	616½
September	617	615½	616

ALEXANDRIA COTTON MARKET

ALEXANDRIA, Jan. 25.

KARNAK—	
March	87.72—133
May	84.60—140
ASHMOUNI—	
February	53.80—105
April	54.25

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Jan. 26:

2 1/4 per cent 1954	98 8
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100 7
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99 15
2 1/2 per cent 1961	97 0
2 3/4 per cent 1960	99 8
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99 12
2 3/4 per cent 1976	98 0
3 per cent Non-Terminable	98 11
3 per cent 1988 con.	98 12
3 per cent 1961-64	100 10
3 per cent 1953-55	101 7
3 per cent 1957	101 4
3 per cent 1959-61	100 14
3 per cent 1963-65	100 2
3 per cent 1959-61	100 13
3 per cent 1963-65	99 15
3 per cent 1966168	99 12
4 per cent 1960-70	110 10
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	104 0
4 1/2 per cent 1965-60	112 2
4 1/2 per cent 1953-58	115 6
PROVINCIAL LOANS	
2 3/4 per cent U P 1961	98 2
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	98 2
3 per cent Punjab 1948	98 14
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100 12
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100 12
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100 4
3 per cent U.P. 1962	100 6
3 per cent C. P. 1962	100 6
3 per cent N. W. F 1962	99 10
3 per cent U P 1961-66	100 0
3 per cent Bombay Municipality D.	111 0
3 per cent Bom Mumi 1959	114 8
3 per cent Bom Mum 1954	114 8
3 1/4 per cent Municipality K. P. T.	114 8

TALIAN ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, Jan. 26.

150 D Jan.	3 8 9
150 D. Feb.	3 5 6
120 D. Ready	3 5 6
150 D. Ready	3 8 9

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE,
BOMBAY, Jan. 26.

Tata Ordinary 292/12; Tata Deferred 1642/8; Indian Iron 22/14; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 20/10/6; Bombay Dyeing 980; Central India 241/14; Gokak 269/6; Kohinoor 280; Simplex 177/4; Swadeshi 278/12; Tata Power 1506/4; Associated Cement 156/4; Belapur 227/8; Bombay Burma (Old) 308/12; Scindia 20/14/6; Central Bank 90/4; New India 56; Tata 2nd Pref. 137/8.

NEW YORK SILVER.
NEW YORK, Jan. 25.

U. S. Price of Foreign Silver 70 cents.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Jan. 26.

The local Bullion market was firm to-day on active buying and scarcity of offerings. Yesterday there was heavy buying in Gold by Calcutta operators and to-day also the market advanced further on active buying. The rise in the price of Gold, helped upward move in Silver and the market conditions were firm.

There being limited supplies of Gold and the floating of Silver available in the market being small, it becomes difficult to satisfy the demand.

Quotations were as under:—

Ready Silver	Rs. 183	2 0
Ready Gold	117	0 0
Sovereigns	74	12 0

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, Jan. 26

After the new directions given by the Board, the Produce market was fairly steady to-day with restricted business and quotations show small changes.

Castorseeds May delivery opened at Rs. 133-8 and after declining at Rs 133-6 improved at Rs. 133-8. Groundnuts and Linseed sections were steady.

Later on tehere was increased selling in Castorseeds May delivery which declined at Rs. 132/10 and recovered at Rs. 133¾6 on short coverisg. d

Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—		
Khandesh quality	35	4 0
Coromandal	34	12 0
Bold ready	34	6 0
Bold Dec-Jan	34	4 0
Bold Feb-March	34	3 0
CASTORSEEDS—		
May delivery	133	6 0
Ready	28	0 0
LINSEEDS—		
Ready	26	5 0
Feb-March	26	7 0
April-May	26	7 0
GROUNDNUT OILS—		
Ready Receipts	19	12 0
January	19	12 0
February	19	12 0
March	19	13 0
Linseed Oil	16	10 0
Castorseed oil first pressing	19	0 0
Castorseed oil Commercial quality	17	8 0
Gingellyseed	225 to 230	

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES

NEW YORK, Jan. 25— (UPA): Pepper prices closed inactive and nominally 100 to 200 lower on the New York Produce Exchange today.

The market was shaped by lack of consumer interest and cheaper Indian offerings. February shipment price was 50 cents per pound and March 47 ex dock.

Closing prices included—basis delivery ex dock or warehouse in New York:

March 55; May 49; July 46 September 45; October 44; December 42.

In the spot market, prices were unchanged.

LONDON PEPPER IDLE

LONDON Jan. 25 (UPA): The market remained extremely idle with Singapore quoting black pepper at 3|2 and white 4|-.

Malabar pepper remained unchanged.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, Jan. 25.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p.c.	80-1/4
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p.c. 1961	106-15/16
Funding Loan 4 p.c. 1960/90	113-9/16
War Loan 3-1/2 p.c. 1952 and after	103-5/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Rez.)	107-1/2
National Bank of India	39-1/2

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 6,746.

LONDON BULLION.
LONDON, Jan. 25.

Silver Spot and Forward both 42-1/2 d. Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8-12-3.

Increased Hedge Selling On N.Y. Cotton Exchange

WALL STREET UNCHANGED WITH MIXED TRADING

NEW YORK, Jan. 25:

After a steady opening on scattered trade buying in near months for mill and export accounts with some commission houses buying newcrops based on the theory of probable strengthened farm programme prices moved narrowly and then sagged on appearance of increased hedges which trade offtake more indifferent. After steadying on export and loan influences prices sagged on renewed hedging, sluggishness in securities and possibilities of decline in mid-January parity prices. The market closed barely steady with sales approximately 140,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON CLOSINGS.

New York, Jan. 25

March	32.7)—12
March Highest	32.88+02
March Lowest	32.73—13
May	32.50—10
July	31.44—01
October	28.68—04
December	28.42—06
Middling Spot	33.73—18
NEW ORLEANS COTTON CLOSINGS.	
March	32.74—10
May	32.51—11
July	31.42—02
October	28.63—09
Middling Spot	32.75—20

WALL STREET MARKET

The failure of demand to improve resulted in extension of sellers activities and the market showed liberal losses ranging to one point or more headed by leading steels, chemicals, rails, motors, oils, containers, rubbers and textiles. The averages were Industrials 179.67 and rails 53.18.

Pressure abated in the afternoon but rallies were selectively feeble and the market fluctuated quietly around lows Dividends and earnings helped to maintain a few oils but most of this group were depressed on the instability of the oil price structure. Steels were soft. The market was unchanged in final dealings and closed easy.

CHICAGO GRAINS

The market sagged liquidation and disappointing commercial demand though government made sizable purchases of cash maize yesterday and reentered the export flour market.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Jan. 26.

MILLS

Apollo 2-14-6 2-15
Bharat 31 32
B. Dyeing 977-8 71-4 73-12 72-8 82-8 80.
C. India 242 41 41-8
Century 230
Colaba 150
Finlay 271-8 70 72
Gokak 269-8 68-8 69
I.U. Defd. 1-10 1-9-6, 1-10
I.U Ord. 11-6 11-5
Indore 172-8 73-12
Kohinoor 279 77-8 78-8 77-4 80
Madhusudan 185 90
New Great 159 58
Sassoon Cotton 9/8
Simplex 178 76 77-4
Swadeshi 278-8 77 78-8
Tata Mills 53 55-8

STEAMER

B. Steam 362-8 58-12 60
Scindia 21 21-1 20-13-6 20-14-6

BANKS

Baroda 139 40
Central 90-8 90-12 90 90-4
Imperial Old 1775
Imperial New 438-12
India 196
Union 7-12
U. Commercial 59-8

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 115/10.
Andhra Valley 1405 7/8 5.
Surat 142/9.
Hydro 152/8 53/8.
Power 1502/8 6/4.

INSURANCE

B. I. General 18/1.
New India 56.

STEEL

B. Steel 20/12 20/10/6.
I. Iron 22/15 22/13 23 22/14.
Tata Defd. 1643/12 37/8 45 38/12 42/8.
Tata Ord. 294/8, 93/4 94 92/12.
Tata 1st Pref. 177/8.
Tata 2nd. Pref. 138 37/12.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 280.
A.C.C. Old 155 56/4.
A.C.C. New 145/8 46/12.
Belapur 225/8 25 29 27.
B.B. Old 308/12 8/2 8/12.
B.B. New 111/4.
B.B. Petrol 1/4/9 1/5 1/4/9.
B.I. Corp. 8/2 8/1/6.
I. Copper 2/3/6 2/4.
I. Bleaching 153.
P. Const. 141/8 40 40/8.
Tata Chem. 12/13 12/12.
Tata Oil 59 62/4.
Wimco 190.

SPECIAL

Belapur Coupon 59/8 58.
Indore Coupon 84.

Madras Shares Slightly Easier

MADRAS, Jan. 26 (API)—On the Madras market banking shares were slightly easier whilst in the sugar groups Deccan and Mysore sugars found buyers at increased rates. Plantings were dull and steady with little business. Textiles met with mixed trading, Janardhanas losing two rupees at 44.

Miscellaneous section was featureless with prices remaining unchanged.

Following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock Market:—

Government of India Loan 3 per cent Paper 98-12, do 3 per cent 1966 98|13, do 1970-75 100, Govt. of Travancore Loan 3 per cent 1952|54 102|6, Govt. of Madras Loan 3 per cent 1960 100|9.

BANKS:—Travancore 19-8.

PLANTINGS:—Balmadies 1 4, Chembra 44-11, Cochin Malabar 4-9, Devashola 18-2, Midland 5-6, Nelliampathy 1-5, Ouchterlony 5|7.6 Pullangode 1-2, Thirumbadi 2-6-6, T.R.T. and Co. 6-6, Valkundam 7-12.

TEXTILES:—Buckingham 164, do Pref 191, Cambodia 9-1-6, Coimbatore Cm. 107-8, do Pioneer 120, Lakshmi 64, Madura 44, Mettur 312-8, Radhakrishna 134-8, Rajalakshmi 56-3, Ranga Vilas 44-8, Trav Rayons 4-13, Trichinopoly 11-8.

MISCELLANEOUS—Andhra Cement 65, F.A.C.T. 5-3, India Cement 14-2, Mettur Chem 8-4, Mysore Chem Fert 7-2, Spencer 12.

Calcutta Share Bazar

CALCUTTA, Jan. 26, (API): The market ruled dull and inactive and only a limited turnover resulted. Following are today's final transactions upto 2-30 p.m:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES:—Three per cent loan 1988 98/12 three per cent loan 1959/61 100/11 three per cent loan 1970/75 99/15.

BANKS:— Hindustan Commercial Bank 25/- Imperial Bank fully paid 1750/-.

COALS:— Burrakur Coal 22/14; South Karanpura 26/13 Samla Colliery 6/13 Talcher 4/-.

JUTES:— Belvedere Pref. 154/- Chitavalsah Pref. 146/- Naihati 113/- Presidency 6/7 Ct. Minings Burma Corp. 3/- Tavoy Tin Annas twelve.

MISCELLANEOUS: Dalmia Cement 7/8; Sone Valley Cement 6/4;; Jessop and Co. 17/-; Steel Corp. 20/10 Ditto Pref. 124/- Textile Machinery 7/2; Balmer Lawrie 336/- Ct. Jardine Henderson 160/8 Ct. Walford Transport Ordy. 2/10;; British Burma Petrol 1/5; India Paper Pulp 151/- Star Paper 5/5 India General Navgn 82/8 India Steamship 8/12.

SUGARS:— Balrampore 9/4 Ct. Ryam 15/8.

TEAS:— Tezpore 21/14; Tilkah 7/8.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Jan. 25.

Market ruled easy on bear hammering on unconfirmed gossips by interested parties. Closed quiet.

Closing quotations: Arvind 1465, Ambika 385, Calico 1226, Deferred 1640, Atul 43-8, Bhalkia 155, Rajnagar 320, Saraspur 590.

Cutch Hundi

(From Our Correspondent)
BHUJ, Jan. 25.

Hundi Buying	292	0 0
Hundi Selling	293	0 0
Gold	Rs. 109	0 0
Silver	Rs. 177	0 0

Saurashtra Market Quotations

RAJKOT, Jan. 25.

Rajkot Silver Maha	182	2 0
Rajkot Sugar Maha	90	0 0
Rajkot Ananda January	133	12 0
Chhoraji Silver Maha	182	2 0
Dhoraji Aranda January	133	12 0
Jamnagar Silver Posh	180	2 0
Jamnagar Aranda January	134	4 0
Wadhwan Cotton Jeth	28	5 6
Wadhwan Sugar Posh	16	3 0

British Steel Rails For Russia

LONDON: (IPS): More than 15,200 tons of narrow-gauge steel rails have been supplied by the British to the Soviet Union. Another 25,000 tons promised under the trade agreement last year is ready for shipment. In return, the Soviet Union has completed delivery of 750,000 tons of cattle food.

Painted 1,500 Pictures

LONDON: (IPS): Death has occured the other day of Henry Walter Bates, former Managing Director of Britain's oldest Hosiery firm at the age of 94. He had painted 1,500 pictures.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
NEW YORK, Jan. 25.

American Telephone & Telegraph	147-1/2
Amerex Holding Co	24
Anaconda Copper Mining	33-7/8
Chase National Bank	34-7/8
Sinclair Oil	22-1/8
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co.	49-1/2
General Electric Co.	38-7/8
General Motors	59-1/4
Ingersol Rand	64
International Nickel	30-1/4
National City Bank of New York	39-3/4
New York Central Rail Road Co.	12-1/2
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16-5/8
Texas Corporation	62-3/4
Union Carbide	39-3/4
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co. bid	42-1/2
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	72-1/8
Western Union Telegraph	15-7/8

CHICAGO GRAINS.
CHICAGO, Jan 25.

May 2.21-1/4.
July 2.06-1/2.
September 2.07-1/4.
December 2.09-1/2.

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, Jan. 25.

T T. London on :—
New York Selling 4.0275, Buying 4.0325; Montreal Selling 4.0275, Buying 4.0325; Zurich Selling 17.34, Buying 17.36; Stockholm 14.47 to 14.50.

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, January 26.

S. S. AMRA

From Gothenburg: 4,892 baes paper, 172 bags steel hinges, 703 crates hard boards, 201 cases sheet glass, 268 bales newsprint, 418 cases nails, 1,201 cases birch weed bobbin blocks, 40 cases hinges, 50 cases sterilized milk.

From Oslo: 205 bales pure craft paper, 1,984 bales paper, 44 bales white wood-free manifold paper, 182 bales coloured printing paper 48 bales manifold tissue paper, 46 bales wood-free embossed paper, 35 bales wood-free coloured laid bank paper, 8½ bales wood-free azure laid ledger paper, 91 bales coloured ungiazed printing paper, 53 bales bleached acid-free papers, 385 packages kraft paper, 358 reels finish quality, 101 bales art printing paper, 102 bales mechanical printing paper, 1,048 reels white newsprint of standard finish quality, 219 bales bleached lined folding box boards, 144 packages crepe paper, 500 drums carbide.

S. S HEIMVARD

From Rotterdam: 135 bales paper, 50 packages enzymol, 160 johns formic acid, 473 bales wood-free printing paper, 54 bales bond paper, 106 bales paper, 52 bales wood-free bond paper, 60 bales wood-free hand sized writing paper, 65 cases incandescent lamps.

From Antwerp: 66 cases wire tacks, 85 cases rivets, 319 coils bright galvanized iron wire soft quality.

From Lisbon: 265 bags corks, 98 crates cork sheets, 160 ctns cork boards.

From Marseilles: 51 bales white paper, 100 packets hand tools, 1,000 bags bicarbonate of soda.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT:

S. S. ALAVI

To Port Sudan: 123 cases aluminium ware—Jeewanlal (1929) Ltd. 10 cases glass bangles—T. Nemuch & Co.

To Jeddah: 10 bags saltpetre—G. Rasul & Co. 13 cases steel trunks—International Cash Bazar.

S. S. CIRCASSIA

To Liverpool: 29 cases glass globes Dipchand & Co.

S. S. KARANJIA

To Beira: 7 cases aluminium ware—Jeewanlal (1929) Ltd.

To Mombasa: 10 cases glass bangles—G. Shantilal & Co. 14 cases brass ware—Dipchand & Co. 10 cases brass locks Ramchandra & Co. 27 rolls coir matting—United Traders Ltd. 85 bags cumin seeds—J. Himatlal & Co.

BY AIR

To Karachi 79 parcels art silk piecegoods—Miscellaneous Shippers.

S. S. BAMORA

To Karachi: 14 drums aniline dyes The French Dyes & Chemicals (India) Ltd.

S. S. JALA AZAD

To Manchester: 48 cases cotton waste—M. Chandulal & Co.

To Liverpool: 200 bales yellow pickings—M. Motilal.

S. S. FLYING ARROW

To Norfolk: 50 bales cotton waste—M. Chandulal & Co.

S. S. EXPLORER

To New York: 247 bales cotton waste—Patel & Co.

To Karachi: 207 bundles aluminium ware—Bhimji & Co., Ltd,

SS NETRAVATI

To Karachi—650 cases glass wares—Miscellaneous Shippers, 15 cases lamps parts—M.A. Patel and Co. 183 jottas papermint—G. M. Oomar.

SS HOEGH MERCHANT

To Penang—45 bags cumminseeds-T. Bhikhabhai and Sons, 10 bdls. perfumery—M.A. Mpllic.

To Colombo—29 bales harmless medicines—B. K. Patel.

To Los Angeles—40 bales cotton waste—Sapt Textile.

To Vancover—25 bales yellow pickings—Dalmia and Co. Ltd.

To Scatle—25--bales yellow pickngs-Dalmia and Co. Ltd.

SS VIRGINIA MARY

To Karachi—80 cases art silk piece goods—H.K. Noormohamed

SS GAMARIA

To London—7 bags gum karaya—Biddle Sawyer and Co. Ltd.

SS ARONDA

To Daresalam—20 bales cotton waste—Sapt Textile.

SS HEIMWARD

To Genot—70 bales cotton waste—V.A. Sase and Co.

SS BAMORA

To Karachi—30 cases art silk piece goods—A.S.A.M. Vakil 364 drums insecticide—I.C.I. India Ld.

To Bahrin—13 pkgs. wooden furniture—Sundardas Saw Mills.

SS IRENES EMBIRICOS

To Karachi—59 bdls. aluminiumware—Jeewanlal (1929) Ld.

SS TAURINIA

To Trieste—105 bales cotton waste—E. T. Robertsons.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

BOMBAY, Jan. 26.

ARRIVALS

SS JALARATNA (Scindia) from Calcutta on Jan. 25 with coal and oil 4983 tons. Agents Scindia.

SS JAYBRAHMA (New Dholera) from Okha on Jan. 25 with cement 5000 tons. Agents New Dholera.

MERCHANT PRINCE (Drake Shipping) from Montreal on Jan. 26 with general cargo 6100 tons. Agents Forber Forbes Campbell.

KARANJA (BISN) from Durban on Jan. 26 with general cargo 2147 tons. Agents M.M.

SS FLYING ARROW (Isbrandtsen) from New York on JJan. 26 with general cargo 5222 tons. Agents Shaw Wallace.

DEPARTURES

SS FORT-SENNEVILLE (Bharat) for Porbunder on Jan. 25 with 100 tons cargo.

NORD POL (Norden) for Calcutta on Jan. 25 with cement and general cargo 5203 tons.

TIELBANK (Bank Line) for Australia on Jan. 26.

SS SAN GEORGIO (Galanos) for Calcutta on Jan. 26 with general cargo 1401 tons.

Decrease Of Rs. 344 Lakhs In Notes In Circulation

The following is an account of the Reserve Bank of India, for the week ended the 21st day of January:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	16,56,48,000
Notes in circulation	12,01,58,86,000
Total Notes issued	12,18,17,34,000
Total Liabilities	12,18,17,34,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	41,35,46,000
(b) Held outside India	....
Foreign Securities	7,68,85,70,000
Rupee Coin	44,71,13,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	3,63,25,05,000
Total Assets	12,18,17,34,000

Ratio of Total A to Liabilities: 66.510 per cent.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government—	
(I) Central Government	209.03,59,000
(2) Other Governments	12,88,00,000
(b) Banks	62,80,26,000
(c) Others	66,00,71,000
Bills Payable	4,03,19,000
Other Liabilities	10,26,78,000
Rupees	375,02,53,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes	16,58,48,000
Rupee Coin	9,34,000
Subsidiary Coin	1,75,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	48,83,000
(b) External	....
(c) Government Treasury Bills	10,73,50,000
Balances held abroad	242,11,98,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	5,48,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	4,83,91,000
Investments	91,45,10,000
Other Assets	3,21,64,000
Rupees	375,02,53,000

Concession To Refugee Pensioners

The Government of Bombay has decided to remit the duty chargeable under the Indian Stamp Act, 1899, in the Province, including the States integrated with the Province, in respect of the indemnity bonds executed in connection with the receipt of pensions by the persons who have migrated from Pakistan.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Jan. 26.

S. O. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.

S. O. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Mos.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 upto 6 Months

MOVEMENT GUARANTEE FOR RAIL PRIORITY ORDERS

New Procedure Announced

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26.

Every rail priority order will henceforth be implemented and every consignment covered by such an order assured of movement. This will be the effect of the new rail priority procedure, just announced by the Ministry of Transport, Government of India. There has been considerable criticism of late that priority orders have in some cases tended to become mere paper orders, as the requisite wagon facilities were not provided for one reason or other. The new scheme is designed to eliminate this frustration and to ensure fulfilment of priority instruction backed by an efficient follow-up machinery.

IMPROVED TRANSPORT

There has been, during the last few months, a marked improvement in rail transport conditions particularly in South India, where bookings are being accepted in all the three priority classes. Elsewhere the position, though showing improvement, has been somewhat difficult. A recent check-up has revealed that in quite a few cases priority orders issued by the Regional Controllers of Railway Priorities have not been implemented either due to the failure of the consignor to produce the goods or due to wagon shortage. Further, the revalidation of priority certificates carried no guarantee that movement would actually take place or that the priority given was sufficiently high to ensure movement.

This non-fulfilment of priority orders, which has resulted in considerable hardship to consignors, has been due largely to the lack of an adequate follow-up organisation to keep track of such orders for purposes of fulfilment in good time.

REVISED SCHEME

Under the new procedure, each Regional Controller of Railway Priorities will, besides maintaining a running list of priority orders in the form of a register, scrutinise the list every day with particular reference to (a) items for which the period of validity, namely, 21 days, has expired and advice of movement fulfilment has not been received from stations and (b) items in respect of which specific complaints have been received. In respect of cases requiring spot inspection, he will arrange for the necessary investigations by the inspectoral staff. If, on a scrutiny of the investigation reports, the Regional Controller of Railway Priorities is satisfied that the non-movement of goods is for reasons beyond the control of the consignor, he is empowered, under the new procedure, automatically to revalidate the priority certificate for a further period of three weeks, taking care to see that movement is ensured in a workable class of priority.

The Regional Controller of Railway Priorities has also been given powers, where necessary, to go further and direct that revalidated priority certificates should have precedence over other pending certificates in the same class received after the original date of the revalidated certificates. The object is to ensure that by one or the other of the methods referred to above, the movement actualy takes place.

Railways have been asked to register consignments covered by priority orders for stations for which operational restrictions are in force.

CO-OPERATIVE FARMING TO CULTIVATE WASTE LANDS

Scheme For Three Kolaba Villages

The Government of Bombay has sanctioned a scheme for bringing under cultivation the Government waste lands in the villages of Gove, Bahe and Killa in Roha taluka of Kolaba district. The scheme will work on a joint farming system, for which there is ample scope in these villages.

Under the scheme, the Kolaba Tail Water Utilization Committee, which formulated it, will organise one or more co-operative tenant farming societies. Only those persons who have no lands and who belong to either of these three villages will be admitted to the membership of the proposed society or societies, as the case may be, preference being given to the members of the backward classes, that is, Mahars and Katkaris. Knowledge and experience of farming in the area will be considered a necessary qualification for membership of the society.

The lands to be given out for cultivation will be cleared of tree growth, shrubs, etc., and ploughed, for the first time only at Government cost, by way of help to the society. The construction of bunds and the laying out of fields will be done by the society. The Government will, however, give the society, free of cost, technical assistance for surveying, mapping, alignment of bunds, etc. These operations are expected to cost the Government Rs. 2,500. Besides, the Government has sanctioned a sum of Rs. 69,950 for advancing loans to the society or societies for the purposes of the development of lands, the cost of pumping plants, the maintenance of pumping plants and the purchase of bullocks, implements, seed and manure.

Second Forecast Of Rice Crop Of East Punjab

SIMLA, (By Mail).

The total area under rice is now estimated at 376,300 acres (including 5,900 acres conventionally estimated) as against 366,400 acres estimated in the first forecast issued in November, 1948 and 368,400 acres estimated in the final forecast of last year. Of the total area 243,800 acres are irrigated and 132,500 acres unirrigated. The condition of the crop is 95 per cent of the normal.

Afghan Trade Mission To India

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26. (U.P.I.): It is learnt that an Afghan Trade Delegation will arrive in New Delni before the end of this month. The delegation will be led by the Deputy Minister of National Economy of the Afghan Government and will consist of five other members.

GROUNDNUT OIL AND SEEDS

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Jan. 25.

It is learnt form local commercial circle that India Government has sent a circular letters to various big firms and associations in the country to find out why the prices of groundnut oil and seeds are not coming down. Commercial circles are of opinion that the Government may take some restrictive measures to bring down the prices after receiving opinion of associations concerned it is also reported from Kapadwanj main ginning centre in Kaira District that the district magistrate has issued orders controlling prices of cotton seed as there was unprecedented rise in prices. Police pickets have been posted at all ginning factories at Kapadwanj Great stir prevails among the merchants by this sudden order regulating market. Kalol magistrate has find one merchant Rs. 800 and ten months R. II for alleged blackmarketing in rice and gram flour.

Calicut Market

(From Our Correspondent)
CALICUT, Jan. 26.

Coiryarn Beypore 135/145; Quilandy 145/155; Fibre Garbled 100; Ungarbled 90; Cocoanuts Raw 170/175; Dry 140/155; Cocoanutoil 565; Copra Office 380; Dilpasand 390; Madrasnottam 410; Pepper Vynaad 1125; Country 1100; Dry Ginger Chernad 470; Ernad 440; Coffee Robusta 145; Timber Pali 65/75; Junglewood 30/35; Vellapine 55/65; Benteak 40/50, Teak 75/170; Mango 3/3/4; Teak 10/18; Rosewood 10/70.

Hapur Market

(From Our Correspondent)
HAPUR, Jan. 26.

Wheat 29/- 26/-; Gram 14/8; Barley 15/12; Bejhar 14/-; Maize 15/8; Bajra 16/-; Juwar 14/10; Guwar 11/8; Matar 12/12; Arhar 13/4; Urd 18/8; Moong 20/12; Masoor 15; Grains Steady. Pulses quiet.

Arhar Jeth 11/2; Matar Jeth 10/2/6 Gur New 10/10; Superior 10/13; Shakkar 12/-; Crystal 32/ Khandsari 20/- 25; Fagan future 9/11/3; Baishak 11/1/9; Steady Sarson 24; Tiraseed 21/- 19/-, Oil 65/-; Oilsake 7/12; Cottonseed 14/12; Groundnut 17/8; Oats 10/8; Sarsoon Jeth 20/9.

Bardana Chet 102/-, April 114/-. Silver Forward 176/- Gold 114/12. Quietly steady.

Ahmedabad Share Bazar

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Jan. 26.

Market opened round about last closing and declined on heavy selling of about one thousand calico by one Bombay professional operator but offerings were well absorbed and market closed quietly steady.

Calico opened 1224, lowest 1216; closed 1220.

Ambika opened 384; dwest 383; closed 384.

Ambika opened 384; lowest 383; closed 1461.

Defered opend 1640; lowest 1637; highest 1642, closed 1640.

Closing quotations:— Arvind 1461; Ambika 384; Calico 1220 Atul 42/8/0; Defered 1640, Mahalaxmi 585; Ashok 540; Rajnagar 300; Shorrok 575; Raipur 1526.

AHMEDABAD CLOTH MERCHANT FINED

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Jan. 26.

The City Magistrate sentenced one cloth merchant to two months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 1,000 for alleged breach of cloth control order.

The Magistrate also fined one vegetable ghee merchant Rs. 1,000 for not displaying price board in his shop.

EXPORTS TO BURMA

There is a rigid system of import licensing in force in Burma of almost every article of importance which enters into the import trade of that country. According to the regulations in force in Burma, import licences must be obtained before the goods are shipped from the country of export. Exporters should, therefore, make sure in their own interest that before they ship the goods to Burma, corresponding import licences have been obtained by their respective importers.

The goods should also be consigned and ship documents prepared only in the name or names of those to whom import licences have been granted; otherwise exporters run the risk of either the goods being confiscated for violation of Import Control Regulations in Burma, or the goods oeing abandoned by the importers themselves, in view of the heavy penalties that are liable to be imposed for any deviation from the rules in force regarding import of goods.

Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH
NEW YORK, Jan. 26.

Previous closing	32.73
Today's opening	32.73
Difference	Nil
Today's closing	32.69
Difference	—.04

NEW YORK STOCKS
NEW YORK, Jan. 26.

Opening prices:
Ananconda Copper Mining 34-1/4.
General Motors 59-7/8.
United States Steel Common and Preference both unquoted.

LAST QUOTATIONS
BOMBAY, Jan. 26

Silver Bullion ready	Rs.	183 0
Gold ready	Rs.	117 4
Sovereign	Rs.	74 12
EXPECTATION:		
Cotton Jarila May	Rs.	617 4

Five Killed In Mica Mine

PATNA, Jan. 26. (U.P.I.): Five labourers while working underground in a mica mine at Jhumri Talaiya (Hazaribagh), lost their lives as a result of blasting of explosives, according to a report received here. Four of the victims died on the spot before any medical aid could reach them and the fifth succumbed on way to hospital.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Quietly Irregular Trend

LONDON, Jan. 26 (Reuter): Most sections on the London Stock Exchange were without decided tendency today. Prices remained steady in quiet trading.

One item of interest was provided by sharp fluctuations in Scottish motor transport shares. Initially, these were heavily marked down following the announcement of takeover terms by the Transport Commission. The price fell from 114 Shillings to 95 Shillings but recovered to 105 Shillings.

There was a tirring of interest in oils when the quarterly report of the Ultramar Company encouraged some buying in this issue. The report revealed new wells in production. Other oils tended lower as the day progressed and finished with a preponderance of small losses.

British Government Securities were irregular. Institutional support helped short-dated loans but others were occasionally one-sixteenth off.

Foreign bounds were featureless and foreign rails slightly easier where changed.

Kaffirs were quietly firm. Dividend payers made one or two gains but developers were wanted in the closing stages.

PRODUCTION MUST INCREASE

Munshi's Address To Andhra Bank Of Masulipatam

MASULIPATAM (By Mail): In his presidential address at the Silver Jubilee function of the Andhra Bank of Musulipatam held on Jan. 24, Mr. K. M. Munshi, after paying a tribute to Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya as one of the makers of modern Andhra said:

"Banking—as a matter of fact the whole economic structure of the country—will largely depend upon the success which attends the efforts of the Central Government to tide over etahe present economic crisis. During and after the War period, the national income in terms of monev has expanded on account of inflation The real national dividend, that is, the net output of goods and services however, has not much improved. In fact, since 1918 the real per capita income has remained stationary. The agricultural production too has remained stationary, while the output of steel, cloth and other goods has declined since the end of the war. Our principal economic problem therefore is how to attain a higher standard of living in terms of real goods and services

Of all sectors of production, food is the most strategic. The Food deficit has become worse. A vital decision has therefore to be taken; we must become completely self-sufficient in food in another 3 or 4 years. The expected loan from the World Bank for Reconstruction for purposes of land reclamation and mechanization of agriculture may materially help us in this direction. But what we want is imagination and vigour to pursue ae policy of prompt execution. One stark fact faces us. If we meet the food crisis we win; if not, the crisis will turn into a disaster. This is a problem of of problems.

CONTROL OF INFLATION

Inflation itself aggravates the production crisis and impinges upon different social groups unequally. The control of inflation therefore becomes the immediate and urgent problem. As a result of the discrepancy between excessive demand and shortage of supplies, prices have continually risen and the spiralling cost of living has led to economic unrest. Organised functional groups like labour exert pressure for higher monetary rewards. Price inflation and flow of money become inter-related, accentuating the crisis. The Government of India have set themselves the task of stabilising prices with a view to gradually bring down prices and cost of living While production, prices and the cost of living have shown no noticeable improvement since Government inaugurated their new economic policy.

It is further unfortunate that the country does not realise that anti-inflationary programme to be effective must depend very largely on psychological factors, like confidence and discipline. In this context, the need for harmony between employers and labour cannot be overstressed. While labour must have fair wages and adequate incentives and production, labour must also realise its obligations to the community. In fact, if the real standard of living of workers is to improve greater production is the real and only way.

Saurashtra Market Quotations

(From Our Correspondent)
RAJKOT, Jan. 26.

Rajkot Silver Maha 182/12/0; Rajkot Sugar Maha 92/0/0; Rajkot Aranda January 133/7/0; Dhoraji Silver Maha 182/12/0; Dhoraji Aranda January 132/11/0; Wadhwan Cotton Jeth 28/6/2; Wadhwan Sugar Posh 16/7/0.

At precisely 4220 in pre-dawn darkness, red men shook hands while gaudily dressed astrologers looked on ... and amidst the full throated rejoicings and the myriad of lights, the Republic of Burma joined the free nations of the earth.
Perhaps you were there.
Tucked away between the muddy tributaries of the Congo river in Africa, live the Bakuta tribe with their quaint and colourful life. A wedding in the princely group is accompanied by a frenzied dance and followed by an exchange of cattle. And if the bridegroom sneezes, all people present must burst into spontaneous applause. Not that this happens everyday — but there it is.
May be, you haven't seen these colourful scenes.
Everyday —
something equally grave, colourful and amazing happens somewhere in this world. But whatever happens, you can get to know about it immediately through the medium of a Philips new AERO Radioplayer.
IT'S A SMALL WORLD . . .
IF YOU CAN GET IT
BX565A/U Philips shortwave hunter. Bandspread 6 valve set with 10 valve performance in AC/DC execution. Electronic tuning indicator and 9" speaker. Price Rs. 700/-
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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

INDIA NEEDS A NEW SOCIAL CONSCIENCE

Mrs. Urmila Mehta Outlines Duties Of Women In Free Country

PRESIDENTIAL ADDRESS AT THE TWENTY-FIRST SESSION OF A.I.W.C.

GWALIOR, Jan. 26 (UPI): "We must think in terms of the millions and millions of these ignorant dumb women who live not in cities but in far off corners of India, who dress not as we dress and talk not the language we talk. We must speedily raise their educational and cultural level not necessarily by destroying the harmony of their present life but by gradually modernising it with a view to fitting it into the changing environment. Yet in our enthusiasm to uphold and jealously guard the rights of women, let us not lose sight of the fact that rights bring in their wake duties and obligations. And our duty and obligation to Society and to the nation at large is to raise the down-trodden women of India and to make them feel that they, too, have a part to play in national life."

Thus observed Mrs. Urmila Mehata in the course of her presidential address to the 21st Session of the All-India Women's Conference held at Gwalior today.

At the outset of her speech, Mrs. Mehta referred to the tragedy that followed in the wake of partition and to the glorious work which women had done in succouring the victims of this tragedy. She also touched upon the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi and said that it was impossible even now to imagine India without Gandhiji even as it was impossible to think of the body without the soul. "He was the man who awakened us to our patriotic duties and inspired us to struggle against the tyranny of out-dated social customs and barriers. He also encouraged defiance of such customs wherever there was scope for it".

The poverty and squalor that permeate our country, Mrs. Mehta continued, are now our headache. There is so much to be done in every sphere of national life, yet so little is actually being done.

What our country needs today, she insisted, is a new social conscience. And in awakening this, the women of India can play no insignificant part.

They should undertake, she said, the organisation of centres for training future mothers in the right way of bringing up their children so that they may become the pride of the India of tomorrow.

EDUCATE MASSES

Free India's constitution has decided on adult franchise. Yet, she pointed out, adult franchise will have no meaning and purpose in a country where an overwhelmingly large proportion of the population is illiterate. It should, therefore be the duty of the Women's Conference to take a hand in educating the masses by organising a network of literacy classes for women all over the country.

On the issue of linguistic provinces, she said that enough harm had been done by fanatical communalism, which must be eradicated from our minds and from our social life, rather than encouraged in a new form by the advocates of linguistic provinces.

Referring to labour unrest and the rising spiral of prices, Mrs. Mehta hoped that both the leaders of labour and of industry would come together in this hour of national crisis. She admitted that labour in India had suffered very much at the hands of big business. She conceded, also, that anti-social activities like black marketing and profiteering had become far too common with the moneyed classes. The exploitation of man by man must cease and determined efforts must be made to resist the concentration of wealth in the hands of a few. Our political freedom would not amount too much, she said, unless it is accompanied by economic and social freedom for the masses. She, however, cautioned that we must be on our guard against the use of violence and destructive methods, which might quicken the process of change, but which would, also in all likelihood, usher in a totalitarian regime.

ANTIQUATED

Mrs. Mehta then adverted to the problem of population and said that it was largely the result of our antiquated social customs and our outlook on marriage, which encouraged the belief that large families were an indication of the blessing of God. She suggested, therefore, that an intensive propaganda must be made to bring home to the people that a limited family was not only an advantage from the economic and hygienic points of view, but also from the standpoint of the strength of the nation. She also advocated the necessity of social organisations which should take upon themselves the task of scientific research into the problems of public health with a view to educating and training people in the principles of sanitation, health and hygiene.

Mrs. Mehta then referred to the middle classes who were the backbone of the country's social and intellectual life, but who had been very hard hit by the rising spiral of prices. She, therefore, hoped that both the Government and the employers would realise the necessity of treating them in a fairer and a more just manner.

In conclusion, Mr. Mehta touched on many social and religious evils, such as prostitution, clandestine immorality and the prohibition of widow remarriage, and said that social education and improvement in the general standard and values of life must go hand in hand with the enforcement of law against these evils.

GWALIOR MAHARANI'S WELCOME ADDRESS

GWALIOR, Jan. 26 (A.P.I.): Her Highness the Maharani Scindia of Gwalior, Chairman of the Reception Committee for the 21st session of the All India Women's Conference which met here today welcoming the President and delegates said that Indian women were not only ready but also were keen in participating in the nation building activities of the country. Whether in peace or in war the women of India were ready to do their duties, she said.

The Maharani also urged the need for the rehabilitation of "those sisters of Kashmir and Punjab who with courage and fortitude withstood untold barbarities.

Paying a homage to the Father of the nation, Mahatma Gandhi, the Maharani said: "almost a year ago we lost this great personality but his teachings are like divine light still guiding our path. Mahatmaji awakened women's sense of duty to such an extent that it shall ever remain grateful to the departed soul."

Tracing the history of the newly formed Madhyabharat Women's Organisation, the Maharani said that Gwalior had not lagged behind so far as the awakening of women was concerned. Long before the women's conference could come into existence good work had been done in the cause of women's education by the Gwalior Mahila Mandal.

The Maharani also stressed the need for constructive work under country-wide organisation. She also paid tributes to the work done by Shrimathi Vijayalaxmi Pandit, Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhya, Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and Hansa Mehta in the cause of women in India and in the international field.

INAUGURAL SPEECH OF GWALIOR RULER

His Highness the Maharaja of Gwalior, Rajpramukh of the Madhyabharat Government inaugurating the 21st session of the All India Women's Conference here said that the All India Women's Conference has come to occupy a high place among the various organisation of the country during the last 21 years. India he said, had the privilege of being ahead of most of the western countries in as much as women in this country had never had to fight for their rights. In the new constitution of India now on the anvil, women had been given a place of complete equality with men. In the new set-up the women of India would have to shoulder greater responsibilities than before. They had fought alongside with men for the country's freedom. But they have to be vigilant for retaining the country's hard won freedom, he added.

MRS. URMILA MEHTA

BUILD SOLID ANTI-IMPERIALIST FRONT IN SOUTH-EAST ASIA

Sarat Chandra Bose Calls For Common Foreign Policy

CALCUTTA, Jan. 26 (A.P.I.): Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose today emphasised the need for South Asia countries setting up an international organisation for South Asia on a regional basis and building up a bastion of common defence against the inroads of western imperialism and the threat of a third world war.

In a statement issued today, Mr. Bose said: "The idea of maintaining strict neutrality would become chimerical unless it is backed up by common defence and concerted action. A policy of neutrality has to be backed up by requisite action. The foreign policies of India, Pakistan, Nepal, Burma and Ceylon are bound to affect the positions of one another. If we are to maintain our neutrality we have to endeavour to bring all these countries on a common platform as far as foreign policy is concerned and to set up an international organisation in South Asia on a regional basis, which may be described as the United Nations of South Asia with India, Pakistan, Nepal, Burma and Ceylon as its constituent members. It should be our endeavour to encourage foreign trade and commerce among the members of the U. N. S. A. so that U. N. S. A. may increasingly become an economically self-sufficient unit. If the U. N. S. A. could be achieved, there would be a common platform for economic co-operation, military alliances and common defence in the East and it would be possible to give effect to a doctrine some what similar to the Monroe Doctrine for the Indian ocean."

Mr. Bose continued: "World reactions to Pandit Nehru's Asian conference are not very favourable. The New York 'Herald Tribune', commenting on it, says that the ferment in Asia has a good deal of rampant nationalism of a kind which is intolerant and often irrational. This and similar reactions ought to be an eye-opener to those who merely dream of Asian unity but do not take steps to create and maintain it and who were responsible for converting the Asian conference into a debating society. Indonesia should be an object lesson to our leaders, and inspire them to action. The convenor and some of the delegates to the Asian conference, unfortunately suffer from an incurable callousness in respect of collaboration in defence and got together to discuss and disperse, without attending to the need of building up bastion of defence against the inroads of western imperialism and the threat of a third world war."

Mr. Bose congratulated the leader of the Ceylon delegation, to the conference, Mr. S. W. R. D. Bandaranaike, on his observations on the question of common defence of South-East Asia countries and hoped that Pandit Nehru, as the President of the Asian conference would take steps to implement what Mr. Bandaranaike had said.

SHIP-BUILDING YARD AT VIZAG

Government Of India To Take Over

BOMBAY, Jan. 26 (API): The Government of India have agreed in principle to the opening of negotiations to take over the ship-building yard at Vizagapatam at a valuation to be assessed by experts on the basis of the profit earning capacity of the yard, it was learnt here today.

In accordance with Government's industrial policy, ship-building is one of the six industries listed, the establishment of which is to be the exclusive responsibility of the State.

It is understood the Scindia Steam Navigation Company recently approached the Government of India with an offer to hand over its ship-building yard at Vizagapatam to the State. The company is said to have spent so far five crores of rupees for the establishment of the yard, and was prepared to make it over to the Government in return for payment of the money so far expended by it.

It is believed either the Government nor the company is firmly committed at this stage, but both have agreed to explore the terms on which an agreement may eventually be reached.

LONDON, Jan. 25 (Reuter)—Television and radio reception in Britain will suffer less interference as the result of a bill passed by the House of Commons tonight. It makes the fixing of suppressor compulsory on any electrical appratus causing interference.

MANILAL GANDHI ON DURBAN INQUIRY

Plea For Impartial Non-Official Commission

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26. (A.P.I.): Mr. Manilal Gandhi in a statement on the appointment of the South African Commission to enquire into the recent Durban riots suggests that there should be an impartial non-official commission, composed of representatives of Indians, Africans and sympathetic Europeans.

He adds: "The moral and material sympathy shown by the Government of India to the sufferers in the recent riots in South Africa between Indians and Africans will, I have no doubt, be appreciated with a profound sense of gratitude by all sections concerned in that country. The South African Government have appointed a judicial commission to inquire into the causes of the trouble. Dr. Malan, has, however, unhappily, already prejudiced the case of Indians by injudiciously quoting figures of killed and injured and showing that number of killed and injured among the Africans had exceeded that of the Indians. The figures given by him were 137 killed including 83 Africans, 53 Indians and one European and 1,883 injured including 1,085 Africans, 768 Indians and 30 Europeans. These figures do not compare favourably with the very alarming reports that came from South Africa of wholesale murder and arson alleged to have been committed by Africans.

"In view of our past experience of official commissions it would not be in the interests of the general public, nor of the particular sections concerned, to be satisfied with the Commission appointed by the South African Government. There should, in my opinion, be an impartial non-official commission composed of representatives of Indians and Africans and sympathetic Europeans."

Saurashtra Consembly Adjourns

RAJKOT, Jan. 26 (API): The Saurashtra Constituent Assembly today adjourned SINE DIE after appointing a Steering Committee and a Drafting Committee.

The Drafting Committee has been asked to consider the model constitution that is being made ready by the States Ministry of the Government of India as well as the Covenant that has been signed by rulers, while framing the Saurashtra constitution.

Mr. Jethalal Joshi, a Congress candidate, was elected Vice-President of the Assembly.

SHANKERRAO DEO PLEADS FOR LINGUISTIC PROVINCES

No Real Peoples' Raj If Principle Is Not Accepted In Constitution, He Says

POONA, Jan. 25, (A.P.I.): Mr. Shankerrao Deo, General Secretary of the Congress expressed his conviction in an interview tonight, that unless the principle of lingustic provinces was accepted in the constitution of free India there will be no real peoples' raj as they would not get fair opportunity for self-Government which must be the ultimate aim of every human activity.

Mr. Deo made the remark when his attention was drawn to conflicting demands made on the subject of linguistic provinces. In a recent statement Mr. K. M. Munshi had expressed his wish that Mahagujerat including Barods and Saurashtra should be incorporated in the present Bombay province. At the same time the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Executive had demanded a separate province of Maharashtra inclusive of Bombay city.

Mr. Deo said, "the demand of Sanyukta Maharashtra is an old demand and is based on the fundamental principle of carving territorial units based on language, culture and affinities in regard to social life This principle has been long accepted by the Congress and it has worked on it for the last 30 years. It was Mahatma Gandhi who first introduced it in the Congress. Inspite of its negation by the Dar Commission the Jaipur Congress has reaffirmed it."

BALANCE OF POWER

"Everyone will be glad that the process of consolidating India by bringing in all the states either through mergers or unions is being accelerated and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel deserves congratulations and gratitude of his countrymen for completing this process by trying to bring in states like Baroda, Bhopal, Kolhapur and unions like Saurashtra. But while doing this I am sure the dangers and pitfalls of the policy of the old rule in this behalf will be avoided. Every new territory added to the union is a gain and consolidates the country as a whole but when one thinks in terms of forming units of the federation one must take into consideration not only the time and method but also homegeniety, cohesion, natural affinity and possibilities of efficient administration.

Besides there is one more vital issue which must be carefully considered namely, too much or too sudden disturbance of balance of population must be avoided for in a democratic form of Government this must inevitably result in disturbing the balance of power. If Saurashtra, Baroda or any other Gujarati speaking territory is to be brought in, then it must also be remembered that there are a vast number of Marathi speaking people outside the present Bombay Province. Therefore, the question is not so simple as it seems or appears on the surface. This question of forming new provinces is before the Committee appointed by the Jaipur Congress as well as the Constituent Assembly and I am confident that both the bodies will give it serious, sympathetic and scientific considerations that it deserves.

By the by, as far as I remember, Mr. Munshi himself stood till very recently for a Mahagujerat as a separate province but it seems now he has changed his views. I can understand it because great stakes are involved."

PRESENT GOVERNMENTAL SET-UP MUST CONTINUE IN HYDERABAD

Munshi Hopes Sardar Will Soon Solve State Congress Tangle

MADRAS, Jan. 25 (API).—"In my view the situation in Hyderabad, particularly the Communist situation in Telangana districts, does require continuance of the present Governmental set-up," said Mr. K. M. Munshi, former Agent-General of the Government of India in Hyderabad in an interview to the Associated Press of India today on his arrival from Hyderabad.

"No other set-up that I can conceive of is likely to solve the difficulties there now", he added.

HOPEFUL OF EARLY UNDERSTANDING

Mr. Munshi who had discusions with the leaders of both groups in the Hyderabad State Congress was hopeful of an early understanding being reached between them through the intervention of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

He said: "The group led by Swami Ramananda Tirth has already left the matter in the hands of Sardar Patel. I also found the other group led by Mr. Desai willing to abide by the advice of Sardar Patel. So I have no doubt that an early solution will be found to the difficulty which is unfortunately having a most prejudicial effect on public life in Hyderabad.".

Regarding the proposed model constitution for the States, Mr. Munshi stated: "In my opinion the States should be placed on the same footing as the Provinces. So far as their relations with the centre is concerned, and also in the matter of internal constitutional machinery, exception may be made where special circumstances require it, and not otherwise. The Committee set up by the States Ministry has not yet finally settled the model draft constitution for the States, but before the month of may we must have the constitutions.

REDISTRIBUTION ON LINGUISTIC BASIS DISASTROUS

Referring to Linguistic Provinces, Mr. Munshi said: "In view of the external and internal difficulties of India any immediate redistribution of the South on a linguistic basis will lead to disastrous consequences. Whatever the merits of linguistic claims to separate units, the time and manner of such re-distribution must be considered in an atmosphere in which dispassionate enquiry can be made and the interest of the whole country not jeopardised. The controversy about the Linguistic Provinces, unfortunately, has been charged with such heat that often the paramount needs of the country are forgotten. We have the problems of the refugees, the Indo-Pakistan relations and of bringing the States Administrations to a proper level."

UPHOLDS DHAR COMMISSION

Continuing Mr. Munshi said: "Now that the question has been left by the All-India Congress to the Committee of the Big Three, all controversy should be kept under strict self-restraint, if not altogether hushed, as I am not in favour of immediate redistribution of Provinces. The question of cities cannot arise but the view of the Dhar Commission, that multi-lingual and economically self-sufficient city areas like Bombay and Madras which are of All-India importance should not be placed in a unilingual area, is perfectly sound. The fact that the Tamilians and Andhras both want Madras is a clear proof that the division of Madras Presidency itself requires a careful consideration. But if such a division were to be made, the meeting-ground of all South Indians which Madras city is, and International port which it has been for the last century and a half, is, in my opinion, a national asset and should be independently administered as the Dhar Commission has held."

SARDAR PATEL'S WARNING TO JODHPUR JAGIRDARS

Advises Them To Adjust To Changed Conditions

JODHPUR, Jan. 26 (UPI).—"We are undoubtedly independent, but we still have to create the real atmosphere of freedom. Unless we realise the full import and significance of freedom, we may not benefit by it. There is no place for inequalities in a free country. And we must realise our responsibilities towards the less privileged, and backward people," observed Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister of India, in the course of his reply to the address of welcome presented by the Jodhpur Municipality Board yesterday.

Continuing Sardar Patel referred to the opening of the Mahatma Gandhi Hospital by him in the City and said that naming the hospital after Mahatma Gandhi had put heavy responsibilities on the hospital authorities in working the institution in the service of the poor and helpless.

Referring to the problem of States, the Deputy Prime Minister observed that before India became free on August 15, 1947, India was divided into so many parts, the country having the greatest number of States in comparison with other countries of the world. And these States were retrained by the British to serve their selfish end of keeping India divided and weak. He further complimented the Rulers of Indian States for their wisdom and statesmanship in readily agreeing to unification of States into bigger units and merger of small States in the adjoining Union Provinces. The process of unification, he added, was still going on, which would ultimately create a united and homogeneous Indian State.

WARNING TO JAGIRDARS

Making a specific reference to the jagirdars, who virtually 80 per cent of the State, the Deputy Prime Minister gave a warning that if they did not adjust themselves to the new circumstances and moved with the times, difficult days were ahead of them. He said that they should be prepared to give up a portion of their possession in the larger interest of the country, and in the interest of the common man, "Those who would willingly concede those privileges for the greater interest of the country, would be remembered by generations, he said, "and those who stand in the way of India's progress will have no place in the present or the future."

Concluding Sardar Patel ridiculed the Praja Parishad's claim to make Jodhpur the capital of Greater Rajasthan Union, and their want of confidence in the present Ministry. Humorously he asked whether they had any confidence in themselves. The Sardar however, did not rule out the possibility of Jodhpur being selected the Union capital.

Before taking off for Delhi yesterday, Sardar Patel addressed the R.I.A.F. squadron at Jodhpur and exhorted them to uphold the honour of their uniform they put on and the flag they valued.

AUSTRALIAN HIGH COMMISSIONER'S BROADCAST

NEW DELHI, Jan. 26: The High Commissioner for Australia in India, Mr H. R. Gollan,, on the Australia Day broadcast a message. It says:

"I am very happy to have this opportunity, so soon after my appointment as High Commissioner for Australia in India, of speaking to listeners through A.I.R. The occasion is doubly gratifying because this day which we celebrate as Australia Day happens to coincide with the day chosen for commemorating India's ideal of independence.

This happy circumstance serves to underline the neighbourly relationship and the understanding and sympathy which is growing, year by year, between our two countries.

It is my duty to do all in my power to foster the good neighbourly relations between Australia and India. My predecessor enjoyed the good-will and the co-operation of people in India in all walks of life, and I know with certainly that the same goodwill be extended to me."

"To my Indian listeners I offer the compliments and congratulations Independence Day. To any of my fellow-countrymen who may be listening, I wish many happy returns of this Australia Day."

Diesel Engines To Replace Coal Locomotives

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Jan. 26: It is understood, Pakistan Railway Board have placed orders with Canada for the supply of Diesel Oil Railway Engines

With these engines in use, Pakistan's requirements of Coal will be shortened besides increasing the speed of the Mail Trains

RELIEF MEASURES FOR KUTCH

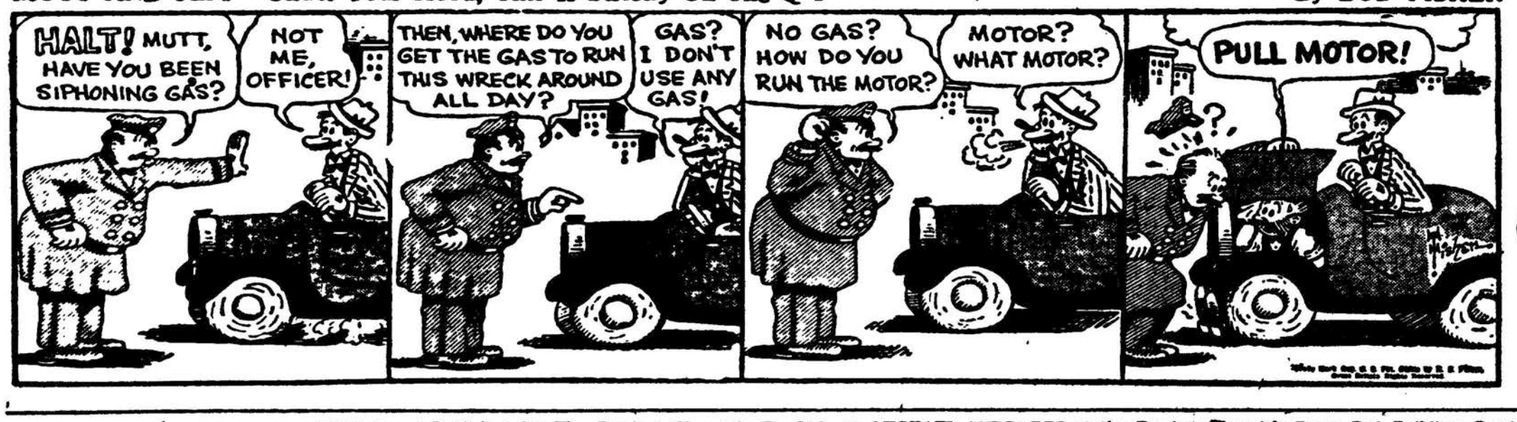
NEW DELHI, Jan. 26: Urgent relief measures for saving the valuable cattle wealth of Kutch where acute fodder scarcity prevails are proposed to be taken as a result of the visit of Sardar Datar Singh, Vice-Chairman, Indian Council of Agriculture Research and EX-OFFICIO Additional Secretary, Ministry of Agriculture, who was specially deputed by the Government of India for this purpose. Sardar Datar Singh had left for Kutch on Jan. 21, accompanied by Mr. A. B. Chatterjee, Joint Secretary, Ministry of States, and Sardar Harbans Singh, Deputy Cattle Utilisation Adviser to the Government of India and returned to New Delhi yesterday.

Already steps have been taken to move 10,000 tons of fodder from C. P. and Berar to the scarcity affected areas and negotiations are in progress to move a substantial quantity from Bhopal where surplus fodder is available.

LONG TERM RELIEF MEASURES

As a long range measure, a comprehensive development plan was also discussed by Sardar Datar Singh with local authorities which includes the setting up of Agricultural and Animal Husbandry Departments, the organisation of pinjrapoles into cattle-breeding and milk-producing centres, establishment of a Government cattle-breeding dairy farm at Bhuj and construction of sufficient number of storage tanks to provide irrigation.

MUTT AND JEFF—Under Your Hood, This Is Strictly On The Q T — By BUD FISHER


HALT! MUTT, HAVE YOU BEEN SIPHONING GAS?
NOT ME, OFFICER!
THEN, WHERE DO YOU GET THE GAS TO RUN THIS WRECK AROUND ALL DAY?
GAS? I DON'T USE ANY GAS!
NO GAS? HOW DO YOU RUN THE MOTOR?
MOTOR? WHAT MOTOR?
PULL MOTOR!

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